Read this manual carefully before operating this vehicle.

Il convient de lire attentivement ce manuel avant la première utilisation du véhicule.

Bitte lesen Sie diese Bedienungsanleitung sorgfältig durch, bevor Sie das Fahrzeug in Betrieb nehmen.

Lea atentamente este manual antes de utilizar el vehículo.
Read this manual carefully before operating this vehicle. This manual should stay with this vehicle if it is sold.

Il convient de lire attentivement ce manuel avant la première utilisation du véhicule. Le manuel doit être remis avec le véhicule en cas de vente de ce dernier.

Bitte lesen Sie diese Bedienungsanleitung sorgfältig durch, bevor Sie das Fahrzeug in Betrieb nehmen. Diese Bedienungsanleitung muss, wenn das Fahrzeug verkauft wird, beim Fahrzeug verbleiben.

Lea atentamente este manual antes de utilizar el vehículo. Este manual debe acompañar al vehículo si este se vende.
Read this manual carefully before operating this vehicle.
⚠️ Read this manual carefully before operating this vehicle. This manual should stay with this vehicle if it is sold.
FOREWORD

INTRODUCTION
Congratulations on your purchase of a Yamaha WR series. This model is the culmination of Yamaha’s vast experience in the production of pacesetting racing machines. It represents the highest grade of craftsmanship and reliability that have made Yamaha a leader.

This manual explains operation, inspection, basic maintenance and tuning of your machine. If you have any questions about this manual or your machine, please contact your Yamaha dealer.

For Canada
The design and manufacture of this Yamaha machine fully comply with the emissions standards for clean air applicable at the date of manufacture. Yamaha has met these standards without reducing the performance or economy of operation of the machine. To maintain these high standards, it is important that you and your Yamaha dealer pay close attention to the recommended maintenance schedules and operating instructions contained within this manual.

TIP
Yamaha continually seeks advancements in product design and quality. Therefore, while this manual contains the most current product information available at the time of printing, there may be minor discrepancies between your machine and this manual. If you have any questions concerning this manual, please consult your Yamaha dealer.

IMPORTANT MANUAL INFORMATION
Particularly important information is distinguished in this manual by the following notations.

⚠️ This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

⚠️ WARNING
A WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

NOTICE
A NOTICE indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the vehicle or other property.

TIP
A TIP provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

SAFETY INFORMATION
For Canada
This machine is designed for off-road use only. It is illegal for this machine to be operated on any public street, road, or highway. Off-road use on public lands may be illegal. Please check local regulations before riding.

Except for Canada
THIS MACHINE IS DESIGNED STRICTLY FOR COMPETITION USE, ONLY ON A CLOSED COURSE. It is illegal for this machine to be operated on any public street, road, or highway. Off-road use on public lands may also be illegal. Please check local regulations before riding.

For Canada
THIS MACHINE IS DESIGNED EXCLUSIVELY FOR COMPETITION USE, ONLY ON A CLOSED COURSE. It is illegal for this machine to be operated on any public street, road, or highway. Off-road use on public lands may also be illegal.

For Canada
WHEN OPERATING THIS MACHINE IN A REVISED AREA WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION.

NEVER START THE ENGINE OR LET IT RUN FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME IN AN ENCLOSED AREA. EXHAUST TUNES ARE POISONOUS. THESE TUNES CONTAIN CARBON MONOXIDE, WHICH BY ITSSELF IS ODORLESS AND COLORLESS. CARBON MONOXIDE IS A DANGEROUS GAS WHICH CAN CAUSE UNCONSCIOUSNESS OR BE LETHAL.

PARK THE MACHINE CAREFULLY, TURN OFF THE ENGINE. ALWAYS TURN OFF THE ENGINE BEFORE LEAVING THE MACHINE. DO NOT PARK THE MACHINE ON A SLOPE OR SOFT GROUND AS IT MAY FALL OVER.

THE ENGINE, EXHAUST PIPE, MUFFLER, AND OIL TANK WILL BE VERY HOT AFTER THE ENGINE HAS BEEN RUN. BE CAREFUL NOT TO TOUCH THEM OR ALLOW ANY CLOTHING TO CONTACT THEM DURING INSPECTION OR REPAIR.

**WARNING**
 PLEASE READ THIS MANUAL CAREFULLY AND COMPLETELY BEFORE OPERATING THIS MACHINE. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO OPERATE THIS MACHINE UNTIL YOU HAVE ATTAINED A SATISFACTORY KNOWLEDGE OF ITS CONTROLS AND OPERATING FEATURES AND UNTIL YOU HAVE BEEN TRAINED IN SAFE AND PROPER RIDING TECHNIQUES. REGULAR INSPECTIONS AND CAREFUL MAINTENANCE, ALONG WITH GOOD RIDING SKILLS, WILL ENSURE THAT YOU SAFETY ENJOY THE CAPABILITIES AND THE RELIABILITY OF THIS MACHINE.
• PROPERLY SECURE THE MA-
CHINE BEFORE TRANSPORTING
IT.
When transporting the machine in
another vehicle, always be sure it is
properly secured and in an upright
position and that the fuel cock is in
the “OFF” position. Otherwise, fuel
may leak out of the carburetor or
fuel tank.

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

FINDING THE REQUIRED PAGE
1. This manual consists of seven
chapters; “General Information”,
“Specifications”, “Regular inspec-
tion and adjustments”, “Tuning”,
“Engine”, “Chassis” and “Electri-
cal”.
2. The table of contents is at the be-
ginning of the manual. Look over
the general layout of the book be-
fore finding then required chapter
and item.
Bend the book at its edge, as
shown, to find the required fore
edge symbol mark and go to a
page for required item and de-
scription.

MANUAL FORMAT
All of the procedures in this manual
are organized in a sequential, step-
by-step format. The information has
been complied to provide the me-
chanic with an easy to read, handy
reference that contains comprehen-
sive explanations of all disassembly,
repair, assembly, and inspection op-
erations.
In this revised format, the condition
of a faulty component will precede an
arrow symbol and the course of ac-
tion required will follow the symbol,
e.g.,
• Bearings
  Pitting/damage → Replace.
HOW TO READ DESCRIPTIONS
To help identify parts and clarify procedure steps, there are exploded diagrams at the start of each removal and disassembly section.

1. An easy-to-see exploded diagram “1” is provided for removal and disassembly jobs.

2. Numbers “2” are given in the order of the jobs in the exploded diagram. A number that is enclosed by a circle indicates a disassembly step.

3. An explanation of jobs and notes is presented in an easy-to-read way by the use of symbol marks “3”. The meanings of the symbol marks are given on the next page.

4. A job instruction chart “4” accompanies the exploded diagram, providing the order of jobs, names of parts, notes in jobs, etc.

5. For jobs requiring more information, the step-by-step format supplements “5” are given in addition to the exploded diagram and job instruction chart.

ILLUSTRATED SYMBOLS (Refer to the illustration)
Illustrated symbols “1” to “7” are used to identify the specifications appearing in the text.
1. With engine mounted
2. Filling fluid
3. Lubricant
4. Special tool
5. Tightening
6. Specified value, Service limit
7. Resistance (Ω), Voltage (V), Electric current (A)

Illustrated symbols “8” to “13” in the exploded diagrams indicate grade of lubricant and location of lubrication point.
8. Apply engine oil
9. Apply molybdenum disulfide oil
10. Apply brake fluid
11. Apply lightweight lithium-soap base grease
12. Apply molybdenum disulfide grease
13. Apply silicone grease

Illustrated symbols “14” to “15” in the exploded diagrams indicate where to apply a locking agent and where to install new parts.
14. Apply locking agent (LOCTITE®)
15. Use new one
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Please read the following important labels carefully before operating this vehicle.

1. **Premium unleaded gasoline only.**

2. **Essence super sans plomb seulement.**

3. **This vehicle is a restricted use motorcycle and is not intended for use on public highways. Ce véhicule est une motocyclette à usage restreint dont l’usage n’est pas destiné aux voies publiques.**

4. **MFD. BY YAMAHA MOTOR CO., LTD. MM/YY MADE IN JAPAN**

5. **This spark ignition system meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference Causing Equipment Regulations. Ce système d’allumage par étincelle de véhicule respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.**

6. **WARNING**

   This unit contains high pressure nitrogen gas. Mishandling can cause explosion.
   - Read owner’s manual for instructions.
   - Do not incinerate, puncture or open.

7. **AVERTISSEMENT**

   Cette unité contient de l’azote à haute pression. Une mauvaise manipulation peut entraîner l’explosion.
   - Voir le manuel d’utilisateur pour les instructions.
   - Ne pas brûler ni perforer ni ouvrir.
LOCATION OF IMPORTANT LABELS

10

**WARNING**
- BEFORE YOU OPERATE THIS VEHICLE, READ THE OWNER'S MANUAL AND ALL LABELS.
- NEVER CARRY A PASSENGER. You increase your risk of losing control if you carry a passenger.
- NEVER OPERATE THIS VEHICLE ON PUBLIC ROADS. You can collide with another vehicle if you operate this vehicle on a public road.
- ALWAYS WEAR AN APPROVED MOTORCYCLE HELMET, eye protection, and protective clothing.
- EXPERIENCED RIDER ONLY.

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**AVERTISSEMENT**
- LIRE LE MANUEL DU PROPRIÉTAIRE AINSI QUE TOUTES LES ETIQUETTES AVANT D'UTILISER CE VÉHICULE.
- NE JAMAIS TRANSPORTER DE PASSAGER. La conduite avec passager augmente les risques de perte de contrôle.
- NE JAMAIS ROULER SUR DES CHEMINS PUBLICS. Vous pourriez entrer en collision avec un autre véhicule.
- TOUJOURS PORTER UN CASQUE DE MOTOCYCLISTE APPROUVÉ, des lunettes et des vêtements de protection.
- EXCLUSIVEMENT POUR L'USAGE D'UN CONDUCTEUR EXPERIMENTE.

12

**WARNING**
- Cold tire normal pressure should be set as follows:
  - FRONT: 100kPa (1.00kg/cm²), 15psi
  - REAR: 100kPa (1.00kg/cm²), 15psi

13

**TIRE INFORMATION**

14

**INFORMATION SUR LES PNEUS**
- La pression des pneus à froid doit normalement être réglée comme suit.
  - AVANT: 100kPa (1.00kg/cm²), 15psi
  - ARRIÈRE: 100kPa (1.00kg/cm²), 15psi

7

EUROPE

9

YAMAHA MOTOR CO., LTD.
SHIZUKA JAPAN

100kPa 100kPa
1.00 kgf/cm² 1.00 kgf/cm²
15 psi 15 psi
LOCATION OF IMPORTANT LABELS

AUS, NZ, ZA

9

14
TIRE INFORMATION
Cold tire normal pressure should be set as follows:
FRONT: 100kPa, (1.00kgf/cm²), 15psi
REAR: 100kPa, (1.00kgf/cm²), 15psi

10

⚠️ WARNING
- BEFORE YOU OPERATE THIS VEHICLE, READ THE OWNER’S MANUAL AND ALL LABELS.
- NEVER CARRY A PASSENGER. You increase your risk of losing control if you carry a passenger.
- NEVER OPERATE THIS VEHICLE ON PUBLIC ROADS. You can collide with another vehicle if you operate this vehicle on a public road.
- ALWAYS WEAR AN APPROVED MOTORCYCLE HELMET, eye protection, and protective clothing.
- EXPERIENCED RIDER ONLY.
Familiarize yourself with the following pictograms and read the explanatory text.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>![Information Icon]</th>
<th>Read Owner's service manual.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![Warning Icon]</td>
<td>This unit contains high-pressure nitrogen gas. Mishandling can cause explosion. Do not incinerate, puncture or open.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![Power Icon]</td>
<td>Turn off the main switch after riding to avoid draining the battery.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![Gas Station Icon]</td>
<td>Use unleaded gasoline only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![Tire Pressure Icon]</td>
<td>Measure tire pressure when tires are cold.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![Adjust Pressure Icon]</td>
<td>Adjust tire pressure. Improper tire pressure can cause loss of control. Loss of control can result in severe injury or death.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. Clutch lever
2. Hot starter lever
3. Engine stop switch
4. Multi-function display
5. Main switch
6. Start switch
7. Front brake lever
8. Throttle grip
9. Radiator cap
10. Fuel tank cap
11. Taillight
12. Kickstarter crank
13. Fuel tank
14. Headlight
15. Radiator
16. Coolant drain bolt
17. Rear brake pedal
18. Valve joint
19. Fuel cock
20. Cold starter knob
21. Air cleaner
22. Catch tank
23. Drive chain
24. Shift pedal
25. Oil dipstick
26. Front fork

**TIP**
- The machine you have purchased may differ slightly from those shown in the following.
- Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.
CONSUMER INFORMATION

There are two significant reasons for knowing the serial number of your machine:
1. When ordering parts, you can give the number to your Yamaha dealer for positive identification of the model you own.
2. If your machine is stolen, the authorities will need the number to search for and identify your machine.

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER
The vehicle identification number "1" is stamped on the right of the steering head pipe.

ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER
The engine serial number "1" is stamped into the elevated part of the right-side of the engine.

MODEL LABEL
The model label "1" is affixed to the frame under the rider's seat. This information will be needed to order spare parts.

VEHICLE EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION LABEL (For Canada)
The Vehicle Emission Control Information label "1" is affixed at the location in the illustration. This label shows specifications related to exhaust emissions as required by federal law, state law and Environment Canada.

INCLUDED PARTS

A. Left
B. Right

VALVE JOINT
This valve joint "1" prevents fuel from flowing out and is installed to the fuel tank breather hose.

SPARK PLUG WRENCH
This spark plug wrench "1" is used to remove and install the spark plug.

NIPPLE WRENCH
This nipple wrench "1" is used to tighten the spoke.

JET NEEDLE PULL-UP TOOL
(Except for Canada)
The jet needle pull-up tool "1" is used to pull the jet needle out of the carburetor.

DRIVE CHAIN SPROCKET GUIDE (For EUROPE)
Use the drive chain sprocket guide "1" when installing the included drive sprocket (13T).

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

PREPARATION FOR REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY
1. Remove all dirt, mud, dust, and foreign material before removal and disassembly.
   • When washing the machine with high pressured water, cover the parts follows.
     Silencer exhaust port
     Side cover air intake port
     Water pump housing hole at the bottom
     Drain hole on the cylinder head (right side)
     All electrical components

2. Use proper tools and cleaning equipment. Refer to “SPECIAL TOOLS” section.
3. When disassembling the machine, keep mated parts together. They include gears, cylinders, pistons, and other mated parts that have been "mated" through normal wear. Mated parts must be reused as an assembly or replaced.

4. During the machine disassembly, clean all parts and place them in trays in the order of disassembly. This will speed up assembly time and help assure that all parts are correctly reinstalled.

5. Keep away from fire.

ALL REPLACEMENT PARTS
1. We recommend to use Yamaha genuine parts for all replacements. Use oil and/or grease recommended by Yamaha for assembly and adjustment.

GASKETS, OIL SEALS AND O-RINGS
1. All gaskets, oil seals, and O-rings should be replaced when an engine is overhauled. All gasket surfaces, oil seal lips, and O-rings must be cleaned.
2. Properly oil all mating parts and bearings during reassembly. Apply grease to the oil seal lips.

LOCK WASHERS/PLATES AND COTTER PINS
1. All lock washers/plates "1" and cotter pins must be replaced when they are removed. Lock tab(s) should be bent along the bolt or nut flat(s) after the bolt or nut has been properly tightened.

BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS
1. Install the bearing(s) "1" and oil seal(s) "2" with their manufacturer's marks or numbers facing outward. (In other words, the stamped letters must be on the side exposed to view.) When installing oil seal(s), apply a light coating of lightweight lithium base grease to the seal lip(s). Oil the bearings liberally when installing.

NOTICE
Do not use compressed air to spin the bearings dry. This causes damage to the bearing surfaces.

3. Connect and disconnect the connector two or three times.
4. Pull the lead to check that it will not come off.
5. If the terminal comes off, bend up the pin "1" and reinsert the terminal into the connector.

CIRCLIPS
1. All circlips should be inspected carefully before reassembly. Always replace piston pin clips after one use. Replace distorted circlips. When installing a circlip "1", make sure that the sharp-edged corner "2" is positioned opposite to the thrust "3" it receives. See the sectional view.

CHECKING OF CONNECTION
Dealing with stains, rust, moisture, etc. on the connector.
1. Disconnect:
   • Connector
2. Dry each terminal with an air blower.

6. Connect:
   • Connector

TIP
The two connectors "click" together.
7. Check for continuity with a tester.

TIP
• If there is no continuity, clean the terminals.
• Be sure to perform the steps 1 to 7 listed above when checking the wire harness.
• For a field remedy, use a contact revitalizer available on the market.
• Use the tester on the connector as shown.
### SPECIAL TOOLS

The proper special tools are necessary for complete and accurate tune-up and assembly. Using the correct special tool will help prevent damage caused by the use of improper tools or improvised techniques. The shape and part number used for the special tool differ by country, so two types are provided. Refer to the list provided to avoid errors when placing an order.

**TIP**
- For U.S.A. and Canada, use part number starting with "YM-", "YU-" or "ACC-".
- For others, use part number starting with "90890-".

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tool name/Part number</th>
<th>How to use</th>
<th>Illustration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dial gauge and stand</td>
<td>These tools are used to check each part for runout or bent.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YU-3097, 90890-01252</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Dial gauge and stand" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stand YU-1256</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Dial gauge and stand" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crankshaft installing tool</td>
<td>These tools are used to install the crankshaft.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crankshaft installing pot</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Crankshaft installing tool" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YU-90050, 90890-01274</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Crankshaft installing tool" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crankshaft installing bolt</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image5" alt="Crankshaft installing tool" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YU-90050, 90890-01275</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Crankshaft installing tool" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spacer (crankshaft installer)</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image7" alt="Crankshaft installing tool" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YM-91044, 90890-04081</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image8" alt="Crankshaft installing tool" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adapter (M12)</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image9" alt="Crankshaft installing tool" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YU-90063, 90890-01278</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image10" alt="Crankshaft installing tool" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston pin puller set</td>
<td>This tool is used to remove the piston pin.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YU-1304, 90890-01304</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image11" alt="Piston pin puller set" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiator cap tester</td>
<td>These tools are used for checking the cooling system.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YU-24460-01, 90890-01325</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image12" alt="Radiator cap tester" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiator cap tester adapter</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image13" alt="Radiator cap tester" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YU-3984, 90890-01352</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image14" alt="Radiator cap tester" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering nut wrench</td>
<td>This tool is used when tighten the steering ring nut to specification.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YU-33975, 90890-01403</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image15" alt="Steering nut wrench" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tool name/Part number</td>
<td>How to use</td>
<td>Illustration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Damper rod holder YM-01494, 90890-01494</td>
<td>Use this tool to remove and install the damper rod.</td>
<td><img src="image1.png" alt="Image" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fork seal driver YM-A0948, 90890-01502</td>
<td>This tool is used when install the fork oil seal.</td>
<td><img src="image2.png" alt="Image" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spoke nipple wrench YM-01521, 90980-01521</td>
<td>This tool is used to tighten the spoke.</td>
<td><img src="image3.png" alt="Image" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheave holder YS-1880-A, 90890-01701</td>
<td>This tool is used for when loosening or tightening the flywheel magneto securing nut.</td>
<td><img src="image4.png" alt="Image" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pocket tester YU-3112-C, 90890-03112</td>
<td>Use this tool to inspect the coil resistance, output voltage and amperage.</td>
<td><img src="image5.png" alt="Image" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timing light YM-33277-A, 90890-03141</td>
<td>This tool is necessary for checking ignition timing.</td>
<td><img src="image6.png" alt="Image" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tool name/Part number</td>
<td>How to use</td>
<td>Illustration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve spring compressor</td>
<td>This tool is needed to remove and install the valve assemblies.</td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Illustration" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YM-4019, 90890-04019</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch holding tool YM-91042, 90890-04086</td>
<td>This tool is used to hold the clutch when removing or installing the clutch boss securing nut.</td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Illustration" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve guide remover</td>
<td>This tool is needed to remove and install the valve guide.</td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Illustration" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intake 4.5 mm (0.18 in)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust 5.0 mm (0.20 in)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YM-4116, 90890-04116</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YM-4097, 90890-04097</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve guide installer</td>
<td>This tool is needed to install the valve guide.</td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Illustration" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intake 4.5 mm (0.18 in)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust 5.0 mm (0.20 in)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YM-4117, 90890-04117</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YM-4098, 90890-04098</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve guide reamer</td>
<td>This tool is needed to rebore the new valve guide.</td>
<td><img src="image5" alt="Illustration" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intake 4.5 mm (0.18 in)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust 5.0 mm (0.20 in)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YM-4118, 90890-04118</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YM-4099, 90890-04099</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rotor puller YM-4142, 90890-04142</td>
<td>This tool is used to remove the fly-wheel magneto.</td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Illustration" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crankcase separating tool YU-A9642</td>
<td>These tools are used to remove the crankshaft from either case.</td>
<td><img src="image7" alt="Illustration" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90890-04152</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tool name/Part number</td>
<td>How to use</td>
<td>Illustration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dynamic spark tester YM-34487 Ignition checker 90890-06754</td>
<td>This instrument is necessary for checking the ignition system components.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set YB-35956-A, 90890-06756</td>
<td>This tool is used to check the air induction system.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital tachometer YU-39951-B, 90890-06760</td>
<td>This tool is needed for observing engine rpm.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YAMAHA Bond No. 1215 (Three-Bond® No. 1215) 90890-85505</td>
<td>This sealant (Bond) is used for crankcase mating surface, etc.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CONTROL FUNCTIONS

MAIN SWITCH
Functions of the respective switch positions are as follows:
ON:
The engine can be started only at this position.
OFF:
All electrical circuits are switched off.

Main switch indicator light
The main switch "1" is equipped with an indicator light "2" to avoid forgetting to turn it off. This light functions as follows.
• It lights up with the main switch "ON".
• It goes out when the engine increases its speed after being started.
• It lights up again when the engine is stopped.

TIP
If the indicator light will not light up with the main switch "ON", it shows a lack of the battery voltage. Recharge the battery.

ENGINE STOP SWITCH
The engine stop switch "1" is located on the left handlebar. Continue pushing the engine stop switch till the engine comes to a stop.

START SWITCH
The start switch "1" is located on the right handlebar. Push this switch to crank the engine with the starter.

CLUTCH LEVER
The clutch lever "1" is located on the left handlebar; it disengages or engages the clutch. Pull the clutch lever to the handlebar to disengage the clutch, and release the lever to engage the clutch. The lever should be pulled rapidly and released slowly for smooth starts.

SHIFT PEDAL
The gear ratios of the constant-mesh 5 speed transmission are ideally spaced. The gears can be shifted by using the shift pedal "1" on the left side of the engine.

KICKSTARTER CRANK
Rotate the kickstarter crank "1" away from the engine. Push the starter down lightly with your foot until the gears engage, then kick smoothly and forcefully to start the engine. This model has a primary kickstarter crank so the engine can be started in any gear if the clutch is disengaged. In normal practices, however, shift to neutral before starting.

THROTTLE GRIP
The throttle grip "1" is located on the right handlebar; it accelerates or decelerates the engine. For acceleration, turn the grip toward you; for deceleration, turn it away from you.

FRONT BRAKE LEVER
The front brake lever "1" is located on the right handlebar. Pull it toward the handlebar to activate the front brake.

REAR BRAKE PEDAL
The rear brake pedal "1" is located on the right side of the machine. Press down on the brake pedal to activate the rear brake.

FUEL COCK
The fuel cock supplies fuel from the tank to carburetor and also filters the fuel. The fuel cock has the three positions:
OFF:
With the lever in this position, fuel will not flow. Always return the lever to this position when the engine is not running.
ON:
With the lever in this position, fuel flows to the carburetor. Normal riding is done with the lever in this position.
RES:
With the lever in this position fuel flows to the carburetor from the reserve section of the fuel tank after the main supply of the fuel has been depleted. Normal riding is possible with the lever is in this position, but it is recommended to add fuel as soon as possible.
**MULTI-FUNCTION DISPLAY**

---

**COLD STARTER KNOB**
When cold, the engine requires a richer air-fuel mixture for starting. A separate starter circuit, which is controlled by the cold starter knob "1", supplies this mixture. Pull the cold starter knob out to open the circuit for starting. When the engine has warmed up, push it in to close the circuit.

---

**HOT STARTER LEVER**
The hot starter lever "1" is used when starting a warm engine. Use the hot starter lever when starting the engine again immediately after it was stopped (the engine is still warm). Pulling the hot starter lever injects secondary air to thin the air-fuel mixture temporarily, allowing the engine to be started more easily.

---

**SIDESTAND**
This sidestand "1" is used to support only the machine when standing or transporting it.

- **WARNING**
  - Never apply additional force to the sidestand.
  - Hold up the sidestand before starting out.

---

**MULTI-FUNCTION DISPLAY**

- **WARNING**
Be sure to stop the machine before making any setting changes to the multi-function display.

The multi-function display is equipped with the following:

**BASIC MODE:**
- Speedometer
- Clock
- Two tripmeters (which shows the distance that has been traveled since it was last set to zero)

**RACE MODE:**
- Timer (which shows the time that has been accumulated since the start of timer measurement)
- Tripmeter (which shows the accumulated travel distance in timer measurement)
- Change tripmeter digits (capable of change to any given ones)

**DESCRIPTION**

**Operation buttons:**
1. Select button "SLCT 1"
2. Select button "SLCT 2"
3. Reset button "RST"

**Screen display:**
4. Tripmeter indicator
5. Tripmeter indicator
6. Timer indicator
7. Clock/Timer
8. Speedometer
9. Odometer/Tripmeter

**TIP**
The operation buttons can be pushed in the following two manners:
- Short push: Push the button. ( )
- Long push: Push the button for 2 seconds or more. ( )

**BASIC MODE**

Changing speedometer display (for U.K.)
1. Push the "SLCT2" button for 2 seconds or more to change the speedometer units. The speedometer display will change in the following order:
   MPH → km/h → MPH.

**Setting the time**
1. Push the "SLCT1" button for 2 seconds or more to enter the time setting mode.
2. Push the "RST" button to change the display for time indication.
The display will change in the following order:
   Hour → Minute → Second → Hour.

**TIP**
The digits capable of setting go on flashing.

3. Push the "SLCT1" button (plus) or "SLCT2" button (minus) and change the time. A long push on the button will fast-forward the time.

4. To end the setting, push the "RST" button for 2 seconds or more.

**TIP**
- In a 30-second absence of button operation, the setting will come to an end with the indicated time.
- To reset the seconds, push the "SLCT1" button or "SLCT2" button.
**MULTI-FUNCTION DISPLAY**

**Changing odometer and tripmeter A/B (TRIP A/B)**

1. Push the "SLCT2" button to change the tripmeter display. The display will change in the following order:
   - Odometer → TRIP A → TRIP B → TRIP A → Odometer.

**RETURNING TO BASIC MODE from RACE MODE**

**TIP**

It is possible to return to BASIC MODE with timer measurement at a stop.

1. Check that the timer is not in operation. If the timer is in operation, stop the timer by pushing the "SLCT1" button and "SLCT2" button at the same time.

2. Push the "SLCT1" button and "SLCT2" button for 2 seconds or more at the same time to change over to BASIC MODE.

**RACE MODE**

**Putting measurement on standby**

**TIP**

Starting measurement consists of the following two starts, either of which can be selected.

- Manual start
  - Starting measurement by the rider himself operating the button. (A long push on the "SLCT2" button will put measurement on standby.)
- Auto start
  - Starting timer measurement automatically on detection of the movement of the machine. (A long push on the "SLCT1" button will put measurement on standby.)

**Manual start**

**TIP**

Initial setting at changeover to RACE MODE will remain for manual start.

1. Check that changeover to RACE MODE has been made. (Refer to "Changeover from BASIC MODE to RACE MODE").

**TIP**

When the machine is made ready for a run by manual start, T and A will start flashing.

2. Start timer measurement by pushing the "RST" button.

3. When stopping timer measurement, pushing the "SLCT1" button and "SLCT2" button at the same time.

**TIP**

If the machine is run while timer measurement is not made, no change will occur to the digit in tripmeter A (TRIP A).

4. To resume the measurement, again push the "SLCT1" button and "SLCT2" button at the same time.

**CHANGEOVER TO BASIC MODE/ RACE MODE**

**TIP**

- Measurement using the timer function can be made in RACE MODE.
- Indicator T will light up as an identifier that shows RACE MODE has been selected.
- RACE MODE cannot display the functions as in BASIC MODE.
- Changeover to RACE MODE forces the digits for tripmeter A (TRIP A) in BASIC MODE to be reset.

**Changeover from BASIC MODE to RACE MODE**

1. Push the "SLCT1" button and "SLCT2" button for 2 seconds or more at the same time to change over to RACE MODE.

**TIP**

Changeover to RACE MODE will put manual start measurement on standby causing T and A to flash. (For manual start, refer to "Putting measurement on standby" in "RACE MODE").
MULTI-FUNCTION DISPLAY

Auto start
1. Check that changeover has been made to RACE MODE. (Refer to "Changeover from BASIC MODE to RACE MODE").
2. Make the machine ready for a run by pushing the "SLCT1" button for 2 seconds or more.

TIP
When the measurement is made ready for a run by auto start, and will start flashing. Timer display will turn on scrolling from left to right.

3. Run the machine and start timer measurement.
4. To stop timer measurement, pushing the "SLCT1" button and "SLCT2" button at the same time.

TIP
If the machine is run while timer measurement is not made, no change will occur to the digit in tripmeter A (TRIP A).

5. To resume the measurement, again pushing the "SLCT1" button and "SLCT2" button at the same time.

Resetting measurement data

TIP
Resetting can be made in the following two manners.
Resetting is possible while timer measurement is made:
• Reset tripmeter A.
Resetting is possible while timer measurement is not made:
• Reset tripmeter A and timer.

Resetting tripmeter A (TRIP A)
1. Check that the timer is in operation. If the timer is not in operation, start the timer by pushing the "SLCT1" button and "SLCT2" button at the same time.
2. Reset tripmeter A (TRIP A) display by pushing the "RST" button for 2 seconds or more.

TIP
If reset, and travel distance display will go on flashing for four seconds.

Resetting tripmeter A (TRIP A) and timer
1. Check that the timer is not in operation. If the timer is in operation, stop it by pushing the "SLCT1" button and "SLCT2" button at the same time.
2. Reset all measured data by pushing the "RST" button for 2 seconds or more.

TIP
• Resetting will reset the timer display and travel distance display and put measurement on standby.
• Auto start attempt will put measurement on standby as such. Likewise, manual start attempt will put measurement on standby as such.

Correcting tripmeter A (TRIP A)
1. Change the travel distance display by pushing the "SLCT1" button (plus) or "SLCT2" button (minus). A long push on the button will fast-forward the change.

TIP
Change can be made any time while timer measurement is or is not being made.
A short push on the button changes the operation in the arrowed direction.

A short push on the button changes the operation in both arrowed directions.

A long push on the button changes the operation in the arrowed direction.

A long push on the button changes the operation in both arrowed directions.

Meter function

Function that can be performed whether the time is or is not in operation.

Extent to which the meter can operate
**TIP**
The following diagram illustrates the multi-function display regarding the direction and operation condition involved in each of its functions.

A. A short push on the button changes the operation in the arrowed direction.
B. A short push on the button changes the operation in both arrowed directions.
C. A long push on the button changes the operation in the arrowed direction.
D. A long push on the button changes the operation in both arrowed directions.
E. Meter function
F. Function that can be performed whether the time is or is not in operation.
G. Extent to which the meter can operate

1. **BASIC MODE**
2. Clock
3. Trip meter
4. Speedometer (for U.K.)
5. **RACE MODE**
6. Putting measurement on stand-by
7. Manual start
8. Auto start
9. Measurement starts as the machine moves
10. Timer in operation
11. Reset TRIP A
12. Correct TRIP A
13. Timer not in operation
14. Reset TRIP A & timer
STARTING AND BREAK-IN

FUEL
Always use the recommended fuel as stated below. Also, be sure to use new gasoline.

- **Recommended fuel:** Premium unleaded gasoline only with a research octane number of 95 or higher.

**NOTICE**
Use only unleaded gasoline. The use of leaded gasoline will cause severe damage to the engine internal parts such as valves, piston rings, and exhaust system, etc.

**TIP**
If knocking or pinging occurs, use a different brand of gasoline or higher octane grade.

**WARNING**
- For refueling, be sure to stop the engine and use enough care not to spill any fuel. Also be sure to avoid refueling close to a fire.
- Refuel after the engine, exhaust pipe, etc. have cooled off.

**Gasohol (For Canada)**
There are two types of gasohol: gasohol containing ethanol and that containing methanol. Gasohol containing ethanol can be used if the ethanol content does not exceed 10%. Gasohol containing methanol is not recommended by Yamaha because it can cause damage to the fuel system or vehicle performance problems.

**HANDLING NOTE**

**WARNING**
Never start or run the engine in a closed area. The exhaust fumes are poisonous; they can cause loss of consciousness and death in a very short time. Always operate the machine in a well-ventilated area.

**NOTICE**
- The carburetor on this machine has a built-in accelerator pump. Therefore, when starting the engine, do not operate the throttle or the spark plug will foul.

**AIR FILTER MAINTENANCE**
According to “CLEANING THE AIR FILTER ELEMENT” section in the CHAPTER 3, apply the foam-air-filter oil or its equivalent to the element. (Excess oil in the element may adversely affect engine starting.)

**STARTING A COLD ENGINE**

**TIP**
This model is equipped with an ignition circuit cut-off system. The engine can be started under the following conditions.
- When the transmission is in neutral.
- When the clutch is disengaged with the transmission in any position. However, it is recommended to shift into neutral before starting the engine.

1. Inspect the coolant level.
2. Turn the fuel cock to "ON".
3. Push on the main switch to "ON".
4. Shift the transmission into neutral.
5. Fully open the cold starter knob "1".
6. Start the engine by pushing the start switch or by kicking the kick-starter crank.

**WARNING**
- If the starter motor will not turn when pushing the start switch, stop pushing it immediately and kick start the engine in order to avoid the load on the motor.
- Do not open the throttle while kicking the kickstarter crank. Otherwise, the kickstarter crank may kick back.

7. Return the cold starter knob to its original position and run the engine at 3,000–5,000 r/min for 1 or 2 minutes.

**TIP**
Since this model is equipped with an accelerator pump, if the engine is raced (the throttle opened and closed), the air/fuel mixture will be too rich and the engine may stall. Also unlike a two-stroke engine, this model can idle.

**NOTICE**
Do not warm up the engine for extended periods of time.

**STARTING A WARM ENGINE**
Do not operate the cold starter knob and throttle. Pull the hot starter lever "1" and start the engine by pushing the start switch or by kicking the kick-starter crank forcefully with a firm stroke. As soon as the engine starts, Release the hot starter lever to close the air passage.

**Restarting an engine after a fall**
Pull the hot starter lever and start the engine. As soon as the engine starts, Release the hot starter lever to close the air passage.

**Recommended fuel:**
Premium unleaded gasoline only with a research octane number of 95 or higher.
The engine fails to start
Pull the hot starter lever all the way out and while holding the lever, kick the kickstarter crank 10 to 20 times to clear the engine. Then, restart the engine. Refer to “Restarting an engine after a fall”.

Observe the following break-in procedures during initial operation to ensure optimum performance and avoid engine damage.
## TORQUE-CHECK POINTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part</th>
<th>Torque Check Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Frame construction</strong></td>
<td>Frame to rear frame</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combined seat and fuel tank</td>
<td>Fuel tank to frame</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exhaust system</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Silencer to rear frame</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Engine mounting</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Frame to engine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Engine bracket to engine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Engine bracket to frame</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Steering</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering stem to handlebar</td>
<td>Steering stem to frame</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Steering stem to upper bracket</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Upper bracket to handlebar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Suspension</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front</td>
<td>Steering stem to front fork</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Front fork to upper bracket</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Front fork to lower bracket</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>For link type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Assembly of links</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Link to frame</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Link to rear shock absorber</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Link to swingarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation of rear shock absorber</td>
<td>Rear shock absorber to frame</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation of swingarm</td>
<td>Tightening of pivot shaft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Wheel</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Installation of wheel</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Front</td>
<td>Tightening of wheel axle</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tightening of axle holder</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Tightening of wheel axle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wheel to rear wheel sprocket</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Brake</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front</td>
<td>Brake caliper to front fork</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brake disc to wheel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tightening of union bolt</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brake master cylinder to handlebar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tightening of bleed screw</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tightening of brake hose holder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Brake pedal to frame</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brake disc to wheel</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tightening of union bolt</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brake master cylinder to frame</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tightening of bleed screw</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tightening of brake hose holder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fuel system</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fuel tank to fuel cock</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Lubrication system</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tightening of oil hose clamp</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### TIP

Concerning the tightening torque, refer to "TIGHTENING TORQUES" section in the CHAPTER 2.
CLEANING

Frequent cleaning of your machine will enhance its appearance, maintain good overall performance, and extend the life of many components.

1. Before washing the machine, block off the end of the exhaust pipe to prevent water from entering. A plastic bag secured with a rubber band may be used for this purpose.
2. If the engine is excessively greasy, apply some degreaser to it with a paint brush. Do not apply degreaser to the chain, sprockets, or wheel axles.
3. Rinse the dirt and degreaser off with a garden hose; use only enough pressure to do the job.

4. After the majority of the dirt has been hosed off, wash all surfaces with warm water and a mild detergent. Use an old toothbrush to clean hard-to-reach places.
5. Rinse the machine off immediately with clean water, and dry all surfaces with a soft towel or cloth.
6. Immediately after washing, remove excess water from the chain with a paper towel and lubricate the chain to prevent rust.
7. Clean the seat with a vinyl upholstery cleaner to keep the cover pliable and glossy.
8. Automotive wax may be applied to all painted or chromed surfaces. Avoid combination cleaner-waxes, as they may contain abrasives.
9. After completing the above, start the engine and allow it to idle for several minutes.

STORAGE

If your machine is to be stored for 60 days or more, some preventive measures must be taken to avoid deterioration. After cleaning the machine thoroughly, prepare it for storage as follows:

1. Drain the fuel tank, fuel lines, and the carburetor float bowl.
2. Remove the spark plug, pour a tablespoon of SAE 10W-40 motor oil in the spark plug hole, and reinstall the plug. With the engine stop switch pushed in, kick the engine over several times to coat the cylinder walls with oil.
3. Remove the drive chain, clean it thoroughly with solvent, and lubricate it. Reinstall the chain or store it in a plastic bag tied to the frame.
4. Lubricate all control cables.
5. Block the frame up to raise the wheels off the ground.
6. Tie a plastic bag over the exhaust pipe outlet to prevent moisture from entering.
7. If the machine is to be stored in a humid or salt-air environment, coat all exposed metal surfaces with a film of light oil. Do not apply oil to rubber parts or the seat cover.

TIP

Make any necessary repairs before the machine is stored.
## GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

### SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model name:</th>
<th>WR450FA (USA, CDN, AUS, NZ)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>WR450F (EUROPE, ZA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model code number:</td>
<td>1HB1 (USA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1HB2 (CDN)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1HB3 (EUROPE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1HB4 (AUS, NZ, ZA)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dimensions:</td>
<td>USA, CDN, ZA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall length</td>
<td>2,175 mm (85.63 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall width</td>
<td>825 mm (32.48 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall height</td>
<td>1,300 mm (51.18 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seat height</td>
<td>980 mm (38.58 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheelbase</td>
<td>1,485 mm (58.46 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum ground clearance</td>
<td>365 mm (14.37 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight: With oil and fuel</td>
<td>USA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>121 kg (267 lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine:</td>
<td>Liquid cooled 4-stroke, DOHC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder arrangement</td>
<td>Single cylinder, forward inclined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Displacement</td>
<td>449 cm³ (15.8 Imp oz, 15.2 US oz)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bore x stroke</td>
<td>95.0 x 63.4 mm (3.74 x 2.50 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compression ratio</td>
<td>12.3 : 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starting system</td>
<td>Kick and electric starter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lubrication system:</td>
<td>Dry sump</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil type or grade: Engine oil</td>
<td>Recommended brand: YAMALUBE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40, SAE 10W-50,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SAE 15W-40, SAE 20W-40 or SAE 20W-50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>API service SG type or higher,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JASO standard MA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil capacity: Engine oil</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Periodic oil change</td>
<td>0.95 L (0.84 Imp qt, 1.00 US qt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With oil filter replacement</td>
<td>1.0 L (0.88 Imp qt, 1.06 US qt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total amount</td>
<td>1.2 L (1.06 Imp qt, 1.27 US qt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant capacity (including all routes):</td>
<td>1.0 L (0.88 Imp qt, 1.06 US qt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air filter:</td>
<td>Wet type element</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fuel:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type</strong></td>
<td>Premium unleaded gasoline only with a research octane number of 95 or higher.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tank capacity</strong></td>
<td>8.0 L (1.76 Imp gal, 2.11 US gal)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reserve</strong></td>
<td>1.1 L (0.24 Imp gal, 0.29 US gal)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Carburetor:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type</strong></td>
<td>FCR-MX39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Manufacturer</strong></td>
<td>KEIHIN</td>
</tr>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spark plug:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type/manufacturer</strong></td>
<td>CR8E/NGK (resistance type)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gap</strong></td>
<td>0.7–0.8 mm (0.028–0.031 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clutch type:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Wet, multiple-disc</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transmission:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>USA, CDN, AUS, NZ, ZA</strong></td>
<td><strong>EUROPE</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Primary reduction system</strong></td>
<td>Gear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Primary reduction ratio</strong></td>
<td>61/23 (2.652)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Secondary reduction system</strong></td>
<td>Chain drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Secondary reduction ratio</strong></td>
<td>50/13 (3.846) 47/14 (3.357)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Transmission type</strong></td>
<td>Constant mesh, 5-speed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operation</strong></td>
<td>Left foot operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gear ratio:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>29/12 (2.417)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>26/15 (1.733)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>21/16 (1.313)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th</td>
<td>21/20 (1.050)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>21/25 (0.840)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chassis:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>USA, CDN, ZA</strong></td>
<td><strong>EUROPE</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Frame type</strong></td>
<td>Semi double cradle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Caster angle</strong></td>
<td>27.3 °</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Trail</strong></td>
<td>117 mm (4.61 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tire:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type</strong></td>
<td>With tube</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Size (front)</strong></td>
<td>80/100-21 51M (USA, CDN, ZA) 90/90-21 M/C 54M M+S (EUROPE, AUS, NZ)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Size (rear)</strong></td>
<td>110/100-18 64M (USA, CDN, ZA) 130/90-18 M/C 69M M+S (EUROPE, AUS, NZ)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tire pressure (front and rear)</strong></td>
<td>100 kPa (1.0 kgf/cm², 15 psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Brake:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Front brake type</strong></td>
<td>Single disc brake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operation</strong></td>
<td>Right hand operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rear brake type</strong></td>
<td>Single disc brake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operation</strong></td>
<td>Right foot operation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suspension:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Front suspension</strong></td>
<td>Telescopic fork</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rear suspension</strong></td>
<td>Swingarm (link type monocross suspension)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Shock absorber:
  Front shock absorber    Coil spring/oil damper
  Rear shock absorber    Coil spring/gas, oil damper

Wheel travel:
  Front wheel travel 300 mm (11.8 in)
  Rear wheel travel 305 mm (12.0 in)

Electrical:
  Ignition system CDI
  Generator system AC magneto
  Battery type YTZ7S (F)
  Battery voltage/capacity 12V/6 AH
  Specific gravity 1.310

Headlight type: Quartz bulb (halogen)

Bulb wattage x quantity:
  Headlight 12 V 35/36.5 W x 1
  Taillight 12 V 1.6/0.3 W x 1

### MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS
#### ENGINE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder head:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warp limit</td>
<td>----</td>
<td>0.05 mm (0.002 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bore size</td>
<td>95.00–95.01 mm (3.7402–3.7406 in)</td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out of round limit</td>
<td>----</td>
<td>0.05 mm (0.002 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camshaft:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drive method</td>
<td>Chain drive (Left)</td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camshaft cap inside diameter</td>
<td>22.000–22.021 mm (0.8661–0.8670 in)</td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camshaft outside diameter</td>
<td>21.959–21.972 mm (0.8645–0.8650 in)</td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shaft-to-cap clearance</td>
<td>0.028–0.062 mm (0.0011–0.0024 in)</td>
<td>0.08 mm (0.003 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cam dimensions</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Intake &quot;A&quot;</strong></td>
<td>30.100–30.200 mm (1.1850–1.1890 in)</td>
<td>30.000 mm (1.1811 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Intake &quot;B&quot;</strong></td>
<td>22.450–22.550 mm (0.8839–0.8878 in)</td>
<td>22.350 mm (0.8799 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exhaust &quot;A&quot;</strong></td>
<td>30.200–30.300 mm (1.1890–1.1929 in)</td>
<td>30.100 mm (1.1850 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exhaust &quot;B&quot;</strong></td>
<td>22.450–22.550 mm (0.8839–0.8878 in)</td>
<td>22.350 mm (0.8799 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Camshaft runout limit</strong></td>
<td>----</td>
<td>0.03 mm (0.0012 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Timing chain:**
- **Timing chain type/No. of links**: 98XRH2010-118M/118
- **Timing chain adjustment method**: Automatic

**Valve, valve seat, valve guide:**
- **Valve clearance (cold)**
  - IN: 0.10–0.15 mm (0.0039–0.0059 in)
  - EX: 0.20–0.25 mm (0.0079–0.0098 in)
- **Valve dimensions**
  - "A" head diameter (IN): 26.9–27.1 mm (1.0591–1.0669 in)
  - "A" head diameter (EX): 27.9–28.1 mm (1.0984–1.1063 in)
  - "B" face width (IN): 2.26 mm (0.089 in)
  - "B" face width (EX): 2.26 mm (0.089 in)
  - "C" seat width (IN): 0.9–1.1 mm (0.0354–0.0433 in)
  - "C" seat width (EX): 0.9–1.1 mm (0.0354–0.0433 in)
## MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;D&quot; margin thickness (IN)</td>
<td>1 mm (0.0394 in)</td>
<td>0.85 mm (0.033 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;D&quot; margin thickness (EX)</td>
<td>1 mm (0.0394 in)</td>
<td>0.85 mm (0.033 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stem outside diameter (IN)</td>
<td>4.475–4.490 mm (0.1762–0.1768 in)</td>
<td>4.445 mm (0.1750 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stem outside diameter (EX)</td>
<td>4.965–4.980 mm (0.1955–0.1961 in)</td>
<td>4.935 mm (0.1943 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guide inside diameter (IN)</td>
<td>4.500–4.512 mm (0.1772–0.1776 in)</td>
<td>4.550 mm (0.1791 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guide inside diameter (EX)</td>
<td>5.000–5.012 mm (0.1969–0.1973 in)</td>
<td>5.050 mm (0.1988 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stem-to-guide clearance (IN)</td>
<td>0.010–0.037 mm (0.0004–0.0015 in)</td>
<td>0.08 mm (0.003 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stem-to-guide clearance (EX)</td>
<td>0.020–0.047 mm (0.0008–0.0019 in)</td>
<td>0.10 mm (0.004 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stem runout limit</td>
<td>----</td>
<td>0.01 mm (0.0004 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve spring:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free length (IN)</td>
<td>39.46 mm (1.55 in)</td>
<td>38.46 mm (1.51 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free length (EX)</td>
<td>37.61 mm (1.48 in)</td>
<td>36.61 mm (1.44 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set length (valve closed) (IN)</td>
<td>27.87 mm (1.10 in)</td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set length (valve closed) (EX)</td>
<td>28.38 mm (1.12 in)</td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressed force (installed) (IN)</td>
<td>130.2–149.8 N at 27.87 mm (13.28–15.28 kg at 27.87 mm, 29.27–33.68 lb at 1.10 in)</td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressed force (installed) (EX)</td>
<td>123.1–141.7 N at 28.38 mm (12.55–14.45 kg at 28.38 mm, 27.67–31.85 lb at 1.12 in)</td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tilt limit* (IN)</td>
<td>----</td>
<td>2.5°/1.7 mm (2.5°/0.067 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tilt limit* (EX)</td>
<td>----</td>
<td>2.5°/1.6 mm (2.5°/0.063 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Direction of winding (top view) (IN)</td>
<td>Clockwise</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction of winding (top view) (EX)</td>
<td>Clockwise</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston to cylinder clearance</td>
<td>0.020–0.045 mm (0.0008–0.0018 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston size &quot;D&quot;</td>
<td>94.965–94.980 mm (3.7388–3.7394 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measuring point &quot;H&quot;</td>
<td>8 mm (0.315 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston off-set</td>
<td>1 mm (0.0394 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston pin bore inside diameter</td>
<td>18.004–18.015 mm (0.7088–0.7093 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston pin outside diameter</td>
<td>17.991–18.000 mm (0.7083–0.7087 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston rings:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top ring:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Barrel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimensions (B × T)</td>
<td>1.2 × 3.5 mm (0.05 × 0.14 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End gap (installed)</td>
<td>0.20–0.30 mm (0.008–0.012 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Side clearance (installed)</td>
<td>0.030–0.065 mm (0.0012–0.0026 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd ring:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Taper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimensions (B × T)</td>
<td>1.00 × 3.35 mm (0.04 × 0.13 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End gap (installed)</td>
<td>0.35–0.50 mm (0.014–0.020 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Side clearance</td>
<td>0.020–0.055 mm (0.0008–0.0022 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil ring:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimensions (B × T)</td>
<td>2.0 × 2.9 mm (0.08 × 0.11 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End gap (installed)</td>
<td>0.2–0.5 mm (0.01–0.02 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Crankshaft:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crank width &quot;A&quot;</td>
<td>61.95–62.00 mm (2.439–2.441 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Runout limit &quot;C&quot;</td>
<td>0.03 mm (0.0012 in)</td>
<td>0.05 mm (0.002 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Big end side clearance &quot;D&quot;</td>
<td>0.15–0.45 mm (0.0059–0.0177 in)</td>
<td>0.50 mm (0.02 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small end free play &quot;F&quot;</td>
<td>0.4–1.0 mm (0.02–0.04 in)</td>
<td>2.0 mm (0.08 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balancer:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balancer drive method</td>
<td>Gear</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air filter oil grade:</td>
<td>Foam-air-filter oil or equivalent oil</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Clutch:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friction plate thickness</td>
<td>2.92–3.08 mm (0.115–0.121 in)</td>
<td>2.8 mm (0.110 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch plate 1 thickness</td>
<td>1.9–2.1 mm (0.075–0.083 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warp limit</td>
<td>----</td>
<td>0.1 mm (0.004 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch plate 2 thickness</td>
<td>1.5–1.7 mm (0.059–0.067 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warp limit</td>
<td>----</td>
<td>0.1 mm (0.004 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch spring free length</td>
<td>50.0 mm (1.97 in)</td>
<td>49.0 mm (1.93 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch housing thrust clearance</td>
<td>0.10–0.35 mm (0.0039–0.0138 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch housing radial clearance</td>
<td>0.010–0.044 mm (0.0004–0.0017 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch release method</td>
<td>Inner push, cam push</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Shifter:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shifter type</td>
<td>Cam drum and guide bar</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guide bar bending limit</td>
<td>----</td>
<td>0.05 mm (0.002 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Kickstarter:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Ratchet type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Carburetor:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I. D. mark</td>
<td>5TJE E0</td>
<td>5TJL L0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main jet (M.J)</td>
<td>#162</td>
<td>#160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main air jet (M.A.J)</td>
<td>ø2.0</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jet needle (J.N)</td>
<td>NFNT</td>
<td>NNHU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cutaway (C.A)</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilot jet (P.J)</td>
<td>#45</td>
<td>#48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilot air jet (P.A.J)</td>
<td>#70</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilot outlet (P.O)</td>
<td>ø0.9</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bypass (B.P)</td>
<td>ø1.0</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve seat size (V.S)</td>
<td>ø3.8</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starter jet (G.S)</td>
<td>#65</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leak jet (Acc.P)</td>
<td>#60</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Float height (F.H)</td>
<td>8 mm (0.31 in)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine idle speed</td>
<td>1,750–1,950 r/min</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intake vacuum</td>
<td>34.8–40.1 kPa (261–301 mmHg, 10.28–11.85 inHg)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hot starter lever free play</td>
<td>3–6 mm (0.12–0.24 in)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lubrication system:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil filter type</td>
<td>Paper type</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil pump type</td>
<td>Trochoid type</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tip clearance</td>
<td>0.12 mm or less (0.0047 in or less)</td>
<td>0.20 mm (0.008 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Side clearance</td>
<td>0.09–0.17 mm (0.0035–0.0067 in)</td>
<td>0.24 mm (0.009 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Housing and rotor clearance</td>
<td>0.03–0.10 mm (0.0012–0.0039 in)</td>
<td>0.17 mm (0.0067 in)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bypass valve setting pressure</td>
<td>40–80 kPa (0.4–0.8 kg/cm², 5.69–11.38 psi)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cooling:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiator core size</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width</td>
<td>120.2 mm (4.73 in)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height (Left/Right)</td>
<td>260 mm (10.24 in)/240 mm (9.45 in)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thickness</td>
<td>22 mm (0.87 in)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiator cap opening pressure</td>
<td>110 kPa (1.1 kg/cm², 15.6 psi)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiator capacity (total)</td>
<td>0.57 L (0.50 Imp qt, 0.60 US qt)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water pump Type</td>
<td>Single-suction centrifugal pump</td>
<td>—</td>
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## CHASSIS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Limit</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Steering system:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering bearing type</td>
<td>Taper roller bearing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front suspension:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front fork travel</td>
<td>300 mm (11.8 in)</td>
<td>455 mm (17.9 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fork spring free length</td>
<td>460 mm (18.1 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring rate, STD</td>
<td>K = 4.5 N/mm (0.459 kg/mm, 25.7 lb/in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optional spring/spacer</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil capacity</td>
<td>648 cm³ (22.8 Imp oz, 21.9 US oz)</td>
<td>655 cm³ (23.1 Imp oz, 22.1 US oz)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil level</td>
<td>132 mm (5.20 in)</td>
<td>125 mm (4.92 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;Min.–Max.&gt; (From top of outer tube with inner tube and damper rod fully compressed without spring.)</td>
<td>95–150 mm (3.74–5.91 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil grade</td>
<td>Suspension oil &quot;S1&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inner tube outer diameter</td>
<td>48 mm (1.89 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front fork top end</td>
<td>Zero mm (Zero in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear suspension:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shock absorber travel</td>
<td>130 mm (5.12 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring free length</td>
<td>260 mm (10.24 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fitting length</td>
<td>252.5 mm (9.94 in)</td>
<td>251.5 mm (9.90 in)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Preload length</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;Min.–Max.&gt;</td>
<td>1.5–22 mm (0.06–0.87 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring rate, STD</td>
<td>K = 54.0 N/mm (5.50 kg/mm, 308.0 lb/in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optional spring</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enclosed gas pressure</td>
<td>1,000 kPa (10 kg/cm², 142 psi)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Swingarm:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swingarm free play limit</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.0 mm (0.04 in)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wheel</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front wheel type</td>
<td>Spoke wheel</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear wheel type</td>
<td>Spoke wheel</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front rim size/material</td>
<td>21 × 1.60/Aluminum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear rim size/material</td>
<td>18 × 2.15/Aluminum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rim runout limit:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radial</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.0 mm (0.08 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lateral</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.0 mm (0.08 in)</td>
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### MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Drive chain:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type/manufacturer</td>
<td>DID520VM/DAIDO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of links</td>
<td>113 links + joint</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chain slack</td>
<td>48–58 mm (1.9–2.3 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chain length (15 links)</td>
<td>239.3 mm (9.42 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front disc brake:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disc outside dia. × Thickness</td>
<td>250 × 3.0 mm (9.84 × 0.12 in)</td>
<td>250 × 2.5 mm (9.84 × 0.10 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pad thickness</td>
<td>4.4 mm (0.17 in)</td>
<td>1.0 mm (0.04 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master cylinder inside dia.</td>
<td>11.0 mm (0.433 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caliper cylinder inside dia.</td>
<td>27.0 mm (1.063 in) × 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake fluid type</td>
<td>DOT #4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear disc brake:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disc outside dia. × Thickness</td>
<td>245 × 4.0 mm (9.65 × 0.16 in)</td>
<td>245 × 3.5 mm (9.65 × 0.14 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deflection limit</td>
<td>----</td>
<td>0.15 mm (0.006 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pad thickness</td>
<td>6.4 mm (0.25 in)</td>
<td>1.0 mm (0.04 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master cylinder inside dia.</td>
<td>11.0 mm (0.433 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caliper cylinder inside dia.</td>
<td>25.4 mm (1.000 in) × 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake fluid type</td>
<td>DOT #4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake lever and brake pedal:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake lever position</td>
<td>95 mm (3.74 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake pedal height (vertical height above footrest top)</td>
<td>10 mm (0.39 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch lever free play (lever end)</td>
<td>8–13 mm (0.31–0.51 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Throttle grip free play</td>
<td>3–5 mm (0.12–0.20 in)</td>
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### ELECTRICAL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Limit</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ignition system:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advancer type</td>
<td>Electrical</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDI:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pickup coil resistance (color)</td>
<td>248–372 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) (White–Red)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDI unit-model/manufacturer</td>
<td>STJ-E0/YAMA-HA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STJ-L0/YAMA-HA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STJ-F0/YAMA-HA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ignition coil:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model/manufacturer</td>
<td>5TA-10/DENSO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum spark gap</td>
<td>6 mm (0.24 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary coil resistance</td>
<td>0.08–0.10 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary coil resistance</td>
<td>4.6–6.8 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
## MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Limit</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Charging system:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System type</td>
<td>AC magneto</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model (stator)/manufacturer</td>
<td>5TJ 50/YAMAHA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal output</td>
<td>14 V/120 W at 5,000 r/min</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charging coil resistance (color)</td>
<td>0.288–0.432 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) (White–Ground)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lighting coil resistance (color)</td>
<td>0.224–0.336 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) (Yellow–Ground)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Rectifier/regulator:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Regulator type</td>
<td>Semiconductor short circuit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model/manufacturer</td>
<td>SH770AA/SHINDENGEN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regulated voltage (AC)</td>
<td>12.5–13.5 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regulated voltage (DC)</td>
<td>14.0–15.0 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rectifier capacity (AC)</td>
<td>12 A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rectifier capacity (DC)</td>
<td>8 A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Electric starting system:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Constant mesh</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Starter motor:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model/manufacturer</td>
<td>5UM20/YAMAHA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operation voltage</td>
<td>12 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output</td>
<td>0.48 kW</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Armature coil resistance</td>
<td>0.0117–0.0143 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brush overall length</td>
<td>7 mm (0.28 in)</td>
<td>3.5 mm (0.14 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brush quantity</td>
<td>2 pcs.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Spring force</td>
<td>3.92–5.88 N (400–600 g, 14.1–21.2 oz)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commutator diameter</td>
<td>17.6 mm (0.69 in)</td>
<td>16.6 mm (0.65 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mica undercut (depth)</td>
<td>1.5 mm (0.06 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Starter relay:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model/manufacturer</td>
<td>RC19-042/MITSUBA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amperage rating</td>
<td>180 A</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Coil winding resistance</td>
<td>4.2–4.6 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Starting circuit cut-off relay:</strong></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model/manufacturer</td>
<td>ACM33221 M38/MATSUSHITA</td>
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<tr>
<td>Coil winding resistance</td>
<td>75.69–92.51 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fuse (amperage×quantity):</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Main fuse</td>
<td>10 A × 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reserve fuse</td>
<td>10 A × 1</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**TIGHTENING TORQUES**

**ENGINE**

**TIP**

- △ - marked portion shall be checked for torque tightening after break-in or before each race.

**TIP**

*1: Tighten the cylinder head bolts to 30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb) in the proper tightening sequence, remove and retighten the cylinder head bolts to 20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb) in the proper tightening sequence, and then tighten the cylinder head bolts further to reach the specified angle 180° in the proper tightening sequence.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part to be tightened</th>
<th>Thread size</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Tightening torque</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Nm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spark plug</td>
<td>M10S × 1.0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camshaft cap</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder head blind plug screw</td>
<td>M12 × 1.0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder head (stud bolt)</td>
<td>M8 × 1.25</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder head (bolt)</td>
<td>M10 × 1.25</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Refer to TIP.*1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder head (bolt)</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder head cover</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timing chain tensioner</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timing chain tensioner cap bolt</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>7</td>
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<tr>
<td>Timing chain guide (intake side)</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust pipe (nut)</td>
<td>M8 × 1.25</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust pipe (bolt)</td>
<td>M8 × 1.25</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silencer</td>
<td>M8 × 1.25</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silencer clamp</td>
<td>M8 × 1.25</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust pipe protector</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spark arrester</td>
<td>M5 × 0.8</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>7</td>
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<tr>
<td>Silencer cap</td>
<td>M5 × 0.8</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Air induction pipe</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
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<tr>
<td>Air cut-off valve assembly and bracket</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bracket (air cut-off valve) and frame</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caruretor joint</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caruretor joint clamp</td>
<td>M4 × 0.7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air filter case</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air filter joint clamp</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air filter joint and air filter case</td>
<td>M5 × 0.8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Throttle cable adjust bolt and locknut</td>
<td>M6 × 0.75</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Throttle cable (pull)</td>
<td>M6 × 1.0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Throttle cable (return)</td>
<td>M12 × 1.0</td>
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## TIGHTENING TORQUES

<table>
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<th>Thread size</th>
<th>Q’ty</th>
<th>Tightening torque</th>
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### CHASSIS

#### TIP

△ - marked portion shall be checked for torque tightening after break-in or before each race.

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<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Tightening torque</th>
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TIGHTENING TORQUES

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<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Tightening torque</th>
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<td>Headlight mounting (left and right)</td>
<td>M6 x 1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tailight mounting</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taillight lead clamp and rear fender</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catch tank (upper)</td>
<td>M6 x 1.0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catch tank (lower)</td>
<td>M6 x 1.0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Footrest bracket and frame</td>
<td>M10 x 1.25</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sidestand mounting</td>
<td>M10 x 1.25</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front reflector (For CDN)</td>
<td>M6 x 1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear reflector (For CDN)</td>
<td>M5 x 0.8</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TIP**

1. First, tighten the steering ring nut approximately 38 Nm (3.8 m•kg, 27 ft•lb) by using the steering nut wrench, then loosen the steering ring nut one turn.
2. Retighten the steering ring nut 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb).

**ELECTRICAL**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part to be tightened</th>
<th>Thread size</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Tightening torque</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Nm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stator</td>
<td>M5 x 0.8</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Holder (AC magneto lead)</td>
<td>M5 x 0.8</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rotor</td>
<td>M12 x 1.25</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to TIP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neutral switch</td>
<td>M5 x 0.8</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starter motor</td>
<td>M6 x 1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starter relay terminal</td>
<td>M6 x 1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pickup coil</td>
<td>M6 x 1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TIP**

Tighten the rotor nut to 65 Nm (6.5 m•kg, 47 ft•lb), loosen and retighten the rotor nut to 65 Nm (6.5 m•kg, 47 ft•lb).
GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

This chart specifies torque for standard fasteners with standard I.S.O. pitch threads. Torque specifications for special components or assemblies are included in the applicable sections of this book. To avoid warpage, tighten multi-fastener assemblies in a crisscross fashion, in progressive stages, until full torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, torque specifications call for clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A (Nut)</th>
<th>B (Bolt)</th>
<th>TORQUE SPECIFICATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 mm</td>
<td>6 mm</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 mm</td>
<td>8 mm</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14 mm</td>
<td>10 mm</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17 mm</td>
<td>12 mm</td>
<td>5.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19 mm</td>
<td>14 mm</td>
<td>8.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22 mm</td>
<td>16 mm</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A. Distance between flats
B. Outside thread diameter

DEFINITION OF UNITS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Definition</th>
<th>Measure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mm</td>
<td>millimeter</td>
<td>10^{-3} meter</td>
<td>Length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cm</td>
<td>centimeter</td>
<td>10^{-2} meter</td>
<td>Length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kg</td>
<td>kilogram</td>
<td>10^3 gram</td>
<td>Weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>Newton</td>
<td>1 kg x m/sec^2</td>
<td>Force</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nm</td>
<td>Newton meter</td>
<td>N x m</td>
<td>Torque</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>m•kg</td>
<td>Meter kilogram</td>
<td>m x kg</td>
<td>Torque</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pa</td>
<td>Pascal</td>
<td>N/m^2</td>
<td>Pressure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N/mm</td>
<td>Newton per millimeter</td>
<td>N/mm</td>
<td>Spring rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>Liter</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Volume or capacity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cm^3</td>
<td>Cubic centimeter</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Volume or capacity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>r/min</td>
<td>Revolution per minute</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Engine speed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. Oil filter element
2. Oil pump
3. Drive axle
4. Main axle
5. Crankshaft
6. Connecting rod
A. From cylinder
B. To oil tank
1. Intake camshaft
2. Exhaust camshaft
A. To main axle
B. From oil pump
1. Fuel tank breather hose
2. Clamp
3. Diode
4. Hot starter cable
5. Throttle position sensor lead
6. Wire harness
7. Hump (frame)
8. Negative battery lead
9. Starter motor lead
10. Neutral switch lead
11. AC magneto lead
12. Brake hose
13. Rectifier/regulator lead
14. Carburetor breather hose
15. Carburetor overflow hose
16. Catch tank breather hose
17. Hot starter cable protector
18. Rubber cap
A. Insert the end of the fuel tank breather hose into the hole in the steering stem.

B. Fasten the throttle cable, hot starter cable and rectifier/regulator lead onto the frame. Locate the clamp under the throttle cable on the right side of the frame, and face its ends, as well as the tie ends, downward.

C. Fasten the diode (at the marking), throttle cable and hot starter cable onto the frame. Locate the clamp end facing toward the lower right of the frame and with the tie end facing downward.

D. Fasten the wire harness, throttle position sensor lead and clutch cable onto the frame. Pass the clamp through the hole in the stay (air cut-off valve). Locate the clamp end facing toward the lower side of the frame and cut off the tie end.

E. Pass the carburetor breather hoses, carburetor overflow hose and catch tank breather hose between the connecting rod and cross tube (frame).

F. Pass the neutral switch lead on the inside of the engine bracket.

G. Fasten the neutral switch lead and AC magneto lead onto the frame. Locate the clamp end facing toward the outside of the frame and tie end facing toward the rear of the frame.

H. Fasten the AC magneto lead and neutral switch lead onto the frame. Locate the clamp end facing toward the rear of the frame and cut off the tie end.

I. Pass the neutral switch lead and AC magneto lead on the inside of the wire harness.

J. Fasten the AC magneto lead and neutral switch lead onto the frame.

K. Pass the wire harness through the cable guide.

L. Locate the couplers in the frame recess.

M. Pass the carburetor breather hoses, carburetor overflow hose and catch tank breather hose so that the hoses do not contact the rear shock absorber.

N. Secure the coupler by pushing it into the hole in the headlight unit.

O. Fasten the throttle position sensor lead and the hot starter cable.

P. Locate the clamp between the hot starter cable protector and rubber cap.
1. Throttle cable (pull)  
2. Throttle cable (return)  
3. Catch tank hose  
4. Ignition coil  
5. Clamp  
6. Air induction hose (air cut-off valve - rear of cylinder head)  
7. Catch tank breather hose

A. Cross the pull and push throttle cables.  
B. Fasten the catch tank hose and air induction hose (air cut-off valve-rear of cylinder head) onto the frame. Locate the clamp end facing toward the lower side of the frame and cut off the tie end.  
C. Fasten the catch tank breather hose and carburetor breather hoses together.  
D. Pass the carburetor breather hose (of the throttle cable cover) through the hose holder.
1. Brake master cylinder
2. Brake hose holder
3. Brake hose

A. Install the brake hose so that its pipe portion directs as shown and lightly touches the projection on the brake caliper.
B. Pass the brake hose into the brake hose holders.
C. If the brake hose contacts the spring (rear shock absorber), correct its twist.
D. Install the brake hose so that its pipe portion directs as shown and lightly touches the projection on the brake master cylinder.
1. Clamp
2. Positive battery lead
3. Battery
4. Negative battery lead
5. Taillight coupler
6. CDI unit coupler (6-pin)
7. CDI unit coupler (3-pin)
8. CDI unit coupler (6-pin)
A. Fasten the wire harness to the upper engine bracket (left side). Locate the clamp end facing toward the upper side of the frame with the tie end cut off on the inside of the frame.

B. Fasten the wire harness to the upper engine bracket (left side). Locate the clamp end facing toward the upper side of the frame with the tie end cut off on the inside of the frame. Clamp the wire harness at the marking.

C. Pass the starter motor lead through the hole in the relay holder.

D. Fit the cover securely.

E. Connect the wire harness to the starter relay.

F. Fasten the catch tank breather hose and catch tank hose to the rear frame. Clamp them close to where they are joined to the frame. Fasten the pipe tightly enough not to crush it. Locate the clamp end facing toward the rear of the frame with the tie end facing downward.

G. Fasten the (three) CDI unit leads and taillight lead to the rear frame. Locate the clamp end facing toward the upper side of the frame and cut off the tie end.

H. Connect the negative battery lead to the battery negative terminal.

I. Connect the negative battery lead to the wire harness.

J. Fasten the wire harness to the rear frame. Locate the clamp end facing toward the upper side of the frame and the tie end toward the inside of the frame. Clamp the wire harness at the marking.

K. Pass the wire harness, starter relay lead, starting circuit cut-off relay lead and negative battery lead through the hole in the relay holder.

L. Fasten the (three) CDI unit leads and taillight lead to the rear frame. Locate the clamp end facing toward the lower side of the frame and cut off the tie end.

M. Fasten the taillight lead to the rear frame. Locate the clamp end facing toward the upper side of the frame and cut off the tie end.

N. Do not allow the taillight lead to slacken.

O. Locate the CDI unit lead between the CDI unit and rear fender.

P. Locate the CDI unit coupler in the clearance between the upper side of the CDI unit and lower side of the catch tank stay.

Q. Locate the CDI unit lead between the CDI unit and rear frame.
1. Throttle cable
2. Clamp
3. Brake hose
4. Clutch cable
5. Hose guide
6. Main switch coupler
7. Wire harness
8. Headlight coupler
9. Hot starter cable
10. Multi-function display bracket
11. Main switch
12. Upper bracket
13. Clutch switch coupler
14. Engine stop switch coupler
15. Multi-function display coupler
16. Start switch coupler
17. Speed sensor coupler
18. Speed sensor lead
A. Fasten the start switch lead to the handlebar with the plastic bands.
B. Fasten the engine stop switch lead and clutch switch lead to the handlebar with the plastic bands.
C. Pass the brake hose through the hose guides.
D. Secure the coupler by inserting it into the multi-function display bracket.
E. Pass the throttle cables, clutch cable and hot starter cable between the upper bracket and multi-function display bracket.
F. Fasten the multi-function display leads to the bracket. Cut off the tie end.
G. Secure the coupler by pushing it into the hole in the multi-function display bracket.
H. Secure the wire harness clip by pushing it into the hole in the multi-function display bracket on the inside.
I. Fasten the main switch lead (wire harness side) to the multi-function display bracket. Locate the clamp end facing toward the lower side of the frame and cut off the tie end.
J. Pass the speed sensor lead through the guide on the outside of the front fork.
PERIODIC MAINTENANCE CHART FOR THE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (For Canada)

REGULAR INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENTS

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE CHART FOR THE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (For Canada)

TIP
- From 4,200 mi (7,000 km) or 9 months, repeat the maintenance intervals starting from 1,800 mi (3,000 km) or 3 months.
- Items marked with an asterisk should be performed by a Yamaha dealer as they require special tools, data and technical skills.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>ITEM</th>
<th>CHECKS AND MAINTENANCE JOBS</th>
<th>INITIAL</th>
<th>ODOMETER READINGS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>600 mi (1,000 km) or 1 month</td>
<td>1,800 mi (3,000 km) or 3 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Fuel line</td>
<td>Check fuel hoses for cracks or damage.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Replace if necessary.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Spark plug</td>
<td>Check condition.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adjust gap and clean.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Valve clearance</td>
<td>Check and adjust valve clearance when engine is cold.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Air filter element</td>
<td>Clean with solvent and apply foam air-filter oil or equivalent oil.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Replace if necessary.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Breather system</td>
<td>Check ventilation hose for cracks or damage and drain any deposits.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Replace if necessary.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Carburetor</td>
<td>Check engine idling speed and starter operation.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adjust if necessary.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Exhaust system</td>
<td>Check for leakage.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tighten if necessary.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Replace gasket(s) if necessary.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Engine oil</td>
<td>Change (warm engine before draining).</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Engine oil filter element</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Air induction system</td>
<td>Check the hose for damage.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Replace any damaged parts if necessary.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## GENERAL MAINTENANCE AND LUBRICATION CHART (For Canada)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>ITEM</th>
<th>CHECKS AND MAINTENANCE JOBS</th>
<th>INITIAL ODOMETER READINGS</th>
<th>ODOMETER READINGS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>600 mi (1,000 km) or 1 month</td>
<td>1,800 mi (3,000 km) or 3 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Clutch</td>
<td>Check operation. Adjust or replace cable.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>* Cooling system</td>
<td>Check hoses for cracks of damage. Replace if necessary.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Replace with ethylene glycol anti-freeze coolant every 1 year.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>* Spark arrester</td>
<td>Clean.</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>* Front brake</td>
<td>Check operation, fluid level, and for fluid leakage. Replace brake pads if necessary.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Replace brake fluid every 1 year.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>* Rear brake</td>
<td>Check operation, fluid level, and for fluid leakage. Replace brake pads if necessary.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Replace brake fluid every 1 year.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>* Brake hoses</td>
<td>Check for cracks or damage. Replace.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Every 4 years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>* Wheels</td>
<td>Check runout, spoke tightness and for damage. Tighten spokes if necessary.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>* Tires</td>
<td>Check tread depth and for damage. Replace if necessary. Check air pressure. Correct if necessary.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>* Wheel bearings</td>
<td>Check bearings for smooth operation. Replace if necessary.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>* Swingarm pivot bearings</td>
<td>Check bearing assemblies for looseness. Moderately repack with lithium-soapbased grease.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Drive chain</td>
<td>Check chain slack/alignment and condition. Adjust and lubricate chain with a special O-ring chain lubricant thoroughly.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>* Steering bearings</td>
<td>Check bearing assemblies for looseness. Moderately repack with lithium-soapbased grease every 1,200 mi (2,000 km) or 12 months (whichever comes first).</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Brake and clutch lever pivot shafts</td>
<td>Apply lithium-soap-based grease (all-purpose grease) lightly.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Brake pedal pivot shafts</td>
<td>Apply lithium-soap-based grease (all-purpose grease) lightly.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### MAINTENANCE INTERVALS FOR COMPETITION USE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>ITEM</th>
<th>CHECKS AND MAINTENANCE JOBS</th>
<th>INITIAL</th>
<th>ODOMETER READINGS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>600 mi (1,000 km) or 1 month</td>
<td>1,800 mi (3,000 km) or 3 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Sidestand pivot</td>
<td>Check operation. Apply lithium-soap-based grease (all-purpose grease) lightly.</td>
<td>✓ ✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>* Front fork</td>
<td>Check operation and for oil leakage. Replace if necessary.</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>* Shock absorber assembly</td>
<td>Check operation and for oil leakage. Replace if necessary.</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>* Rear suspension link pivots</td>
<td>Apply molybdenum disulfide grease lightly.</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>* Control cables</td>
<td>Apply Yamaha chain and cable lube or engine oil 10W-30 thoroughly.</td>
<td>✓ ✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>* Throttle grip housing and cable</td>
<td>Check operation and free play. Adjust the throttle cable free play if necessary. Lubricate the throttle grip housing and cable.</td>
<td>✓ ✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>* Chassis fasteners</td>
<td>Check all chassis fitting and fasteners. Correct if necessary.</td>
<td>✓ ✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Battery</td>
<td>Check terminal for looseness and corrosion.</td>
<td>✓ ✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TIP**
- The air filter needs more frequent service if you are riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.
- Hydraulic brake service
  - After disassembling the brake master cylinders and calipers, always change the fluid. Regularly check the brake fluid levels and fill the reservoirs as required.
  - Every two years replace the internal components of the brake master cylinders and calipers, and change the brake fluid.
  - Replace the brake hoses every four years and if cracked or damaged.

### MAINTENANCE INTERVALS FOR COMPETITION USE

**TIP**
- The following schedule is intended as a general guide to maintenance and lubrication. Bear in mind that such factors as weather, terrain, geographical location, and individual usage will alter the required maintenance and lubrication intervals.
  - If you are a doubt as to what intervals to follow in maintaining and lubricating your machine, consult your Yamaha dealer.
  - Periodic inspection is essential in making full use of the machine performance. The service life of the parts varies substantially according to the environment in which the machine runs (e.g., rain, dirt, etc.). Therefore, earlier inspection is required by reference to the list below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>After break-in</th>
<th>Every race</th>
<th>Every third (or 500 km)</th>
<th>Every fifth (or 1,000 km)</th>
<th>As required</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
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<td>The engine must be cold. Check the valve seats and valve stems for wear.</td>
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<td>Check the free length and the tilt.</td>
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3-3
## MAINTENANCE INTERVALS FOR COMPETITION USE

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<th>Item</th>
<th>After break-in</th>
<th>Every race</th>
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<td>CAMSHAFTS</td>
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<td>Inspect the camshaft surface.</td>
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<td>Inspect the decompression system.</td>
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<td>Check for wear on the teeth and for damage.</td>
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<td>Clean</td>
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<td>Inspect carbon deposits and eliminate them.</td>
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<td>It is recommended that the piston pin and ring are also replaced at the same time.</td>
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<td>CYLINDER HEAD</td>
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## MAINTENANCE INTERVALS FOR COMPETITION USE

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<td>DRIVE CHAIN</td>
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<td>Refer to &quot;STARTING AND BREAK-IN&quot; section in the CHAPTER 1.</td>
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<td>Retighten brake disc bolts, caliper bolts, master cylinder bolts and union bolts</td>
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<td>Replace brake fluid</td>
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## MAINTENANCE INTERVALS FOR COMPETITION USE

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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Remarks:**
- After break-in:
  - Every race
  - Every third (or 500 km)
  - Every fifth (or 1,000 km)
  - As required

- Remarks include:
  - Suspension oil "S1"
  - Lithium base grease
  - Molybdenum disulfide grease
  - Yamaha cable lube or SAE 10W-40 motor oil
### PRE-OPERATION INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

Before riding for break-in operation or practice, make sure the machine is in good operating condition.

Before using this machine, check the following points.

#### GENERAL INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Routine</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coolant</td>
<td>Check that coolant is filled up to the radiator cap. Check the cooling system for leakage.</td>
<td>P.3-11 – 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel</td>
<td>Check that a fresh gasoline is filled in the fuel tank. Check the fuel line for leakage.</td>
<td>P.1-18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine oil</td>
<td>Check that the oil level is correct. Check the crankcase and oil line for leakage.</td>
<td>P.3-14 – 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gear shifter and clutch</td>
<td>Check that gears can be shifted correctly in order and that the clutch operates smoothly.</td>
<td>P.3-12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Throttle grip/Housing</td>
<td>Check that the throttle grip operation and free play are correctly adjusted. Lubricate the throttle grip and housing, if necessary.</td>
<td>P.3-12 – 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brakes</td>
<td>Check the play of front brake and effect of front and rear brake.</td>
<td>P.3-19 – 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drive chain</td>
<td>Check drive chain slack and alignment. Check that the drive chain is lubricated properly.</td>
<td>P.3-22 – 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheels</td>
<td>Check for excessive wear and tire pressure. Check for loose spokes and have no excessive play.</td>
<td>P.3-26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering</td>
<td>Check that the handlebar can be turned smoothly and have no excessive play.</td>
<td>P.3-26 – 27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front forks and rear shock absorber</td>
<td>Check that they operate smoothly and there is no oil leakage.</td>
<td>P.3-23 – 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cables (wires)</td>
<td>Check that the clutch and throttle cables move smoothly. Check that they are not caught when the handlebars are turned or when the front forks travel up and down.</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust pipe</td>
<td>Check that the exhaust pipe is tightly mounted and has no cracks.</td>
<td>P.3-10 – 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear wheel sprocket</td>
<td>Check that the rear wheel sprocket tightening bolt is not loose.</td>
<td>P.3-22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lubrication</td>
<td>Check for smooth operation. Lubricate if necessary.</td>
<td>P.3-28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bolts and nuts</td>
<td>Check the chassis and engine for loose bolts and nuts.</td>
<td>P.1-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead connectors</td>
<td>Check that the AC magneto, CDI unit, and ignition coil are connected tightly.</td>
<td>P.1-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settings</td>
<td>Is the machine set suitably for the condition of the course and weather or by taking into account the results of test runs before riding? Are inspection and maintenance completely done?</td>
<td>P.4-1 – 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ENGINE

REMOVING THE SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Turn</td>
<td>the fuel cock to</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;OFF&quot;.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disconnect</td>
<td>the fuel hose.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Seat</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Air scoop (left and right)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Bolt (fuel tank)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Fuel tank</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Left side cover</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Open the air filter case cover.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Right side cover</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Headlight coupler</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Headlight</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REMOVING THE SIDE COVER

1. Remove:
   • Bolt (side cover)
   • Right side cover "1"

TIP
Draw the side cover backward to remove it because its claw "a" is inserted in the air filter case.
# ENGINE

## REMOVING THE EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Right side cover</td>
<td>Refer to &quot;REMOVING THE SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS&quot; section.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Bolt (silencer clamp)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Only loosening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Bolt [silencer (front)]</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Bolt [silencer (rear)]</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Collar</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Silencer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Silencer clamp</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Nut (exhaust pipe)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Bolt (exhaust pipe)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Exhaust pipe</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Gasket</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ENGINE

CHECKING THE SILENCER AND EXHAUST PIPE
1. Inspect:
   • Gasket "1"  
   Damage → Replace.

INSTALLING THE SILENCER AND EXHAUST PIPE
1. Install:
   • Gasket 
   • Exhaust pipe "1"  
   • Nut (exhaust pipe) "2"  
   First, temporarily tighten the nut (exhaust pipe), then tighten the bolt (exhaust pipe) 20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb). After that, retighten the nut (exhaust pipe) 20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb) and then the bolt (exhaust pipe) 20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb).

2. Install:
   • Silencer clamp "1"  
   • Gasket "2"  
   • Silencer "3"  
   • Washer "4"  
   • Bolt (silencer) "5"  

   **WARNING**
   Hard water or salt water is harmful to the engine parts. You may use distilled water, if you can't get soft water.

   **TIP**  
   First, temporarily tighten the nut (exhaust pipe), then tighten the bolt (exhaust pipe) 13 Nm (1.3 m•kg, 9.4 ft•lb). After that, retighten the nut (exhaust pipe) 20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb) and then the bolt (exhaust pipe) 20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb).

   **Notice**  
   Do not remove the radiator cap "1", drain bolt and hoses when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury. When the engine has cooled, place a thick towel over the radiator cap, slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent. This procedure allows any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning counterclockwise and remove it.

   **TIP**
   Hard water or salt water is harmful to the engine parts. You may use distilled water, if you can't get soft water.

   **WARNING**  
   Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

   **Notice**
   Do not mix more than one type of ethylene glycol antifreeze containing corrosion inhibitors for aluminum engine.
   Do not use water containing impurities or oil.

   **WARNING**  
   Do not mix more than one type of ethylene glycol antifreeze containing corrosion inhibitors for aluminum engine.
   Do not use water containing impurities or oil.
Handling notes of coolant:
The coolant is harmful so it should be handled with special care.

**WARNING**

- When coolant splashes to your eye.
  Thoroughly wash your eye with water and see your doctor.
- When coolant splashes to your clothes.
  Quickly wash it away with water and then with soap.
- When coolant is swallowed.
  Quickly make him vomit and take him to a doctor.

9. Install:
   - Radiator cap
     Start the engine and warm it up for a several minutes.

10. Check:
    - Coolant level
      Coolant level low → Add coolant.

**CHECKING THE RADIATOR CAP**

1. Inspect:
   - Seal (radiator cap) "1"
   - Valve and valve seat "2"
     Crack/damage → Replace.
     Exist fur deposits "3" → Clean or replace.

TIP
Apply water on the radiator cap seal.

3. Radiator cap
2. Apply the specified pressure.

**Radiator cap opening pressure:**
- 110 kPa (1.1 kg/cm², 15.6 psi)

3. Inspect:
   - Pressure
     Impossible to maintain the specified pressure for 10 seconds → Replace.

**CHECKING THE COOLING SYSTEM**

1. Inspect:
   - Coolant level
2. Attach:
   - Radiator cap tester "1" and adapter "2"

**Radiator cap tester**:
- YU-24460-01/90890-01325
- YU-33984/90890-01352

3. Apply the specified pressure.

**Standard pressure:**
- 180 kPa (1.8 kg/cm², 25.6 psi)

TIP
- Do not apply pressure more than specified pressure.
- Radiator should be filled fully.

4. Inspect:
   - Pressure
     Impossible to maintain the specified pressure for 10 seconds → Repair.
     - Radiator

**ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY**

1. Check:
   - Throttle grip free play "a"
     Out of specification → Adjust.

**Throttle grip free play "a":**
- 3–5 mm (0.12–0.20 in)

**ADJUSTING THE CLUTCH CABLE FREE PLAY**

1. Check:
   - Clutch lever free play "a"
     Out of specification → Adjust.

**Clutch lever free play "a":**
- 8–13 mm (0.31–0.51 in)

2. Adjust:
   - Clutch lever free play

**Radiator cap tester:**
- YU-24460-01/90890-01325
- YU-33984/90890-01352

**Radiator cap opening pressure:**
- 110 kPa (1.1 kg/cm², 15.6 psi)

**Standard pressure:**
- 180 kPa (1.8 kg/cm², 25.6 psi)

**Clutch lever free play adjustment steps:**
- a. Loosen the locknuts "1".
- b. Turn the adjuster "2" until free play "a" is within the specified limits.
- c. Tighten the locknuts.

**Locknut:**
- 4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)

TIP
- Make minute adjustment on the lever side using the adjuster "3".
- After adjustment, check proper operation of clutch lever.

**ADJUSTING THE CLUTCH CABLE FREE PLAY**

1. Check:
   - Throttle grip free play "a"
     Out of specification → Adjust.
2. Adjust:
   • Throttle grip free play

Throttle grip free play adjustment steps:
   a. Slide the adjuster cover.
   b. Loosen the locknut “1”.
   c. Turn the adjuster “2” until the specified free play is obtained.
   d. Tighten the locknut.

   Locknut: 4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)

TIP
Before adjusting the throttle cable free play, the engine idle speed should be adjusted.

⚠️ WARNING
After adjusting the throttle cable free play, start the engine and turn the handlebar to right and left and make sure that the engine idling does not run faster.

LUBRICATING THE THROTTLE
1. Remove:
   • Cover (throttle cable cap) “1”
   • Cover (grip cap) “2”
   • Throttle grip cap “3”

2. Apply:
   • Lithium soap base grease
     On the throttle cable end “a”.

3. Install:
   • Throttle grip cap
   • Screw (throttle grip cap)

   Screw (throttle grip cap):
   4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)

   • Cover (grip cap)
   • Cover (throttle cable cap)

ADJUSTING THE HOT STARTER LEVER FREE PLAY
1. Check:
   • Hot starter lever free play “a”
     Out of specification → Adjust.

   Hot starter lever free play “a”:
   3–6 mm (0.12–0.24 in)

2. Adjust:
   • Hot starter lever free play

   Hot starter lever free play adjustment steps:
   a. Loosen the locknut “1”.
   b. Turn the adjuster “2” until free play “a” is within the specified limits.
   c. Tighten the locknut.

   Locknut:
   4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)

TIP
After adjustment, check proper operation of hot starter.

CLEANING THE AIR FILTER ELEMENT
TIP
Proper air filter maintenance is the biggest key to preventing premature engine wear and damage.

NOTICE
Never run the engine without the air filter element in place; this would allow dirt and dust to enter the engine and cause rapid wear and possible engine damage.

1. Open the air filter case cover “1”

TIP
Loosen the quick screw “2” and pull on it to open the air filter case cover.

2. Unhook:
   • Binder “1”

3. Remove:
   • Air filter element “1”
   • Air filter guide “2”

4. Clean:
   • Air filter element
     Clean them with solvent.

TIP
After cleaning, remove the remaining solvent by squeezing the element.

NOTICE
Do not twist the element when squeezing the element.
Leaving too much of solvent in the element may result in poor starting.
5. Inspect:
   • Air filter element
     Damage → Replace.

6. Apply:
   • Foam-air-filter oil or equivalent oil to the element

**TIP**
- Squeeze out the excess oil. Element should be wet but not dripping.
- Wipe off the oil left on the element surface using a clean dry cloth. (Excess oil in the element may adversely affect engine starting.)

7. Install:
   • Air filter guide “1”

**TIP**
- Align the projection “a” on filter guide with the hole “b” in air filter element.
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the matching surface “c” on air filter element.

8. Install:
   • Air filter element “1”

**TIP**
Align the projection “a” on filter guide with the hole “b” in air filter case.

9. Hook:
   • Binder “1”

**TIP**
Hook the binder “1” so that it contacts the filter guide projections “a”.

---

**CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL**

1. Stand the machine on a level surface.

**TIP**
- When checking the oil level make sure that the machine is upright.
- Place the machine on a suitable stand.

---

**WARNING**
Never remove the oil tank cap just after high speed operation. The heated oil could spurt out, causing danger. Wait until the oil cools down to approximately 70°C (158°F).

2. Idle the engine more than 3 minutes while keeping the machine upright. Then stop the engine and inspect the oil level.

3. Remove:
   • Oil tank cap “1”

4. Inspect:
   • Oil level
     Check that the engine oil is above the level mark “a” and that the oil does not come out when the check bolt “1” is removed. Below the level mark “a” → Add oil through the filler cap hole until it is above the level mark “a”. Oil comes out at the check bolt → Drain the oil until it stops coming out.

**TIP**
When inspecting the oil level, do not screw the oil level gauge into the oil tank. Insert the gauge lightly.

---

**NOTICE**
- Engine oil also lubricates the clutch and the wrong oil types or additives could cause clutch slippage. Therefore, do not add any chemical additives or use engine oils with a grade of CD or higher and do not use oils labeled “ENERGY CONSERVING II”.
- Do not allow foreign materials to enter the crankcase.

---

**Recommended brand:** YAMALUBE
**Recommended engine oil type**
- SAE 10W-30, SAE 10W-40, SAE 10W-50, SAE 15W-40, SAE 20W-40 or SAE 20W-50
**Recommended engine oil grade**
- API service SG type or higher, JASO standard MA

---

5. Start the engine and let it warm up for several minutes.

**NOTICE**
When the oil tank is empty, never start the engine.

6. Idle the engine more than 10 seconds while keeping the machine upright. Then stop the engine and add the oil to the maximum level.

7. Install:
   • Oil tank cap
ENGINE

CHANGING THE ENGINE OIL
1. Start the engine and let it warm up for several minutes.
2. Stop the engine and place an oil pan under the drain bolt.
3. Remove:
   • Engine guard “1”
   • Oil tank plug “2”
   • Oil filler cap “3”
   • Drain bolt (with gasket) “4”
   • Oil filter drain bolt (O-ring) “5”
   • Drain bolt (with gasket) “6”
4. Drain the crankcase and oil tank of its oil.
5. Install:
   • Gaskets New
   • Oil filter drain bolt
   • Drain bolt (right crankcase)
   • Drain bolt (left crankcase)
6. Fill:
   • Engine oil
7. Install:
   • Oil filter cap “1”
8. Inspect:
   • Engine (for oil leaks)
   • Oil level
   Refer to “CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL”.
CHECKING THE OIL PRESSURE
1. Check:
   • Oil pressure
   • Oil quantity:
     Periodic oil change: 0.95 L (0.84 Imp qt, 1.00 US qt)
     With oil filter replacement: 1.0 L (0.88 Imp qt, 1.06 US qt)
     Total amount: 1.2 L (1.06 Imp qt, 1.27 US qt)

ADJUSTING THE PILOT SCREW
(For EUROPE)
1. Adjust:
   • Pilot screw “1”
   Adjustment steps:
   TIP
   To optimize the fuel flow at a smaller throttle opening, each machine's pilot screw has been individually set at the factory. Before adjusting the pilot screw, turn it in fully and count the number of turns. Record this number as the factory-set number of turns out.
   a. Turn in the pilot screw until it is lightly seated.
   b. Turn out the pilot screw by the factory-set number of turns.

ADJUSTING THE ENGINE IDLING SPEED
1. Start the engine and thoroughly warm it up.
2. Adjust:
   • Engine idling speed
   Adjustment steps:
   a. Turn the throttle stop screw “1” until the specified engine idling speed.

Oil filter element cover: 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)
Oil pressure check bolt: 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)
Using a digital engine tachometer for idle speed adjustment, detect the engine idling speed by bringing the sensing element "c" of the engine tachometer close to the ignition coil "2".

To increase idle speed—Turn the throttle stop screw "1" in "a".
To decrease idle speed—Turn the throttle stop screw "1" out "b".

**Engine idling speed:** 1,750–1,950 r/min

**ADJUSTING THE VALVE CLEARANCE**

- This section is intended for those who have basic knowledge and skill concerning the servicing of Yamaha motorcycles (e.g., Yamaha dealers, service engineers, etc.) Those who have little knowledge and skill concerning servicing are requested not to undertake inspection, adjustment, disassembly, or reassembly only by reference to this manual. It may lead to servicing trouble and mechanical damage.
- The valve clearance should be adjusted when the engine is cool to the touch.
- The piston must be at Top Dead Center (T.D.C.) on compression stroke to check or adjust the valve clearance.

1. Remove:
   - Seat
   - Fuel tank
   - Refer to "SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section.

2. Remove:
   - Air cut-off valve assembly
   - Refer to "AIR INDUCTION SYSTEM" section in the CHAPTER 5.
   - Spark plug
   - Engine upper bracket
   - Cylinder head cover
   - Refer to "CAMSHAFTS" section in the CHAPTER 5.

3. Remove:
   - Timing mark accessing screw "1"
   - crankshaft end accessing screw "2"
   - O-ring

4. Check:
   - Valve clearance
   - Out of specification → Adjust.

   **Valve clearance (cold):**
   - Intake valve: 0.10–0.15 mm (0.0039–0.0059 in)
   - Exhaust valve: 0.20–0.25 mm (0.0079–0.0098 in)

   **Checking steps:**
   a. Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise with a wrench.
   b. Align the T.D.C. mark "a" on the rotor with the align mark "b" on the crankcase cover when piston is at T.D.C. on compression stroke.

5. Adjust:
   - Valve clearance

   **Adjustment steps:**
   a. Remove the camshaft (intake and exhaust).
   - Refer to "CAMSHAFTS" section in the CHAPTER 5.
   b. Remove the valve lifters "1" and the pads "2".

   **TIP**
   - Place a rag in the timing chain space to prevent pads from falling into the crankcase.
   - Identify each valve lifter and pad position very carefully so that they can be reinstalled in their original place.

   **TIP**
   - In order to be sure that the piston is at Top Dead Center, the punch mark "c" on the exhaust camshaft and the punch mark "d" on the intake camshaft must align with the cylinder head surface, as shown in the illustration.

   **TIP**
   - To increase idle speed—Turn the throttle stop screw "1" in "a".
   - To decrease idle speed—Turn the throttle stop screw "1" out "b".

   **Engine idling speed:** 1,750–1,950 r/min
c. Select the proper pad using the pad selecting table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pad range</th>
<th>Pad Availability: 25 increments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. 120–240</td>
<td>1.20 mm–2.40 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pads are available in 0.05 mm increments</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TIP**
The thickness "a" of each pad is indicated in hundredths of millimeters on the pad upper surface.

d. Round off the last digit of the installed pad number to the nearest increment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Last digit of pad number</th>
<th>Rounded value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0, 1 or 2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4, 5 or 6</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 or 9</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EXAMPLE:**
Installed pad number = 148
Rounded off value = 150

**TIP**
Pads can only be selected in 0.05 mm increments.

e. Locate the rounded-off value and the measured valve clearance in the chart "PAD SELECTION TABLE". The field where these two coordinates intersect shows the new pad number to use.

**TIP**
Use the new pad number only as a guide when verifying the valve clearance adjustment.

f. Install the new pads "3" and the valve lifters "4".

---

**TIP**
- Apply the engine oil on the valve lifters.
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the valve stem ends.
- Valve lifter must turn smoothly when rotated with a finger.
- Be careful to reinstall valve lifters and pads in their original place.

---

**TIP**
The thickness "a" of each pad is indicated in hundredths of millimeters on the pad upper surface.

d. Round off the last digit of the installed pad number to the nearest increment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Last digit of pad number</th>
<th>Rounded value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0, 1 or 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>4, 5 or 6</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 or 9</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EXAMPLE:**
Installed pad number = 148
Rounded off value = 150

**TIP**
Pads can only be selected in 0.05 mm increments.

e. Locate the rounded-off value and the measured valve clearance in the chart "PAD SELECTION TABLE". The field where these two coordinates intersect shows the new pad number to use.

**TIP**
Use the new pad number only as a guide when verifying the valve clearance adjustment.

f. Install the new pads "3" and the valve lifters "4".

---

**TIP**
- Apply the engine oil on the valve lifters.
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the valve stem ends.
- Valve lifter must turn smoothly when rotated with a finger.
- Be careful to reinstall valve lifters and pads in their original place.

---

**TIP**
The thickness "a" of each pad is indicated in hundredths of millimeters on the pad upper surface.

d. Round off the last digit of the installed pad number to the nearest increment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Last digit of pad number</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0, 1 or 2</td>
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**EXAMPLE:**
Installed pad number = 148
Rounded off value = 150

**TIP**
Pads can only be selected in 0.05 mm increments.

e. Locate the rounded-off value and the measured valve clearance in the chart "PAD SELECTION TABLE". The field where these two coordinates intersect shows the new pad number to use.

**TIP**
Use the new pad number only as a guide when verifying the valve clearance adjustment.

f. Install the new pads "3" and the valve lifters "4".

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**TIP**
Use the new pad number only as a guide when verifying the valve clearance adjustment.

f. Install the new pads "3" and the valve lifters "4".
### STANDARD CLEARANCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INSTALLED PAD NUMBER</th>
<th>MEASURED CLEARANCE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.00 - 0.04</td>
<td>120 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 195 200 205 210 215 220 225 230 235 240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.05 - 0.09</td>
<td>120 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 195 200 205 210 215 220 225 230 235 240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.10 - 0.15</td>
<td>120 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 195 200 205 210 215 220 225 230 235 240</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### VALVE CLEARANCE (cold): 0.10 - 0.15 mm
- Example: Installed is 175
- Measured clearance is 0.23 mm
- Replace 175 pad with 185 pad
- Pad number: (example)
- Pad No. 175 = 1.75 mm
- Pad No. 185 = 1.85 mm

### EXHAUST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INSTALLED PAD NUMBER</th>
<th>MEASURED CLEARANCE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>120 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 195 200 205 210 215 220 225 230 235 240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.05 - 0.09</td>
<td>120 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 195 200 205 210 215 220 225 230 235 240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.10 - 0.14</td>
<td>120 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 195 200 205 210 215 220 225 230 235 240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.15 - 0.19</td>
<td>120 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 195 200 205 210 215 220 225 230 235 240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.20 - 0.25</td>
<td>120 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 195 200 205 210 215 220 225 230 235 240</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### VALVE CLEARANCE (cold): 0.20 - 0.25 mm
- Example: Installed is 175
- Measured clearance is 0.32 mm
- Replace 175 pad with 185 pad
- Pad number: (example)
- Pad No. 175 = 1.75 mm
- Pad No. 185 = 1.85 mm

---

**ENGINE**

---

3-18
CLEANING THE SPARK ARRESTER (For USA)

**WARNING**
- Be sure the exhaust pipe and silencer are cool before cleaning the spark arrester.
- Do not start the engine when cleaning the exhaust system.

1. Remove:
   - Screw (silencer cap) "1"

2. Remove:
   - Bolt (spark arrester) "1"

3. Remove:
   - Tail pipe "1"
   - Gasket (tail pipe) "2"
   - Spark arrester "3"
   Pull the spark arrester out of the silencer.
   - Gasket (spark arrester) "4"

4. Clean:
   - Spark arrester
   Tap the spark arrester lightly, then use a wire brush to remove any carbon deposits.

5. Install:
   - Gasket (spark arrester)
   - Spark arrester
   Insert the spark arrester into the silencer and align the bolt holes.
   - Gasket (tail pipe)
   - Bolt (spark arrester)

6. Install:
   - Silencer cap

   **TIP**
   First tighten the two screws "a" located horizontally apart, and then tighten the others.

**CHASSIS**

BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM

**WARNING**
Bleed the brake system if:
- The system has been disassembled.
- A brake hose has been loosened or removed.
- The brake fluid is very low.
- The brake operation is faulty.
A dangerous loss of braking performance may occur if the brake system is not properly bled.

1. Remove:
   - Brake master cylinder cap
   - Diaphragm
   - Reservoir float (front brake)
   - Protector (rear brake)

2. Bleed:
   - Brake fluid

   **Air bleeding steps:**
   a. Add proper brake fluid to the reservoir.
   b. Install the diaphragm. Be careful not to spill any fluid or allow the reservoir to overflow.
   c. Connect the clear plastic tube "2" tightly to the caliper bleed screw "1".

i. Repeat steps (e) to (h) until all of the air bubbles have been removed from the system.

If bleeding is difficult, it may be necessary to let the brake fluid system stabilize for a few hours. Repeat the bleeding procedure when the tiny bubbles in the system have disappeared.

j. Add brake fluid to the level line on the reservoir.

**WARNING**
Check the operation of the brake after bleeding the brake system.

### Adjusting the Front Brake

1. Check:
   - Brake lever position "a"

   **Brake lever position "a":**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard position</th>
<th>Extent of adjustment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>95 mm (3.74 in)</td>
<td>76–97 mm (2.99–3.82 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. Remove:
   - Brake lever cover
2. Adjust:
   - Brake lever position

Brake lever position adjustment steps:
   a. Loosen the locknut "1".
   b. Turn the adjusting bolt "2" until the lever position "a" is within specified position.
   c. Tighten the locknut.

**WARNING**
- Adjust the pedal height between the maximum "A" and the minimum "B" as shown. (In this adjustment, the bolt "3" end "b" should protrude out of the threaded portion "4" but not be less than 2 mm (0.08 in) "c" away from the brake pedal "5").
- After the pedal height adjustment, make sure that the rear brake does not drag.

3. Install:
   - Brake lever cover

---

### CHECKING AND REPLACING THE FRONT BRAKE PADS

1. Inspect:
   - Brake pad thickness "a"
     Out of specification → Replace as a set.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Brake pad thickness:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.4 mm (0.17 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;Limit&gt;: 1.0 mm (0.04 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Replace:
   - Brake pad

   **WARNING**
   - Do not reuse the drained brake fluid.

   **TIP**
   - Install the brake pads with their projections "a" into the brake caliper recesses "b".
   - Temporarily tighten the pad pin at this point.

---

### Adjusting the Rear Brake

1. Check:
   - Brake pedal height "a"
     Out of specification → Adjust.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Brake pedal height &quot;a&quot;:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 mm (0.39 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Adjust:
   - Brake pedal height

   **WARNING**
   - Be sure to tighten the locknut, as it will cause poor brake performance.

   **NOTICE**
   - Locknut: 5 Nm (0.5 m•kg, 3.6 ft•lb)

---

4. Install:
   - Brake lever cover

---

2. Install:
   - Brake pad

   **WARNING**
   - Do not reuse the drained brake fluid.

   **TIP**
   - Install the brake pads with their projections "a" into the brake caliper recesses "b".
   - Temporarily tighten the pad pin at this point.
3-21 CHASSIS

i. Install the brake caliper "8" and tighten the pad pin "9".

Bolt (brake caliper):
  23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 17 ft•lb)
Pad pin:
  18 Nm (1.8 m•kg, 13 ft•lb)

j. Install the pad pin plug "10".

Pad pin plug:
  3 Nm (0.3 m•kg, 2.2 ft•lb)

\[\text{WARNING}\]
Do not reuse the drained brake fluid.

g. Tighten the bleed screw.

Bleed screw:
  6 Nm (0.6 m•kg, 4.3 ft•lb)

h. Install the brake pad "10" and pad pin "11".

TIP
• Install the brake pads with their projections "a" into the brake caliper recesses "b".
• Temporarily tighten the pad pin at this point.

i. Install the brake caliper "12" and rear wheel "13".

Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL" section in the CHAPTER 6.

j. Tighten the pad pin "14".

k. Install the pad pin plug "15" and protector "16".

Pad pin:
  18 Nm (1.8 m•kg, 13 ft•lb)

Bolt (protector):
  7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)

\[\text{TIP}\]

3. Inspect:

- Brake fluid level
  Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL" section.

4. Check:

- Brake lever operation
  A softy or spongy feeling → Bleed brake system.
  Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" section.

CHECKING AND REPLACING THE REAR BRAKE PADS

1. Inspect:

  - Brake pad thickness "a"
    Out of specification → Replace as a set.

  Brake pad thickness:
  6.4 mm (0.25 in)
  <Limit>: 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

2. Replace:

  • Brake pad

\[\text{Brake pad replacement steps:}\]

a. Remove the protector "1" and pad pin plug "2".

b. Loosen the pad pin "3".

c. Remove the rear wheel "4" and brake caliper "5".
  Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL" section in the CHAPTER 6.

d. Remove the pad pin "6" and brake pads "7".

e. Connect the transparent hose "8" to the bleed screw "9" and place the suitable container under its end.

f. Loosen the bleed screw and push the brake caliper piston in.
3. Inspect:  
- Brake fluid level  
  Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL" section.

4. Check:  
- Brake pedal operation  
  A softy or spongy feeling → Bleed brake system.  
  Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" section.

CHECKING THE REAR BRAKE PAD INSULATOR  
1. Remove:  
  - Brake pad  
  Refer to "CHECKING AND REPLACING THE REAR BRAKE PADS" section.

2. Inspect:  
  - Rear brake pad insulator "1"  
    Damage → Replace.

CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL  
1. Place the brake master cylinder so that its top is in a horizontal position.

2. Inspect:  
  - Brake fluid level  
    Fluid at lower level → Fill up.

   ![Recommended brake fluid: DOT #4](image)

   **WARNING**  
   - Use only designated quality brake fluid to avoid poor brake performance.  
   - Refill with same type and brand of brake fluid; mixing fluids could result in poor brake performance.  
   - Be sure that water or other contaminants do not enter master cylinder when refilling.  
   - Clean up spilled fluid immediately to avoid erosion of painted surfaces or plastic parts.

   ![Drive chain length (15 links): <Limit>: 239.3 mm (9.42 in)](image)

   **TIP**  
   - While measuring the drive chain length, push down on the drive chain to increase its tension.  
   - Measure the length between drive chain roller "1" and "16" as shown.  
   - Perform this measurement at two or three different places.

3. Clean:  
  - Drive chain  
    Brush off as much dirt as possible. Then clean the drive chain using the chain cleaner.

   **NOTICE**  
   This machine has a drive chain with small rubber O-rings "1" between the side plates. Steam cleaning, high-pressure washes, certain solvent and kerosene can damage these O-rings.

4. Inspect:  
  - O-ring "1" (drive chain)  
    Damage → Replace the drive chain.  
  - Roller "2"  
  - Side plate "3"  
    Damage/wear → Replace the drive chain.

5. Check:  
  - Drive chain stiffness "a"  
    Clean and oil the drive chain and hold as illustrated.  
    Stiff → Replace the drive chain.

6. Install:  
  - Chain joint "1"  
  - O-ring "2"  
  - Drive chain "3"  
  - Link plate "4"
When installing the drive chain, apply the lithium soap base grease on the chain joint and O-rings.

7. Install:
- Link plate

**TIP**
- Press the link plate onto the chain joint using a drive chain riveter "5".
- Rivet the end of the chain joint using a drive chain riveter.
- After riveting the chain joint, make sure its movement is smooth.

8. Lubricate:
- Drive chain

**TIP**
Before checking and/or adjusting, rotate the rear wheel through several revolutions and check the slack several times to find the tightest point. Check and/or adjust the drive chain slack with the rear wheel in this "tight chain" position.

3. Adjust:
- Drive chain slack

**Drive chain slack adjustment**
- Loosen the axle nut "1" and locknuts "2".
- Adjust the drive chain slack by turning the adjusters "3".
- Turn each adjuster exactly the same amount to maintain correct axle alignment. (There are marks "a" on each side of the drive chain puller alignment.) **NOTICE:** Improper drive chain slack will overload the engine as well as other vital parts of the motorcycle and can lead to chain slippage or breakage. To prevent this from occurring, keep the drive chain slack within the specified limits.

**TIP**
Turn the adjuster so that the drive chain is in line with the sprocket, as viewed from the rear.

**Check and/or adjust the drive chain slack with the rear wheel in this "tight chain" position.**

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**TIP**
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CHASSIS

RELIEVING THE FRONT FORK INTERNAL PRESSURE

TIP

If the front fork initial movement feels stiff during a run, relieve the front fork internal pressure.

1. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitable stand under the engine.
2. Remove the air bleed screw “1” and release the internal pressure from the front fork.
3. Install:
   • Air bleed screw

Air bleed screw:
1 Nm (0.1 m·kg, 0.7 ft·lb)

ADJUSTING THE FRONT FORK REBOUND DAMPING FORCE

1. Adjust:
   • Rebound damping force
     By turning the adjuster “1”.
     Stiffer “a” → Increase the rebound damping force. (Turn the adjuster “1” in.)
     Softer “b” → Decrease the rebound damping force. (Turn the adjuster “1” out.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Extent of adjustment:</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fully turned in position</td>
<td>20 clicks out (from maximum position)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• STANDARD POSITION:
  This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-in position.

Standard position: 8 clicks out

NOTICE
Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

WARNING
Always adjust each front fork to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.

ADJUSTING THE FRONT FORK COMPRESSION DAMPING FORCE

1. Remove:
   • Rubber cap
2. Adjust:
   • Compression damping force
     By turning the adjuster “1”.
     Stiffer “a” → Increase the compression damping force. (Turn the adjuster “1” in.)
     Softer “b” → Decrease the compression damping force. (Turn the adjuster “1” out.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Extent of adjustment:</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fully turned in position</td>
<td>20 clicks out (from maximum position)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• STANDARD POSITION:
  This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-in position.

Standard position: 9 clicks out

NOTICE
Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

WARNING
Always adjust each front fork to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.

CHECKING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

ADJUSTING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER SPRING PRELOAD

1. Elevate the rear wheel by placing the suitable stand under the engine.
2. Remove:
   • Rear frame
3. Measure:
   • Spring fitting length

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard fitting length:</th>
<th>I.D. MARK/Q'TY</th>
<th>Length</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pink/1</td>
<td></td>
<td>252.5 mm (9.94 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>* 251.5 mm (9.90 in)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For EUROPE</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TIP
The I.D. mark "a" is marked at the end of the spring.

4. Adjust:
   • Spring preload

ADJUSTING STEPS:
a. Loosen the locknut “1”.

* For EUROPE
b. Loosen the adjuster “2” until there is some clearance between the spring and adjuster.
c. Measure the spring free length “a”.
d. Turn the adjuster “2”.

Stiffer → Increase the spring preload. (Turn the adjuster “2” in.)
Softer → Decrease the spring preload. (Turn the adjuster “2” out.)

### Extent of adjustment:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position in which the spring is turned in 22 mm (0.87 in) from its free length.</th>
<th>Position in which the spring is turned in 1.5 mm (0.06 in) from its free length.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>Minimum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TIP**
- Be sure to remove all dirt and mud from around the locknut and adjuster before adjustment.
- The length of the spring (installed) changes 1.5 mm (0.06 in) per turn of the adjuster.

**NOTICE**
Never attempt to turn the adjuster beyond the maximum or minimum setting.

- Tighten the locknut.

**Locknut:**
- 30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb)

5. Install:
- Rear frame (upper):
  - 38 Nm (3.8 m•kg, 27 ft•lb)
- Rear frame (lower):
  - 32 Nm (3.2 m•kg, 23 ft•lb)

### ADJUSTING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER REBOUND DAMPING FORCE

1. Adjust:
   - Rebound damping force
     - By turning the adjuster “1”.

Stiffer “a” → Increase the rebound damping force. (Turn the adjuster “1” in.)
Softer “b” → Decrease the rebound damping force. (Turn the adjuster “1” out.)

### Extent of adjustment:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fully turned in position</td>
<td>20 clicks out (from maximum position)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**STANDARD POSITION:**
This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-in position. (Which align the punch mark “a” on the adjuster with the punch mark “b” on the bracket.)

**NOTICE**
Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

### ADJUSTING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER LOW COMPRESSION DAMPING FORCE

1. Adjust:
   - Low compression damping force
     - By turning the adjuster “1”.

Stiffer “a” → Increase the low compression damping force. (Turn the adjuster “1” in.)
Softer “b” → Decrease the low compression damping force. (Turn the adjuster “1” out.)

### Extent of adjustment:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fully turned in position</td>
<td>20 clicks out (from maximum position)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**STANDARD POSITION:**
This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-in position. (Which align the punch mark “a” on the high compression damping adjuster.)

**NOTICE**
Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

**FOR AUS, NZ AND ZA**
- About 9 clicks out
**FOR EUROPE**
- About 11 clicks out

**NOTICE**
- Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.
ADJUSTING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER HIGH COMPRESSION DAMPING FORCE

1. Adjust:
   • High compression damping force
     By turning the adjuster “1”.

   **Stiffer “a” → Increase the high compression damping force.**
   **(Turn the adjuster “1” in.)**

   **Softer “b” → Decrease the high compression damping force.**
   **(Turn the adjuster “1” out.)**

   **Standard position:**
   This is the position which is back by the specific number of turns from the fully turned-in position.
   (Which align the punch mark “a” on the adjuster with the punch mark “b” on the adjuster body.)

   **Extent of adjustment:**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 turns out (from maximum position)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   **TIP**
   • Check the tire while it is cold.
   • Loose bead stoppers allow the tire to slip off its position on the rim when the tire pressure is low.
   • A tilted tire valve stem indicates that the tire slips off its position on the rim.
   • If the tire valve stem is found tilted, the tire is considered to be slipping off its position. Correct the tire position.

   **Stiffer “a” → Increase the high compression damping force.**
   **(Turn the adjuster “1” in.)**

   **Softer “b” → Decrease the high compression damping force.**
   **(Turn the adjuster “1” out.)**

   **Standard position:**
   About 1-1/8 turns out
   * About 1-1/4 turns out

   **For AUS, NZ and ZA**

   **NOTICE**
   Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

CHECKING THE WHEELS

1. Inspect:
   • Wheel runout
     Elevate the wheel and turn it.
     Abnormal runout → Replace.

   2. Inspect:
     • Bearing free play
       Exist play → Replace.

CHECKING AND ADJUSTING THE STEERING HEAD

1. Place a stand under the engine to raise the front wheel off the ground. **WARNING! Securely support the vehicle so that there is no danger of it falling over.**

   2. Check:
      • Steering stem
        Grasp the bottom of the forks and gently rock the fork assembly back and forth.
        Free play → Adjust steering head.

   3. Check:
      • Steering smooth action
        Turn the handlebar lock to lock.
        Unsmooth action → Adjust steering ring nut.

CHECKING THE TIRE PRESSURE

1. Measure:
   • Tire pressure
     Out of specification → Adjust.

   **Standard tire pressure:**
   100 kPa (1.0 kgf/cm², 15 psi)

   **Spokes:**
   3 Nm (0.3 m•kg, 2.2 ft•lb)

   **Spoke nipple wrench:**
   YM-01521/90980-01521

   **TIP**
   • A tight spoke will emit a clear, ringing tone; a loose spoke will sound flat.

   **TIP**
   Be sure to retighten these spokes before and after break-in.
4. Adjust:
   • Steering ring nut

   Steer ring nut adjustment steps:
   a. Remove the headlight.
   b. Remove the handlebar and upper bracket.
   c. Loosen the steering ring nut "1" using the steering nut wrench "2".
   d. Tighten the steering ring nut "3" using steering nut wrench "4".
   e. Loosen the steering ring nut one turn.
   f. Retighten the steering ring nut using the steering nut wrench.

   TIP
   • Apply the lithium soap base grease on the thread of the steering stem.
   • Set the torque wrench to the steering nut wrench so that they form a right angle.

   TIP
   • The handlebar upper holder should be installed with the punched mark "a" forward.
   • Install the handlebar so that the marks "b" are in place on both sides.
   • Install the handlebar so that the projection "c" of the handlebar upper holder is positioned at the mark on the handlebar as shown.
   • Insert the end of the fuel breather hose "12" into the hole in the steering stem.

   !! WARNING
   Avoid over-tightening.

   NOTICE
   First tighten the bolts on the front side of the handlebar upper holder, and then tighten the bolts on the rear side.

   Steering stem nut:
   145 Nm (14.5 m•kg, 105 ft•lb)

   Handlebar upper holder:
   28 Nm (2.8 m•kg, 20 ft•lb)

   Pinch bolt (upper bracket):
   21 Nm (2.1 m•kg, 15 ft•lb)

   Headlight:
   7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)
To ensure smooth operation of all components, lubricate your machine during setup, after break-in, and after every ride.

1. All control cable
2. Clutch lever pivot
3. Shift pedal pivot
4. Footrest pivot
5. Throttle-to-handlebar contact
6. Drive chain
7. Tube guide cable winding portion
8. Throttle cable end
9. Clutch cable end
10. Hot starter cable end

A. Use Yamaha cable lube or equivalent on these areas.
B. Use SAE 10W-40 motor oil or suitable chain lubricants.
C. Lubricate the following areas with high quality, lightweight lithium-soap base grease.

**WARNING**
Wipe off any excess grease, and avoid getting grease on the brake discs.
**ELECTRICAL**

**CHECKING THE SPARK PLUG**
1. Remove:
   - Spark plug
2. Inspect:
   - Electrode "1"  
     Wear/damage → Replace.  
   - Insulator color "2"  
     Normal condition is a medium to light tan color.  
     Distinctly different color → Check the engine condition.

**TIP**
When the engine runs for many hours at low speeds, the spark plug insulator will become sooty, even if the engine and carburetor are in good operating condition.

3. Measure:
   - Plug gap "a"  
     Use a wire gauge or thickness gauge.  
     Out of specification → Regap.

4. Clean the plug with a spark plug cleaner if necessary.
5. Tighten:
   - Spark plug

**TIP**
- Before installing a spark plug, clean the gasket surface and plug surface.  
- Finger-tighten "a" the spark plug before torquing to specification "b".

**CHECKING THE IGNITION TIMING**
1. Remove:
   - Timing mark accessing screw "1"

2. Attach:
   - Timing light  
   - Digital tachometer  
     To the ignition coil lead (orange lead "1").

**Timing light:**
YM-33277-A/90890-03141

3. Adjust:
   - Engine idling speed  
     Refer to "ADJUSTING THE ENGINE IDLING SPEED" section.
4. Check:
   - Ignition timing  
     Visually check the stationary pointer "a" is within the firing range "b" on the rotor.  
     Incorrect firing range → Check rotor and pickup assembly.

5. Install:
   - Timing mark accessing screw

**CHECKING AND CHARGING THE BATTERY**

**WARNING**
Batteries generate explosive hydrogen gas and contain electrolyte which is made of poisonous and highly caustic sulfuric acid. Therefore, always follow these preventive measures:
   - Wear protective eye gear when handling or working near batteries.
   - Charge batteries in a well-ventilated area.
   - Keep batteries away from fire, sparks or open flames (e.g., welding equipment, lighted cigarettes).
   - DO NOT SMOKE when charging or handling batteries.
   - KEEP BATTERIES AND ELECTROLYTE OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
   - Avoid bodily contact with electrolyte as it can cause severe burns or permanent eye injury.

**FIRST AID IN CASE OF BODILY CONTACT:**
**EXTERNAL**
- Skin — Wash with water.  
- Eyes — Flush with water for 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

**INTERNAL**
- Drink large quantities of water or milk followed with milk of magnesia, beaten egg or vegetable oil.  
  Get immediate medical attention.

**NOTICE**
Charging time, charging amperage and charging voltage for an MF battery are different from those of conventional batteries. The MF battery should be charged as explained in the charging method illustrations. If the battery is overcharged, the electrolyte level will drop considerably. Therefore, take special care when charging the battery.

**TIP**
Since MF batteries are sealed, it is not possible to check the charge state of the battery by measuring the specific gravity of the electrolyte. Therefore, the charge of the battery has to be checked by measuring the voltage at the battery terminals.

1. Remove:
   - Seat
2. Disconnect:
   - Battery leads  
     (from the battery terminals)

**NOTICE**
First, disconnect the negative battery lead "1", and then the positive battery lead "2".
3. Remove:
- Battery band
- Battery

4. Measure:
- Battery charge

Measurement steps:
- Connect a pocket tester “1” to the battery terminals.
- The charge state of an MF battery can be checked by measuring its open-circuit voltage (i.e., the voltage when the positive terminal is disconnected).
- No charging is necessary when the open-circuit voltage equals or exceeds 12.8 V.

b. Check the charge of the battery, as shown in the charts and the following example.

Example:
- Open-circuit voltage = 12.0 V
- Charging time = 6.5 hours
- Charge of the battery = 20–30%

5. Charge:

- Battery (refer to the appropriate charging method illustration)

To reduce the chance of sparks, do not plug in the battery charger until the battery charger leads are connected to the battery.

Before removing the battery charger lead clips from the battery terminals, be sure to turn off the battery charger.

Make sure the battery charger lead clips are in full contact with the battery terminal and that they are not shorted. A corroded battery charger lead clip may generate heat in the contact area and a weak clip spring may cause sparks.

If the battery becomes hot to the touch at any time during the charging process, disconnect the battery charger and let the battery cool before reconnecting it. Hot batteries can explode!

As shown in the following illustration, the open-circuit voltage of an MF battery stabilizes about 30 minutes after charging has been completed. Therefore, wait 30 minutes after charging is completed before measuring the open-circuit voltage.

**WARNING**
Do not quick charge a battery.

**NOTICE**
- Never remove the MF battery sealing caps.
- Do not use a high-rate battery charger since it forces a high-amperage current into the battery quickly and can cause battery overheating and battery plate damage.
- If it is impossible to regulate the charging current on the battery charger, be careful not to overcharge the battery.
- When charging a battery, be sure to remove it from the machine. (If charging has to be done with the battery mounted on the machine, disconnect the negative battery lead from the battery terminal.)
Charging method using a variable voltage charger

Measure the open-circuit voltage prior to charging.

Connect a charger and ammeter to the battery and start charging.

Is the amperage higher than the standard charging amperage written on the battery?

Adjust the voltage to obtain the standard charging amperage.

Set the timer to the charging time determined by the open-circuit voltage. Refer to "BATTERY INSPECTION AND CHARGING" section.

If the required charging time exceeds 5 hours, it is advisable to check the charging amperage after 5 hours. If there is any change in the amperage, readjust the voltage to obtain the standard charging amperage.

Leave the battery unused for more than 30 minutes before measuring its open-circuit voltage.

12.8 V → Charging is complete.
12.0~12.7 V → Recharging is required.
Under 12.0 V → Replace the battery.

NOTE:
Leave the battery unused for more than 30 minutes before measuring its open-circuit voltage.

NOTE:
Set the charging voltage to 16-17 V. (If the charging voltage is lower, charging will be insufficient, if it is higher, the battery will be over-charged.)

Adjust the charging voltage to 20 ~ 25 V.

Monitor the amperage for 3 ~ 5 minutes. Is the standard charging amperage exceeded?

If the amperage does not exceed the standard charging amperage after 5 minutes, replace the battery.
Charging method using a constant voltage charger

1. Measure the open-circuit voltage prior to charging.

2. Connect a charger and ammeter to the battery and start charging.

3. Is the amperage higher than the standard charging amperage written on the battery?
   - **YES**: Charge the battery until the charging voltage reaches 15 V.
     - **NOTE**: Set the charging time to a maximum of 20 hours.
     - Leave the battery unused for more than 30 minutes before measuring its open-circuit voltage.
       - 12.8 V → Charging is complete.
       - 12.0–12.7 V → Recharging is required.
       - Under 12.0 V → Replace the battery.

   - **NO**: This type of battery charger cannot charge an MF battery. A variable voltage charger is recommended.

**CAUTION:**
Constant amperage chargers are not suitable for charging MF batteries.
6. Install:
   • Battery
   • Battery band
7. Connect:
   • Battery leads
   (to the battery terminals)

**NOTICE**
First, connect the positive lead “1”, then the negative lead “2”.

8. Check:
   • Battery terminals
   Dirt → Clean with a wire brush.
   Loose connection → Connect properly.
9. Lubricate:
   • Battery terminal

**Recommended lubricant:** Lithium soap base grease

10. Install:
    • Seat

**CHECKING THE FUSE**

**NOTICE**
To avoid a short circuit, always set the main switch to “OFF” when checking or replacing a fuse.

1. Remove:
   • Seat
   • Fuse cover
2. Check:
   • Continuity

**Warning**
Checking steps:
   a. Remove the fuse “1”.
   b. Connect the pocket tester to the fuse and check the continuity.

**TIP**
Set the pocket tester selector to “Ω x 1”.

2. Reserve fuse
   c. If the pocket tester indicates “∞”, replace the fuse.

3. Replace:
   • Blown fuse

**Replacement steps:**
   a. Set the main switch to “OFF”.
   b. Install a new fuse of the correct amperage.
   c. Set on the switches to verify if the electrical circuit is operational.
   d. If the fuse immediately blows again, check the electrical circuit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Items</th>
<th>Amperage rating</th>
<th>Q’ty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Main fuse</td>
<td>10 A</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING**
Never use a fuse with an amperage rating other than that specified. Improvising or using a fuse with the wrong amperage rating may cause extensive damage to the electrical system, cause the starting and ignition systems to malfunction and could possibly cause a fire.

4. Install:
   • Fuse cover
   • Seat

**REPLACING THE HEADLIGHT BULBS**

1. Remove:
   • Headlight
   Refer to “REMOVING THE SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS” section.

2. Remove:
   • Headlight bulb holder cover “1”

3. Remove:
   • Headlight bulb holder “1”

**TIP**
Remove the headlight bulb holder by pushing it in and turning it counterclockwise.

4. Remove:
   • Headlight bulb

**WARNING**
Since the headlight bulb gets extremely hot, keep flammable products and your hands away from the bulb unit it has cooled down.

5. Install:
   • Headlight bulb New

**NOTICE**
Avoid touching the glass part of the headlight bulb to keep it free from oil, otherwise the transparency of the glass, the life of the bulb and the luminous flux will be adversely affected. If the headlight bulb gets soiled, thoroughly clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol or lacquer thinner.

6. Install:
   • Headlight bulb holder
7. Install:
   • Headlight bulb holder cover
8. Install:
   • Headlight

**Headlight:**
7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)

Refer to “REMOVING THE SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS” section.
ADJUSTING THE HEADLIGHT BEAMS
1. Adjust:
   • Headlight beam (vertically)

Adjusting steps:
a. Turn the adjusting screw “1” in direction “a” or “b”.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Direction</th>
<th>Effect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>“a”</td>
<td>Headlight beam is raised.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“b”</td>
<td>Headlight beam is lowered.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[Diagram of the headlight beam adjustment process]
TUNING
ENGINE (Except for Canada)
CARBURETOR SETTING
• The air/fuel mixture will vary depending on atmospheric conditions. Therefore, it is necessary to take into consideration the air pressure, ambient temperature, humidity, etc., when adjusting the carburetor.
• Perform a test run to check for proper engine performance (e.g., throttle response) and spark plug(-s) discoloration or fouling. Use these readings to determine the best possible carburetor setting.

TIP
It is recommended to keep a record of all carburetor settings and external conditions (e.g., atmospheric conditions, track/surface conditions, lap times) to make future carburetor setting easier.

WARNING
• The carburetor is a part of the fuel line. Therefore, be sure to install it in a well-ventilated area, away from flammable objects and any sources of fire.
• Never look into the carburetor intake. Flames may shoot out from the pipe if the engine backfires while it is being started. Gasoline may be discharged from the accelerator pump nozzle when the carburetor has been removed.

NOTICE
• The carburetor is extremely sensitive to foreign matter (dirt, sand, water, etc.). During installation, do not allow foreign matter to get into the carburetor.
• Always handle the carburetor and its components carefully. Even slight scratches, bends or damage to carburetor parts may prevent the carburetor from functioning correctly. Carefully perform all servicing with the appropriate tools and without applying excessive force.
• When the engine is stopped or when riding at no load, do not open and close the throttle unnecessarily. Otherwise, too much fuel may be discharged, starting may become difficult or the engine may not run well.

• After installing the carburetor, check that the throttle operates correctly and opens and closes smoothly.

ATMOSPHERIC CONDITIONS AND CARBURETOR SETTINGS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Air temp.</th>
<th>Humidity</th>
<th>Air pressure (altitude)</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
<th>Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High</td>
<td>High</td>
<td>Low (high)</td>
<td>Richer</td>
<td>Leaner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low</td>
<td>Low</td>
<td>High (low)</td>
<td>Leaner</td>
<td>Richer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TIP
The air density (i.e., concentration of oxygen in the air) determines the richness or leanness of the air/fuel mixture.
• Higher temperature expands the air with its resultant reduced density.
• Higher humidity reduces the amount of oxygen in the air by so much of the water vapor in the same air.
• Lower atmospheric pressure (at a high altitude) reduces the density of the air.

EFFECT OF SETTING PARTS IN RELATION TO THROTTLE VALVE OPENING

ADJUSTING THE MAIN JET
The richness of the air-fuel mixture at full throttle can be set by changing the main jet #1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard main jet</th>
<th>#162</th>
<th>#160</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
* For EUROPE

If the air-fuel mixture is too rich or too lean, the engine power will drop, resulting in poor acceleration.

Effects of changing the main jet (reference)

A. Closed
B. Fully open
1. Pilot jet
2. Throttle valve cutaway
3. Jet needle
4. Main jet
ADJUSTING THE PILOT JET
The richness of the air-fuel mixture with the throttle open 1/4 or less can be set by adjusting the pilot jet "1".

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard pilot jet</th>
<th>#45 * #48</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

* For EUROPE

Effects of adjusting the pilot jet (reference)

A. Idle
B. Fully open
1. #48
2. #42
3. #45

ADJUSTING THE JET NEEDLE GROOVE POSITION
Adjusting the jet needle "1" position affects the acceleration when the throttle is 1/8 to 3/4 open.

1. Too rich at intermediate speeds
   - Rough engine operation is felt and the engine will not pick up speed smoothly.
   - Step up the jet needle clip by one groove and move down the needle to lean out the mixture.

2. Too lean at intermediate speeds
   - The engine breathes hard and will not pick up speed quickly.
   - Step down the jet needle clip by one groove and move up the needle to enrich the mixture.

Effects of changing the jet needle groove position (reference)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1/4</th>
<th>1/2</th>
<th>3/4</th>
<th>5/8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0%</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10%</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A. Idle
B. Fully open
1. No.5 groove
2. No.3 groove
3. No.4 groove

ADJUSTING THE JET NEEDLE
The jet needle is adjusted by changing it.

Supplied jet needle GDDSQ * GDDUQ

* For EUROPE

ADJUSTING THE LEAK JET (ADJUSTING THE ACCELERATOR PUMP)
The leak jet "1" is a setting part that adjusts the flow of fuel discharged by the accelerator pump. Since the accelerator pump operates only when throttle is open, the leak jet is used to adjust a fuel mixture ratio for quick throttle opening and is therefore different from other setting parts that adjust a fuel mixture for each throttle opening (each engine speed).

1. When the engine breathes hard in quick throttle opening, select a leak jet having lower calibrating No. than standard to enrich the mixture. <Example> #60 → #55

2. When rough engine operation is felt in quick throttle opening, select a leak jet having higher calibrating No. than standard to lean out the mixture. <Example> #60 → #65

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard leak jet</th>
<th>#60</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Effects of changing the jet needle (reference)
(Diameter of the straight portion)
Changing the diameter of the straight portion adjusts the air-fuel mixture when the throttle is 1/8 to 1/4 open.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1/4</th>
<th>1/2</th>
<th>3/4</th>
<th>5/8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0%</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10%</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A. Idle
B. Fully open

RELATIONSHIP WITH THROTTLE OPENING
The flow of the fuel through the carburetor main system is controlled by the main jet and then, it is further regulated by the area between the main nozzle and the jet needle.
The fuel flow relates to the diameter of the straight portion of the jet needle with the throttle 1/8 to 1/4 open and relates to the clip position with the throttle 1/8 to 3/4 open.
Therefore, the fuel flow is balanced at each stage of throttle opening by the combination of the jet needle straight portion diameter and clip position.
## CARBURETOR SETTING PARTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Main jet Size</th>
<th>Part number (-14943-)</th>
<th>Rich</th>
<th>#185 4MX-44</th>
<th>#182 4MX-94</th>
<th>#180 4MX-43</th>
<th>#178 4MX-93</th>
<th>#175 4MX-42</th>
<th>#172 4MX-92</th>
<th>#170 4MX-41</th>
<th>#168 4MX-91</th>
<th>#165 4MX-40</th>
<th>#162 4MX-90</th>
<th>#160 4MX-39</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(STD)</td>
<td>(*) (STD) Lean</td>
<td>Lean</td>
<td>#60 4JT-11</td>
<td>#65 4JT-13</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilot jet</td>
<td>Size</td>
<td>Part number (-14948-)</td>
<td>Rich</td>
<td>#55 4MX-09</td>
<td>#52 4MX-08</td>
<td>#50 4MX-07</td>
<td>#48 4MX-06</td>
<td>#45 4MX-05</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jet needle</td>
<td>Size</td>
<td>Part number (-14916-)</td>
<td>Rich</td>
<td>GDDUM 5TJ-9M</td>
<td>GDDUN 5TJ-9N</td>
<td>GDDUP 5TJ-9P</td>
<td>GDDUQ 5TJ-91</td>
<td>GDDUR 5TJ-9R</td>
<td>GDDUS 5TJ-9S</td>
<td>GDDUT 5TJ-9T</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Lean</td>
<td>GDDSM 5TJ-AM</td>
<td>GDDSN 5TJ-AN</td>
<td>GDDSP 5TJ-AP</td>
<td>GDDSQ 5TJ-A1</td>
<td>GDDSR 5TJ-AR</td>
<td>GDDSS 5TJ-AS</td>
<td>GDDST 5TJ-AT</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Leak jet Size

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Leak jet Size</th>
<th>Part number (-1494F-)</th>
<th>Rich</th>
<th>#35 4JT-01</th>
<th>#40 4JT-03</th>
<th>#45 4JT-05</th>
<th>#50 4JT-07</th>
<th>#55 4JT-09</th>
<th>(STD) #60 4JT-11</th>
<th>Lean #65 4JT-13</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

* For EUROPE
EXAMPLES OF CARBURETOR SETTING DEPENDING ON SYMPTOM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Checking</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At full throttle</td>
<td>Increase main jet calibration no. (Gradually)</td>
<td>Discoloration of spark plug → If tan color, it is in good condition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hard breathing</td>
<td></td>
<td>If cannot be corrected: Clogged float valve seat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shearing noise</td>
<td></td>
<td>Clogged fuel hose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whitish spark plug ↓</td>
<td></td>
<td>Clogged fuel cock</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lean mixture</td>
<td></td>
<td>Check that the accelerator pump operates smoothly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At full throttle</td>
<td>Decrease main jet calibration no. (Gradually)</td>
<td>Discoloration of spark plug → If tan color, it is in good condition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed pick-up stops</td>
<td></td>
<td>If cannot be corrected: Clogged air filter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slow speed pick-up</td>
<td></td>
<td>Fuel overflow from carburetor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slow response</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sooty spark plug ↓</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rich mixture</td>
<td>Lower jet needle clip position. (1 groove down)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lean mixture</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rich mixture</td>
<td>Raise jet needle clip position. (1 groove up)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/4–3/4 throttle</td>
<td>Lower jet needle clip position. (1 groove down)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hard breathing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lack of speed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/4–1/2 throttle</td>
<td>Raise jet needle clip position. (1 groove up)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slow speed pick-up</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor acceleration</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closed to 1/4 throttle</td>
<td>Use jet needle with a smaller diameter.</td>
<td>Slow-speed-circuit passage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hard breathing</td>
<td></td>
<td>Clogged → Clean.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed down</td>
<td></td>
<td>Overflow from carburetor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closed to 1/4 throttle</td>
<td>Use jet needle with a larger diameter.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor acceleration</td>
<td>Raise jet needle clip position. (1 groove up)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor response in the low to intermediate speeds</td>
<td>Raise jet needle clip position. If this has no effect, lower the jet needle clip position.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor response when throttle is opened quickly</td>
<td>Check overall settings. Use main jet with a lower calibration no. Raise jet needle clip position. (1 groove up) If these have no effect, use a main jet with a higher calibration no. and lower the jet needle clip position.</td>
<td>Check air filter for fouling. Check that the accelerator pump operates smoothly.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TIP**

This should be taken simply for an example. It is necessary to set the carburetor while checking the operating conditions of the engine.
CHASSIS

SELECTION OF THE SECONDARY REDUCTION RATIO (SPROCKET)

Secondary reduction ratio = Number of rear wheel sprocket teeth/Number of drive sprocket teeth

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard secondary reduction ratio</th>
<th>50/13 (3.846)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>(STD) 47/14 (3.357)</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* For EUROPE

<Requirement for selection of secondary gear reduction ratio>

- It is generally said that the secondary gear ratio should be reduced for a longer straight portion of a speed course and should be increased for a course with many corners. Actually, however, as the speed depends on the ground condition of the day of the ride, be sure to run through the circuit to set the machine suitable for the entire course.

- In actuality, it is very difficult to achieve settings suitable for the entire course and some settings may be sacrificed. Thus, the settings should be matched to the portion of the course that has the greatest effect on the ride result. In such a case, run through the entire course while making notes of lap times to find the best balance; then, determine the secondary reduction ratio.

- If a course has a long straight portion where a machine can run at maximum speed, the machine is generally set such that it can develop its maximum revolutions toward the end of the straight line, with care taken to avoid the engine over-revving.

TIP

Riding technique varies from rider to rider and the performance of a machine also vary from machine to machine. Therefore, do not imitate other rider’s settings from the beginning but choose your own setting according to the level of your riding technique.

DRIVE AND REAR WHEEL SPROCKETS SETTING PARTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Part number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Drive sprocket</td>
<td><em>(STD)</em> 13T</td>
<td>9383E-13233</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>*(STD) 13T</td>
<td>5TJ-17460-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>*(STD) 14T</td>
<td>9383E-14215</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>*(STD) 14T</td>
<td>5NG-17460-00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* For AUS and NZ
** For EUROPE

TIRE PRESSURE

Tire pressure should be adjust to suit the road surface condition of the circuit.

- Under a rainy, muddy, sandy, or slippery condition, the tire pressure should be lower for a larger area of contact with the road surface.

- Under a stony or hard road condition, the tire pressure should be higher to prevent a flat tire.

FRONT FORK SETTING

The front fork setting should be made depending on the rider’s feeling of an actual run and the circuit conditions. The front fork setting includes the following three factors:

1. Setting of air spring characteristics
   - Change the fork oil level.
2. Setting of spring preload
   - Change the spring.
   - Install the adjustment washer.
3. Setting of damping force
   - Change the compression damping.
   - Change the rebound damping.
   The spring acts on the load and the damping force acts on the cushion travel speed.

CHANGE IN LEVEL AND CHARACTERISTICS OF FORK OIL

Damping characteristic near the final stroke can be changed by changing the fork oil amount.

NOTICE

Adjust the oil level in 5 mm (0.2 in) increments or decrements. Too low oil level causes the front fork to produce a noise at full rebound or the rider to feel some pressure on his hands or body. Alternatively, too high oil level will develop unexpectedly early oil lock with the consequent shorter front fork travel and deteriorated performance and characteristics. Therefore, adjust the front fork within the specified range.
A. Air spring characteristics in relation to oil level change
B. Load
C. Stroke
   1. Max. oil level
   2. Standard oil level
   3. Min. oil level

**ADJUSTING THE SPRING PRELOAD**
The spring preload is adjusted by installing the adjustment washer “1” between the fork spring “2” and damper rod “3”.

**NOTICE**
Do not install three or more adjustment washers for each front fork.

**WARNING**
Always adjust each front fork to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.
CHOOSING SET LENGTH
1. Place a stand or block under the engine to put the rear wheel above the floor, and measure the length "a" between the rear wheel axle center and the rear fender holding bolt.
2. Remove the stand or block from the engine and with a rider astride the seat, measure the sunken length "b" between the rear wheel axle center and the rear fender holding bolt.
3. Loosen the locknut "1" and make adjustment by turning the spring adjuster "2" to achieve the standard figure from the subtraction of the length "b" from the length "a".

Standard figure: 90–100 mm (3.5–3.9 in)

TIP
• If the machine is new and after it is broken in, the same set length of the spring may change because of the initial fatigue, etc. of the spring. Therefore, be sure to make reevaluation.
• If the standard figure cannot be achieved by adjusting the spring adjuster and changing the spring set length, replace the spring with an optional one and make re-adjustment.

SETTING OF SPRING AFTER REPLACEMENT
After replacement, be sure to adjust the spring to the set length [sunken length 90–100 mm (3.5–3.9 in)] and set it.
1. Use of soft spring
   • Set the soft spring for less rebound damping to compensate for its less spring load. Run with the rebound damping adjuster one or two clicks on the softer side and readjust it to suit your preference.
2. Use of stiff spring
   • Set the soft spring for more rebound damping to compensate for its greater spring load. Run with the rebound damping adjuster one or two clicks on the stiffer side and readjust it to suit your preference.

TIP
Adjusting the rebound damping will be followed more or less by a change in the compression damping. For correction, turn the low compression damping adjuster on the softer side.

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TYPE</th>
<th>SPRING RATE</th>
<th>SPRING PART NUMBER (-22212-)</th>
<th>I.D. MARK/ Q'TY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOFT</td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>5UN-00 Brown/1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>5UN-10 Green/1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>5UN-20 Red/1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>5UN-30 Black/1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>5UN-40 Blue/1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>5UN-50 Yellow/1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STD</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>5UN-60 Pink/1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STIFF</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>5UN-70 White/1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TIP
• The I.D. mark "a" is marked at the end of the spring.
• Spring specification varies according to the color and quantity of I.D. marks.

NOTICE
When using a rear shock absorber other than currently installed, use the one whose overall length "a" does not exceed the standard as it may result in faulty performance. Never use one whose overall length is greater than standard.

Length "a" of standard shock: 488.5 mm (19.23 in)
### Extent of adjustment (spring preload)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SPRING PART NUMBER (-22212-)</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5UN-00 5UN-10 5UN-20 5UN-30</td>
<td>Position in which the spring is turned in 20 mm (0.79 in) from its free length.</td>
<td>Position in which the spring is turned in 1.5 mm (0.06 in) from its free length.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5UN-40 5UN-50 5UN-60 5UN-70</td>
<td>Position in which the spring is turned in 22 mm (0.87 in) from its free length.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TIP**

For the spring preload adjustment, refer to "ADJUSTING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER SPRING PRELOAD" in the CHAPTER 3.
CHASSIS

**SUSPENSION SETTING (FRONT FORK)**

**TIP**
- If any of the following symptoms is experienced with the standard position as the base, make resetting by reference to the adjustment procedure given in the same chart.
- Before any change, set the rear shock absorber sunken length to the standard figure 90–100 mm (3.5–3.9 in).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Check</th>
<th>Adjust</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Jump</td>
<td>Large gap</td>
<td>Medium gap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stiff over entire range</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsmooth movement over entire range</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor initial movement</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soft over entire range, bottoming out</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stiff toward stroke end</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soft toward stroke end, bottoming out</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stiff initial movement</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low front, tending to lower front posture</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Obtrusive&quot; front, tending to upper front posture</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### SUSPENSION SETTING (REAR SHOCK ABSORBER)

**TIP**
- If any of the following symptoms is experienced with the standard position as the base, make resetting by reference to the adjustment procedure given in the same chart.
- Adjust the rebound damping in 2-click increments or decrements.
- Adjust the low compression damping in 1-click increments or decrements.
- Adjust the high compression damping in 1/6 turn increments or decrements.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Check</th>
<th>Adjust</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Jump</td>
<td>Large gap</td>
<td>Medium gap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stiff, tending to sink</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spongy and unstable</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heavy and dragging</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor road gripping</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bottoming out</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bouncing</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stiff travel</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ENGINE

TIP
This section is intended for those who have basic knowledge and skill concerning the servicing of Yamaha motorcycles (e.g., Yamaha dealers, service engineers, etc.) Those who have little knowledge and skill concerning servicing are requested not to undertake inspection, adjustment, disassembly, or reassembly only by reference to this manual. It may lead to servicing trouble and mechanical damage.

RADIATOR

REMOVING THE RADIATOR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Drain the coolant.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;CHANGING THE COOLANT&quot; section in the CHAPTER 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Seat, fuel tank and left side cover</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;REMOVING THE SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS&quot; section in the CHAPTER 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exhaust pipe</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;REMOVING THE EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER&quot; section in the CHAPTER 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Radiator guard</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Radiator hose clamp</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Right radiator</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Radiator hose 2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Radiator hose 3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Order</td>
<td>Part name</td>
<td>Q'ty</td>
<td>Remarks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Radiator hose 4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Pipe 2/O-ring</td>
<td>1/1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Catch tank hose</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Left radiator</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Radiator hose 1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Pipe 1/O-ring</td>
<td>1/1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Catch tank breather hose</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Catch tank</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**HANDLING NOTE**

**WARNING**
Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury. When the engine has cooled, open the radiator cap by the following procedure:

Place a thick rag, like a towel, over the radiator cap, slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent. This procedure allows any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning counterclockwise and remove it.

**CHECKING THE RADIATOR**
1. Inspect:
   - Radiator core "1"
     - Obstruction → Blow out with compressed air through rear of the radiator.
     - Bent fin → Repair/replace.

**INSTALLING THE RADIATOR**
1. Install:
   - Pipe 1 "1"

   | Pipe 1: 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb) |
   |---|---|
   | Radiator hose 1 "2" |
   | 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb) |

   - Pipe 2 "3"

   | Pipe 2: 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb) |
   |---|---|
   | Radiator hose 3 "4" |
   | 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb) |

   - Radiator hose 4 "5"

   | Radiator hose 4: 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb) |

2. Install:
   - Radiator hose 2 "1"

   | Radiator hose 2: 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb) |
   |---|---|
   | Left radiator "2"

   | Left radiator: 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb) |

3. Install:
   - Catch tank hose "1"

   | Catch tank hose "1" |

4. Install:
   - Radiator guard "1"

5. Install:
   - Catch tank "1"
   - Bolt (catch tank) "2"

   | Bolt (catch tank): 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb) |

   - Bolt (catch tank) "3"

   | Bolt (catch tank): 16 Nm (1.6 m•kg, 11 ft•lb) |

   - Catch tank hose "4"
   - Catch tank breather hose "5"

Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.

**TIP**
First fit the inner hook portion "a" and then the outer one "b" onto the radiator.

| Right radiator: 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb) |

Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.
### CARBURETOR

#### REMOVING THE CARBURETOR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Seat and fuel tank</td>
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<td>Refer to &quot;REMOVING THE SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS&quot; section in the CHAPTER 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Rear shock absorber</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to &quot;REAR SHOCK ABSORBER&quot; section in the CHAPTER 6.</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Throttle position sensor lead coupler</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Loosen the screw (air filter joint).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Throttle cable</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Loosen the screws (carburetor joint).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Clamp (air filter joint)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Loosen the screw (air filter joint).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Clamp (carburetor joint)</td>
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<td>Loosen the screws (carburetor joint).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Hot starter plunger</td>
<td>1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Carburetor</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Cylinder head breather pipe</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Cylinder head breather hose 1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Cylinder head breather hose 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Cylinder head breather hose 3</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Torque Specifications:**
- 4 Nm (0.4 m·kg, 2.9 ft·lb)
- 2 Nm (0.2 m·kg, 1.4 ft·lb)
- 11 Nm (1.1 m·kg, 8.0 ft·lb)
- 4 Nm (0.4 m·kg, 2.9 ft·lb)
- 3 Nm (0.3 m·kg, 2.2 ft·lb)
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<tr>
<th>Order</th>
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<th>Remarks</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Bracket (cylinder head breather pipe)</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Carburetor joint</td>
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## DISASSEMBLING THE CARBURETOR

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<th>Remarks</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Carburetor breather hose</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Valve lever housing cover</td>
<td>1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Screw (throttle shaft)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Throttle valve</td>
<td>1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Needle holder</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Jet needle</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Accelerator pump cover</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Diaphragm (accelerator pump)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Air cut valve cover</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Spring (air cut valve)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Diaphragm (air cut valve)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Float chamber</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Leak jet</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Pilot screw (For EUROPE)</td>
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<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
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<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Float pin</td>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Float</td>
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<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Needle valve</td>
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<tr>
<td>Order</td>
<td>Part name</td>
<td>Q'ty</td>
<td>Remarks</td>
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<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Main jet</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Needle jet</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Spacer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Pilot jet</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Starter jet</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Push rod</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Pull the push rod.</td>
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<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Throttle shaft assembly</td>
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<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Push rod link lever assembly</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Pilot air jet</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Cold starter plunger</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
HANDLING NOTE

Do not loosen the screw (throttle position sensor) “1” except when changing the throttle position sensor due to failure because it will cause a drop in engine performance.

REMOVING THE PILOT SCREW (For EUROPE)
1. Remove:
   • Pilot screw “1”

TIP
To optimize the fuel flow at a small throttle opening, each machine’s pilot screw has been individually set at the factory. Before removing the pilot screw, turn it in fully and count the number of turns. Record this number as the factory-set number of turns out.

CHECKING THE CARBURETOR
1. Inspect:
   • Carburetor body
     Contamination → Clean.

   TIP
   • Use a petroleum based solvent for cleaning. Blow out all passages and jets with compressed air.
   • Never use a wire.

2. Inspect:
   • Main jet “1”
   • Pilot jet “2”
   • Needle jet “3”
   • Starter jet “4”
   • Pilot air jet “5”
   • Leak jet “6”
     Damage → Replace.
     Contamination → Clean.

TIP
• Use a petroleum based solvent for cleaning. Blow out all passages and jets with compressed air.
• Never use a wire.

CHECKING THE JET NEEDLE
1. Inspect:
   • Jet needle “1”
     Bends/wear → Replace.
   • Clip groove
     Free play exists/wear → Replace.

2. Inspect:
   • Main jet “1”
   • Pilot jet “2”
   • Needle jet “3”
   • Starter jet “4”
   • Pilot air jet “5”
   • Leak jet “6”
     Damage → Replace.
     Contamination → Clean.

CHECKING THE NEEDLE VALVE
1. Inspect:
   • Needle valve “1”
   • Valve seat “2”
     Grooved wear “a” → Replace.
     Dust “b” → Clean.
   • Filter “c”
     Clogged → Clean.

CHECKING THE THROTTLE VALVE
1. Check:
   • Free movement
     Stick → Repair or replace.

TIP
Insert the throttle valve “1” into the carburetor body, and check for free movement.

CHECKING THE FLOAT HEIGHT
1. Measure:
   • Float height “a”
     Out of specification → Adjust.

Measurement and adjustment steps:
   a. Hold the carburetor in an upside down position.

TIP
• Slowly tilt the carburetor in the opposite direction, then take the measurement when the needle valve aligns with the float arm.
• If the carburetor is level, the weight of the float will push in the needle valve, resulting in an incorrect measurement.

2. Measure the distance between the mating surface of the float chamber and top of the float using a vernier calipers.

TIP
The float arm should be resting on the needle valve, but not compressing the needle valve.

3. If the float height is not within specification, inspect the valve seat and needle valve.
4. If either is worn, replace them both.
CARBURETOR

e. If both are fine, adjust the float height by bending the float tab “b” on the float.

f. Recheck the float height.

CHECKING THE FLOAT
1. Inspect:
   • Float “1”
     Damage → Replace.

CHECKING THE STARTER PLUNGER
1. Inspect:
   • Cold starter plunger “1”
   • Hot starter plunger “2”
     Wear/damage → Replace.

CHECKING THE ACCELERATOR PUMP
1. Inspect:
   • Diaphragm (accelerator pump) “1”
   • Spring (accelerator pump) “2”
   • Accelerator pump cover “3”
   • O-ring “4”
   • Push rod “5”
     Tears (diaphragm)/damage → Replace.
     Dirt → Clean.

ASSEMBLING THE CARBURETOR
1. Install:
   • Cold starter plunger
2. Install:
   • Pilot air jet “1”

3. Install:
   • Spring 1 “1”
   • Lever 1 “2”
     To lever 2 “3”.
     TIP
     Make sure the spring 1 fits on the stopper “a” of the lever 2.

4. Install:
   • Spring 2 “1”
     To lever 2 “2”.

5. Install:
   • Push rod link lever assembly “1”

   TIP
   Make sure the stopper “a” of the spring 2 fits into the recess “b” in the carburetor.

6. Install:
   • Washer “1”
   • Circlip “2”

7. Install:
   • Spring “1”
     To throttle shaft “2”.

   TIP
   Install the bigger hook “a” of the spring fits on the stopper “b” of the throttle shaft pulley.

8. Install:
   • Throttle shaft assembly “1”
   • Washer (metal) “2”
   • Washer (resin) “3”
   • Valve lever “4”
5-10

CARBURETOR

9. Install:
- Push rod "1"

10. Install:
- Starter jet "1"
- Pilot jet "2"
- Spacer "3"
- Needle jet "4"
- Main jet "5"

11. Install:
- Needle valve "1"
- Float "2"
- Float pin "3"

12. Install: (For EUROPE)
- Pilot screw "1"
- Spring "2"
- Washer "3"
- O-ring "4"

13. Install:
- O-ring
- Leak jet "1"
- Float chamber "2"
- Bolt (float chamber) "3"
- Cable holder (throttle stop screw cable) "4"
- Hose holder (carburetor breather hose) "5"

14. Install:
- Diaphragm (air cut valve) "1"
- Spring (air cut valve) "2"
- O-ring "3"
- Air cut valve cover "4"
- Holder (cylinder head breather hose) "5"
- Screw (air cut valve cover) "6"

15. Install:
- Diaphragm (accelerator pump) "1"
- Spring "2"
- O-ring "3"
- Accelerator pump cover "4"
- Hose holder (drain hose) "5"
- Screw (accelerator pump cover) "6"

**TIP**
- After installing the needle valve to the float, install them to the carburetor.
- Check the float for smooth movement.

16. Install:
- O-ring
- Leak jet "1"
- Float chamber "2"
- Bolt (float chamber) "3"
- Cable holder (throttle stop screw cable) "4"
- Hose holder (carburetor breather hose) "5"

**Note the following installation points:**
- Turn in the pilot screw until it is lightly seated.
- Turn out the pilot screw by the number of turns recorded before removing.

**TIP**
- Install the diaphragm (accelerator pump) with its mark "a" facing the spring.

---

**Pilot screw (example): 2 turns out**

---

---
16. Install:
- Jet needle “1”
- Collar “2”
- Spring “3”
- Needle holder “4”
- Throttle valve plate “5”
To throttle valve “6”.

17. Install:
- Throttle valve assembly “1”
- Screw (throttle shaft) “2”
TIP
Install the valve lever rollers “3” into
the slits “a” of the throttle valve.

18. Install:
- O-ring “1”
- Valve lever housing cover “2”
- Bolt (valve lever housing cover) “3”

19. Install:
- Carburetor breather hose “1”
TIP
Install the carburetor breather hoses
to the carburetor so that the hoses do
not bend near where they are in-
stalled.

ADJUSTING THE ACCELERATOR PUMP TIMING

Adjustment steps:

TIP
In order for the throttle valve height “a” to achieve the specified value,
tuck under the throttle valve plate “1”
the rod “2” etc. with the same outer di-
ameter as the specified value.

Throttle valve height: 3.1 mm (0.122 in)

a. Fully turn in the accelerator pump
adjusting screw “3”.
b. Check that the link lever “4” has
free play “b” by pushing lightly on
it.
c. Gradually turn out the adjusting
screw while moving the link lever
until it has no more free play.

INSTALLING THE CARBURETOR
1. Install:
- Carburetor joint “1”
- Bracket (cylinder head breather
pipe) “2”
- Bolt (carburetor joint) “3”

2. Install:
- Carburetor “1”

TIP
Install the projection “a” between the
carburetor joint slots.

3. Install:
- Hot starter plunger “1”

Hot starter plunger: 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)

4. Tighten:
- Bolt (carburetor joint) “1”
- Bolt (air filter joint) “2”

Bolt (carburetor joint): 3 Nm (0.3 m•kg, 2.2 ft•lb)
Bolt (air filter joint): 3 Nm (0.3 m•kg, 2.2 ft•lb)

Bolt (carburetor joint): 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)
- Cylinder head breather pipe “4”
- Cylinder head breather hose 1 “5”
- Cylinder head breather hose 2 “6”
- Cylinder head breather hose 3 “7”
5. Install:
- Throttle cable (pull) "1"

   Throttle cable (pull):
   4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)

- Throttle cable (return) "2"

   Throttle cable (return):
   11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)

6. Adjust:
- Throttle grip free play
  Refer to "ADJUSTING THE
  THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY"
  section in the CHAPTER 3.

7. Install:
- Throttle cable cover "1"
- Bolt (throttle cable cover) "2"

   Bolt (throttle cable cover):
   4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)

8. Install:
- Throttle position sensor lead coupler "1"
- Clamp "2"
  Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.

9. Install:
- Clamp "1"
  Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.
### AIR INDUCTION SYSTEM

#### REMOVING THE AIR INDUCTION SYSTEM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Bracket</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Air cut-off valve assembly</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Air induction hose (air cut-off valve - front of cylinder head)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Air induction pipe</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Gasket</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Air induction hose (air cut-off valve - rear of cylinder head)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Air induction hose (air cut-off valve - air filter case)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)*

*10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)*
CHECKING THE AIR INDUCTION SYSTEM

1. Inspect:
   - Air induction hose
     Crack/damage → Replace.
   - Air induction pipe
     Crack/damage → Replace.

2. Check:
   - Operation of air cut valve
     Pass air through the pipe and check the air cut valve for operation.
     Does not meet the following condition → Replace the air cut valve assembly.

| "a" to "b" | Air passes. |
| "b" to "a" | Air does not pass. |
| "a" to "b" | Air does not pass when specified pressure is on "c". |

TIP
- Blow in air to check for operation.
- When using vacuum, check by the use of the vacuum/pressure pump gauge set "1".

Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set:
YB-35956-A/90890-06756

Vacuum specifying pressure:
46.7–86.7 kPa (350–650 mmHg, 13.8–25.6 inHg)

NOTICE
When using vacuum on the pipe "c", take care not to exceed the specified value.

a. From air filter
b. To cylinder head (exhaust port)
c. From cylinder head (intake port)
A. Check for induction from air filter.
B. Check for prevention of backflow into air filter.
C. Check for prevention of afterburn. (When throttle is closed at sudden deceleration)
### CAMSHAFTS

#### REMOVING THE CYLINDER HEAD COVER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Seat and fuel tank</td>
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<td>Refer to &quot;REMOVING THE SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS&quot; section in the CHAPTER 3.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Air cut-off valve assembly</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;AIR INDUCTION SYSTEM&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Engine upper bracket (right)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;ENGINE REMOVAL&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Engine upper bracket (left)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Spark plug</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Cylinder head breather hose</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Bolt (cylinder head cover)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Cylinder head cover</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Cylinder head cover gasket</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **13 Nm (1.3 m·kg, 9.4 ft·lb)**
- **10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)**
# CAMSHAFTS

## REMOVING THE CAMSHAFTS

![Diagram showing the removal of camshafts](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Timing mark accessing screw</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Crankshaft end accessing screw</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Timing chain tensioner cap bolt</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Timing chain tensioner</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Gasket</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Bolt (camshaft cap)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Camshaft cap</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Clip</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Exhaust camshaft</td>
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<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Intake camshaft</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Torque Specifications:**
- 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)
- 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)
- 6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)
- 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)
REMOVING THE CAMSHAFT

1. Remove:
   • Timing mark accessing screw "1"
   • Crankshaft end accessing screw "2"

2. Align:
   • T.D.C. mark
   With align mark.

Checking steps:
   a. Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise with a wrench.
   b. Align the T.D.C. mark "a" on the rotor with the align mark "b" on the crankcase cover when piston is at T.D.C. on compression stroke.

**TIP**
In order to be sure that the piston is at Top Dead Center, the punch mark "c" on the exhaust camshaft and the punch mark "d" on the intake camshaft must align with the cylinder head surface, as shown in the illustration.

3. Remove:
   • Timing chain tensioner cap bolt "1"
   • Timing chain tensioner "2"
   • Gasket

4. Remove:
   • Bolt (camshaft cap) "1"
   • Camshaft cap "2"
   • Clip

**TIP**
Remove the bolts (camshaft cap) in a crisscross pattern, working from the outside in.

**NOTICE**
The bolts (camshaft cap) must be removed evenly to prevent damage to the cylinder head, camshafts or camshaft caps.

5. Remove:
   • Exhaust camshaft "1"
   • Intake camshaft "2"

**TIP**
Attach a wire "3" to the timing chain to prevent it from falling into the crankcase.

CHECKING THE CAMSHAFT

1. Inspect:
   • Cam lobe
     Pitting/scratches/blue discoloration → Replace.

2. Measure:
   • Cam lobe length "a" and "b"
   Out of specification → Replace.

Cam lobe length:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Intake &quot;a&quot;:</th>
<th>&lt;Limit&gt;:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30.100–30.200 mm</td>
<td>30.000 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(1.1850–1.1890 in)</td>
<td>(1.1811 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intake &quot;b&quot;:</td>
<td>&lt;Limit&gt;:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>22.450–22.550 mm</td>
<td>22.350 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.8839–0.8878 in)</td>
<td>(0.8799 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exhaust &quot;a&quot;:</td>
<td>&lt;Limit&gt;:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30.200–30.300 mm</td>
<td>30.100 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(1.1890–1.1929 in)</td>
<td>(1.1850 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exhaust &quot;b&quot;:</td>
<td>&lt;Limit&gt;:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>22.450–22.550 mm</td>
<td>22.350 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.8839–0.8878 in)</td>
<td>(0.8799 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Measure:
• Runout (camshaft)
Out of specification → Replace.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Runout (camshaft):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Measure:
• Camshaft-to-cap clearance
Out of specification → Measure camshaft outside diameter.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Camshaft-to-cap clearance:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.028–0.062 mm (0.0011–0.0024 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;Limit&gt;: 0.08 mm (0.003 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Measurements:

- a. Install the camshaft onto the cylinder head.
- b. Position a strip of Plastigauge® "1" onto the camshaft.
- c. Install the clip, dowel pins and camshaft caps.
- d. Remove the camshaft caps and measure the width of the Plastigauge® "1".

5. Measure:
• Camshaft outside diameter "a"
Out of specification → Replace the camshaft.
Within specification → Replace camshaft case and camshaft caps as a set.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Camshaft outside diameter:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>21.959–21.972 mm (0.8645–0.8650 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHECKING THE CAMSHAFT SPROCKET
1. Inspect:
• Camshaft sprocket "1"
Wear/damage → Replace the camshaft assembly and timing chain as a set.

CHECKING THE TIMING CHAIN TENSIONER
1. Check:
• While pressing the tensioner rod lightly with fingers, use a thin screwdriver "1" and wind the tensioner rod up fully clockwise.
• When releasing the screwdriver by pressing lightly with fingers, make sure that the tensioner rod will come out smoothly.
• If not, replace the tensioner assembly.

TIP:
- Tighten the bolts (camshaft cap) in a crisscross pattern from innermost to outer caps.
- Do not turn the camshaft when measuring clearance with the Plastigauge®.
INSTALLING THE CAMSHAFT
1. Install:
   - Exhaust camshaft "1"
   - Intake camshaft "2"

**Installation steps:**

- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise with a wrench.

**TIP**
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the camshafts.
- Apply the engine oil on the decompression system.

- Align the T.D.C. mark "a" on the rotor with the align mark "b" on the crankcase cover when piston is at T.D.C. on compression stroke.

- Fit the timing chain "3" onto both camshaft sprockets and install the camshafts on the cylinder head.

**TIP**
The camshafts should be installed onto the cylinder head so that the punch mark "c" on the exhaust camshaft and the punch mark "d" on the intake camshaft must align with the cylinder head surface, as shown in the illustration.

- Install the clips, camshaft caps "4" and bolts (camshaft cap) "5".

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bolt (camshaft cap):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Before installing the clips, cover the cylinder head with a clean rag to prevent the clips from into the cylinder head cavity.
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the thread of the bolts (camshaft cap).
- Tighten the bolts to the specified torque in two or three steps in the proper tightening sequence as shown.

**NOTICE**
The bolts (camshaft cap) must be tightened evenly, or damage to the cylinder head, camshaft caps, and camshaft will result.

2. Install:
   - Timing chain tensioner

**Installation steps:**

- While pressing the tensioner rod lightly with fingers, use a thin screwdriver and wind the tensioner rod up fully clockwise.

- With the rod fully wound and the chain tensioner UP mark "a" facing upward, install the gasket "1", the timing chain tensioner "2", and the gasket "3", and tighten the bolt "4" to the specified torque.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bolt (timing chain tensioner):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Release the screwdriver, check the tensioner rod to come out and tighten the gasket "5" and the cap bolt "6" to the specified torque.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tensioner cap bolt:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Turn:
   - Crankshaft
   - Counterclockwise several turns.

4. Check:
   - Rotor T.D.C. mark
   - Align with the crankcase align mark.
   - Camshaft match marks
   - Align with the cylinder head surface.

Out of alignment → Adjust.

**NOTICE**
Do not turn the crankshaft during the camshaft installation. Damage or improper valve timing will result.

**Bolt (camshaft cap):**
10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

**Tensioner cap bolt:**
7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)
Tighten the cylinder head bolts to 30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb) in the proper tightening sequence, remove and retighten the cylinder head bolts to 20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb) in the proper tightening sequence, and then tighten the cylinder head bolts further to reach the specified angle 180° in the proper tightening sequence.
CHECKING THE CYLINDER HEAD

1. Eliminate:
   • Carbon deposits (from the combustion chambers)
     Use a rounded scraper.

   TIP
   Do not use a sharp instrument to avoid damaging or scratching:
   • Spark plug threads
   • Valve seats

2. Inspect:
   • Cylinder head
     Scratches/damage → Replace.

   TIP
   Replace the titanium valves with the cylinder head.

   Refer to "CHECKING THE VALVE".

3. Measure:
   • Cylinder head warpage
     Out of specification → Resurface.

   ![Cylinder head warpage: Less than 0.05 mm (0.002 in)]

   Warpage measurement and resurfacing steps:
   a. Place a straightedge and a feeler gauge across the cylinder head.
   b. Use a feeler gauge to measure the warpage.
   c. If the warpage is out of specification, resurface the cylinder head.
   d. Place a 400–600 grit wet sandpaper on the surface plate, and resurface the head using a figure-eight sanding pattern.

   TIP
   To ensure an even surface rotate the cylinder head several times.

INSTALLING THE CYLINDER HEAD

1. Install:
   • Timing chain guide (exhaust side) "1"
   • Dowel pin "2"
   • Cylinder head gasket "3" New
   • Cylinder head "4"

   TIP
   While pulling up the timing chain, install the timing chain guide (exhaust side) and cylinder head.

2. Install:
   • Washer "1"
   • Bolts "2"

   Installation steps:
   a. Wash the threads and contact surfaces of the bolts, the contact surfaces of the plain washers, the contact surface of the cylinder head, and the threads of the crankcase.
   b. Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the threads and contact surfaces of the bolts and on both contact surfaces of the plain washers.
   c. Install the plain washers and bolts.
   d. Tighten the bolts to the specified torque in two or three steps in the proper tightening sequence as shown.
   e. Remove the bolts.
   f. Again apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the threads and contact surfaces of the bolts and on both contact surfaces of the plain washers.
   g. Retighten the bolts.

   ![Bolts (cylinder head): 2nd: 20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb)]

   h. Put a mark on the corner "1" of the bolt (cylinder head) and the cylinder head "2" as shown.

   ![Bolts (cylinder head): Final: Specified angle 180°]

   TIP
   Tighten the bolts 90° in each of the two steps to reach the specified angle of 180° in the proper tightening sequence as shown.

   ![Bolts (cylinder head): 1st: 30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb)]
3. Install:
   • Bolt (cylinder head) “1”

Bolt (cylinder head):
10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)
## Removing the Valves and Valve Springs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cylinder head</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;CYLINDER HEAD&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Valve lifter</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Adjusting pad</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Valve cotter</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Valve spring retainer</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Valve spring</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Valve stem seal</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Valve spring seat</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Exhaust valve</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Intake valve</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
VALVES AND VALVE SPRINGS

REMOVING THE VALVE LIFTER AND VALVE COTTER
1. Remove:
   • Valve lifter “1”
   • Pad “2”

TIP
Identify each lifter “1” and pad “2” position very carefully so that they can be reinstalled in their original place.

2. Check:
   • Valve sealing
     Leakage at the valve seat → Inspect the valve face, valve seat and valve seat width.

Checking steps:
   a. Pour a clean solvent “1” into the intake and exhaust ports.
   b. Check that the valve seals properly.
     There should be no leakage at the valve seat “2”.

3. Remove:
   • Valve cotter

TIP
Attach a valve spring compressor “1” between the valve spring retainer and the cylinder head to remove the valve cotters.

CHECKING THE VALVE
1. Measure:
   • Stem-to-guide clearance

Stem-to-guide clearance = valve guide inside diameter “a” - valve stem diameter “b”

Out of specification—Replace the valve guide.

2. Replace:
   • Valve guide

Replacement steps:

TIP
To ease guide removal, installation and to maintain correct fit heat the cylinder head in an over to 100 °C (212 °F).

   a. Remove the valve guide using a valve guide remover “1”.

   Valve spring compressor:
   YM-4019/90890-04019

   Valve guide installation height “a”:
   Intake: 10.3–10.7 mm (0.41–0.42 in)
   Exhaust: 10.3–10.7 mm (0.41–0.42 in)

   Clearance (stem to guide):
   Intake:
   0.010–0.037 mm (0.0004–0.0015 in)
   <Limit>: 0.08 mm (0.003 in)
   Exhaust:
   0.020–0.047 mm (0.0008–0.0019 in)
   <Limit>: 0.10 mm (0.004 in)

   Replace:
   • Valve guide

Replacement steps:

   a. Remove the valve guide using a valve guide remover “1”.

   Valve guide remover:
   Intake: 4.5 mm (0.18 in)
   YM-4116/90890-04116
   Exhaust: 5.0 mm (0.20 in)
   YM-4097/90890-04097

   Valve guide installer:
   Intake: YM-4117/90890-04117
   Exhaust: YM-4098/90890-04098

   Valve guide reamer:
   Intake: 4.5 mm (0.18 in)
   YM-4118/90890-04118
   Exhaust: 5.0 mm (0.20 in)
   YM-4099/90890-04099

TIP
After replacing the valve guide reface the valve seat.

Valve guide remover:
Intake: 4.5 mm (0.18 in)
YM-4116/90890-04116
Exhaust: 5.0 mm (0.20 in)
YM-4097/90890-04097

Valve guide installer:
Intake: YM-4117/90890-04117
Exhaust: YM-4098/90890-04098

Valve guide reamer:
Intake: 4.5 mm (0.18 in)
YM-4118/90890-04118
Exhaust: 5.0 mm (0.20 in)
YM-4099/90890-04099

5-24
3. Inspect:
• Valve face
  Pitting/wear → Grind the face.
• Valve stem end
  Mushroom shape or diameter larger than the body of the stem → Replace.

4. Measure:
• Margin thickness "a"
  Out of specification → Replace.

   **Margin thickness:**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Intake:</th>
<th>Exhaust:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.0 mm (0.039 in)</td>
<td>1.0 mm (0.039 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;Limit&gt;: 0.85 mm (0.033 in)</td>
<td>&lt;Limit&gt;: 0.85 mm (0.033 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.9–1.1 mm (0.0354–0.0433 in)</td>
<td>0.9–1.1 mm (0.0354–0.0433 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(0.0630 in)</td>
<td>(0.0630 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. Measure:
• Runout (valve stem)
  Out of specification → Replace.

   **Runout limit:**
   0.01 mm (0.0004 in)

**TIP**
• When installing a new valve always replace the guide.
• If the valve is removed or replaced always replace the oil seal.

6. Eliminate:
• Carbon deposits
  (from the valve face and valve seat)

7. Inspect:
• Valve seat
  Pitting/wear → Reface the valve seat.

8. Measure:
• Valve seat width "a"
  Out of specification → Reface the valve seat.

9. Lap:
• Valve face
• Valve seat

**NOTICE**
This model uses titanium intake and exhaust valves. Titanium valves that have been used to lap the valve seats must not be used. Always replace lapped valves with new valves.

**TIP**
• When replacing the cylinder head, replace the valves without lapping the valve seats and valve faces.

---

**Lapping steps:**

a. Apply a coarse lapping compound to the valve face.

**NOTICE**
Do not let the compound enter the gap between the valve stem and the guide.

b. Apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the valve stem.

c. Install the valve into the cylinder head.

d. Turn the valve until the valve face and valve seat are evenly polished, then clean off all of the compound.

**TIP**
For best lapping results, lightly tap the valve seat while rotating the valve back and forth between your hands.

e. Apply a fine lapping compound to the valve face and repeat the above steps.

**TIP**
After every lapping operation be sure to clean off all of the compound from the valve face and valve seat.

f. Apply Mechanic’s blueing dye (Dy kem) to the valve face.

g. Install the valve into the cylinder head.
h. Press the valve through the valve guide and onto the valve seat to make a clear pattern.
i. Measure the valve seat width again. If the valve seat width is out of specification, reface and relap the valve seat.

CHECKING THE VALVE SPRINGS
1. Measure:
   • Valve spring free length "a"
     Out of specification → Replace.

   Free length (valve spring):
   Intake: 39.46 mm (1.55 in)
   <Limit>: 38.46 mm (1.51 in)
   Exhaust: 37.61 mm (1.48 in)
   <Limit>: 36.61 mm (1.44 in)

2. Measure:
   • Compressed spring force "a"
     Out of specification → Replace.

   Compressed spring force:
   Intake: 130.2–149.8 N at 27.87 mm (13.28–15.28 kg at 27.87 mm, 29.27–33.68 lb at 1.10 in)
   Exhaust: 123.1–141.7 N at 28.38 mm (12.55–14.45 kg at 28.38 mm, 27.67–31.85 lb at 1.12 in)

3. Measure:
   • Spring tilt "a"
     Out of specification → Replace.

   INSTALLING THE VALVES
1. Apply:
   • Molybdenum disulfide oil
     Onto the valve stem and valve stem seal.
2. Install:
   • Valves "1"
   • Valve spring seats "2"
   • Valve stem seals "3"
   • Valve springs "4"
   • Valve spring retainers "5"
   • Make sure that each valve is installed in its original place, also referring to the painted color as follows.
     Intake (middle) "a": blue
     Intake (right/left) "b": gray
     Exhaust "c": brown
   • Install the valve springs with the larger pitch "d" facing upward.

   TIP
   Make sure that each valve is installed in its original place, also referring to the painted color as follows.
   Intake (middle) "a": blue
   Intake (right/left) "b": gray
   Exhaust "c": brown
   • Install the valve springs with the larger pitch "d" facing upward.

   NOTICE
   Hitting the valve tip with excessive force could damage the valve.

3. Install:
   • Valve cotters

   TIP
   While compressing the valve spring with a valve spring compressor "1", install the valve cotters.

   Valve spring compressor:
   YM-4019/90890-04019

4. To secure the valve cotters onto the valve stem, lightly tap the valve tip with a piece of wood.

   NOTICE
   Hitting the valve tip with excessive force could damage the valve.

5. Install:
   • Adjusting pad "1"
   • Valve lifter "2"

   TIP
   • Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the valve stem end.
   • Apply the engine oil on the valve lifters.
   • Valve lifter must turn smoothly when rotated with a finger.
   • Be careful to reinstall valve lifters and pads in their original place.
# CYLINDER AND PISTON

## REMOVING THE CYLINDER AND PISTON

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cylinder head</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;CYLINDER HEAD&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Bolt (cylinder)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Cylinder</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Gasket</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Dowel pin</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Piston pin clip</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Piston pin</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Piston</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Piston ring set</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REMOVING THE PISTON AND PISTON RING
1. Remove:
   • Piston pin clip "1"
   • Piston pin "2"
   • Piston "3"

TIP
• Put identification marks on each piston head for reference during re-installation.
• Before removing each piston pin, deburr the clip groove and pin hole area. If the piston pin groove is deburred and the piston pin is still difficult to remove, use the piston pin puller set "4".

2. Remove:
   • Piston ring "1"

TIP
Spread the end gaps apart while at the same time lifting the piston ring over the top of the piston crown, as shown in the illustration.

CHECKING THE CYLINDER AND PISTON
1. Inspect:
   • Cylinder and piston walls
     Vertical scratches → Replace cylinder and piston.

2. Measure:
   • Piston-to-cylinder clearance


Measurement steps:
   a. Measure the cylinder bore "C" with a cylinder bore gauge.

TIP
Measure the cylinder bore "C" in parallel to and at right angles to the crankshaft. Then, find the average of the measurements.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cylinder bore &quot;C&quot;</th>
<th>95.00–95.01 mm (3.7402–3.7406 in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Taper limit &quot;T&quot;</td>
<td>0.05 mm (0.002 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out of round &quot;R&quot;</td>
<td>0.05 mm (0.002 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cylinder bore "C" = Maximum D
Taper limit "T" = (Maximum D₁ or D₂) - (Minimum D₅ or D₆)
Out of round "R" = (Maximum D₁, D₃ or D₅) - (Minimum D₂, D₄ or D₆)

b. If out of specification, replace the cylinder, and replace the piston and piston rings as set.

c. Measure the piston skirt diameter "P" with a micrometer.

a. 8 mm (0.31 in) from the piston bottom edge

d. If out of specification, replace the piston and piston rings as a set.

Check the piston-to-cylinder clearance with following formula:

Piston-to-cylinder clearance = Cylinder bore "C" - Piston skirt diameter "P"

Piston pin puller set: YU-1304/90890-01304

NOTICE
Do not use a hammer to drive the piston pin out.

CHECKING THE PISTON RING
1. Measure:
   • Ring side clearance
     Use a feeler gauge "1".
     Out of specification → Replace the piston and rings as a set.

TIP
Clean carbon from the piston ring grooves and rings before measuring the side clearance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Side clearance:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top ring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.030–0.065 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(0.0012–0.0026 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd ring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.020–0.055 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(0.0008–0.0022 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Position:
   • Piston ring (in cylinder)

TIP
Insert a ring into the cylinder and push it approximately 10 mm (0.39 in) into the cylinder. Push the ring with the piston crown so that the ring will be at a right angle to the cylinder bore.

Piston size "P"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>94.965–94.980 mm (3.7388–3.7394 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Piston-to-cylinder clearance:

0.020–0.045 mm (0.0008–0.0018 in)
<Limit>: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)
3. Measure:
• Ring end gap
  Out of specification → Replace.

**TIP**
You cannot measure the end gap on the expander spacer of the oil control ring. If the oil control ring rails show excessive gap, replace all three rings.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>End gap:</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>&lt;Limit&gt;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Top ring</td>
<td>0.20–0.30 mm (0.008–0.012 in)</td>
<td>0.55 mm (0.022 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd ring</td>
<td>0.35–0.50 mm (0.014–0.020 in)</td>
<td>0.85 mm (0.033 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil ring</td>
<td>0.20–0.50 mm (0.008–0.020 in)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CHECKING THE PISTON PIN**
1. Inspect:
   • Piston pin
     Blue discoloration/grooves → Replace, then inspect the lubrication system.
2. Measure:
   • Piston pin-to-piston clearance

**INSTANTIATION OF THE CyLINDER AND PISToN**
1. Install:
   • Piston ring Onto the piston.
   • Be sure to install the piston rings so that the manufacturer's marks or numbers are located on the upper side of the rings.
   • Lubricate the piston and piston rings liberally with engine oil.

**TIP**
Be sure to install the piston rings so that the manufacturer's marks or numbers are located on the upper side of the rings.

**INSTALLING THE CYLINDER**
1. Install:
   • Dowel pins
   • Cylinder gasket “1”
   • Cylinder “2”

**TIP**
Install the cylinder with one hand while compressing the piston rings with the other hand.

**NOTICE**
Pass the timing chain “3” through the timing chain cavity.

2. Install:
   • Bolt (cylinder)

**Bolt (cylinder):**
10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)
### REMOVING THE CLUTCH

**Order Part name** | **Q'ty** | **Remarks**
---|---|---
Drain the engine oil. | | Refer to "CHANGING THE ENGINE OIL" section in the CHAPTER 3.  
Brake pedal | | Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" section.  
Clutch cable | | Disconnect at engine side.  
1 Clutch cover | 1 |  
2 Gasket | 1 |  
3 Dowel pin | 2 |  
4 Clutch spring | 6 |  
5 Pressure plate | 1 |  
6 Push rod 1 | 1 |  
7 Circlip | 1 |  
8 Washer | 1 |  
9 Bearing | 1 |  
10 Ball | 1 |  
11 Push rod 2 | 1 |  
12 Clutch plate | 7 |  
13 Friction plate | 8 |  

_10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)_

_75 Nm (7.5 m · kg, 54 ft · lb)_

---

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Nut (clutch boss)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Lock washer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Clutch boss</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Thrust washer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Primary driven gear</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Push lever shaft</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**CLUTCH**

---

**REMOVING THE CLUTCH BOSS**
1. Remove:
   - Nut "1"
   - Lock washer "2"
   - Clutch boss "3"

**TIP**
Straighten the lock washer tab and use the clutch holding tool "4" to hold the clutch boss.

---

**CHECKING THE CLUTCH SPRINGS**
1. Measure:
   - Clutch spring free length "a"
   - Out of specification → Replace springs as a set.

   **Clutch spring free length:**
   - 50.0 mm (1.97 in)
   - <Limit>: 49.0 mm (1.93 in)

---

**CHECKING THE CLUTCH BOSS**
1. Install:
   - Primary driven gear "1"
   - Thrust washer "2"
   - Clutch boss "3"

   Apply the engine oil on the primary driven gear inner circumference.

---

**CHECKING THE PRIMARY DRIVEN GEAR**
1. Check:
   - Circumferential play
     - Free play exists → Replace.
   - Gear teeth "a"
     - Wear/damage → Replace.

---

**CHECKING THE FRICITION PLATES**
1. Measure:
   - Friction plate thickness
     - Out of specification → Replace friction plate as a set.

   **Friction plate thickness:**
   - 2.92–3.08 mm (0.115–0.121 in)
   - <Limit>: 2.8 mm (0.110 in)

---

**CHECKING THE PUSH LEVER SHAFT**
1. Inspect:
   - Push lever shaft "1"
   - Wear/damage → Replace.

**TIP**
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip.
- Apply the engine oil on the push lever shaft.

---

**CHECKING THE PUSH ROD**
1. Inspect:
   - Push rod 1 "1"
   - Bearing "2"
   - Washer "3"
   - Push rod 2 "4"
   - Ball "5"

   **Wear/damage/bend → Replace.**

---

**INSTALLING THE PUSH LEVER SHAFT**
1. Install:
   - Push lever shaft "1"

---

**INSTALLING THE CLUTCH**
1. Install:
   - Primary driven gear "1"
   - Thrust washer "2"
   - Clutch boss "3"

**TIP**
- Apply the engine oil on the primary driven gear inner circumference.

---

**Clutch holding tool:**
YM-91042/90890-04086

---

**Warp limit:**
- 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

---

**Friction plate thickness:**
- 2.92–3.08 mm (0.115–0.121 in)
- <Limit>: 2.8 mm (0.110 in)

---

**CHECKING THE PULL LEVER SHAFT**
1. Inspect:
   - Push lever shaft "1"

---

**CHECKING THE PULL LEVER SHAFT**
1. Inspect:
   - Push lever shaft "1"
   - Bearing "2"
   - Washer "3"
   - Push rod 2 "4"
   - Ball "5"

   **Wear/damage/bend → Replace.**
2. Install:
- Lock washer "1" 
- Nut (clutch boss) "2"

**TIP**
- Install the lock washer with its concaves fitted over the convexes of the clutch boss.
- Use the clutch holding tool "3" to hold the clutch boss.

**NOTICE**
Make sure to tighten to specification; otherwise, it may damage the other part that is fastened together.

**Nut (clutch boss):**
75 Nm (7.5 m•kg, 54 ft•lb)

3. Bend the lock washer "1" tab.

4. Install:
- Friction plate "1" 
- Clutch plate 1 [t=2.0 mm (0.079 in)] "2" 
- Clutch plate 2 [t=1.6 mm (0.063 in)] "3"

**TIP**
- Install the clutch plates and friction plates alternately on the clutch boss, starting with a friction plate and ending with a friction plate.
- Apply the engine oil on the friction plates and clutch plates.
- Check the clutch plate for thickness and install 4 thicker ones "a" on the engine side and 3 thinner ones "b" on the outside.

5. Install:
- Bearing "1" 
- Washer "2" 
- Circlip "3" 

**TIP**
Apply the engine oil on the bearing and washer.

6. Install:
- Push rod 2 "1" 
- Ball "2" 
- Push rod 1 "3"

**TIP**
Apply the engine oil on the push rod 1, 2 and ball.

7. Install:
- Pressure plate "1"

8. Install:
- Clutch spring 
- Bolt (clutch spring)

**Bolt (clutch spring):**
10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

9. Install:
- Gasket (clutch cover) "1" 
- Dowel pin "2"

10. Install:
- Clutch cover "1" 
- Bolt (clutch cover)

**Bolt (clutch cover):**
10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

**TIP**
Tighten the bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

---

A. For USA and CDN
B. Except for USA and CDN

---

5-33
## OIL FILTER ELEMENT AND WATER PUMP

### REMOVING THE OIL FILTER ELEMENT AND WATER PUMP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Oil filter element cover</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to &quot;ENGINE REMOVAL&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Oil filter element</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Coolant pipe 2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Water pump housing</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Pin</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Oil tank breather hose</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Kickstarter crank</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Right crankcase cover</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Torque Specifications:**
- 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)
- 12 Nm (1.2 m·kg, 8.7 ft·lb)
- 14 Nm (1.4 m·kg, 10 ft·lb)
- 33 Nm (3.3 m·kg, 24 ft·lb)

The diagram illustrates the components with corresponding torque values.
OIL FILTER ELEMENT AND WATER PUMP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Gasket</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Dowel pin/O-ring</td>
<td>3/1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Impeller</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Washer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Impeller shaft</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Oil seal 1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Oil seal 2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Bearing</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Order Part name Q'ty Remarks
9 Gasket 1
10 Dowel pin/O-ring 3/1
11 Impeller 1 Refer to removal section.
12 Washer 1 Refer to removal section.
13 Impeller shaft 1 Refer to removal section.
14 Oil seal 1 Refer to removal section.
15 Oil seal 2 Refer to removal section.
16 Bearing 1 Refer to removal section.

5-35
OIL FILTER ELEMENT AND WATER PUMP

REMOVING THE IMPELLER SHAFT
1. Remove:
   • Impeller "1"
   • Washer "2"
   • Impeller shaft "3"

TIP
Hold the impeller shaft on its width across the flats "a" with spanners, etc. and remove the impeller.

CHECKING THE IMPELLER SHAFT
1. Inspect:
   • Impeller shaft "1"
     Bend/wear/damage → Replace.
     Fur deposits → Clean.

CHECKING THE BEARING
1. Inspect:
   • Bearing
     Rotate inner race with a finger.
     Rough spot/seizure → Replace.

CHECKING THE OIL SEAL
1. Inspect:
   • Oil seal "1"
     Wear/damage → Replace.

INSTALLING THE OIL SEAL
1. Install:
   • Oil seal "1" [New]

TIP
• Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip.
• Install the oil seal with its manufacturer's marks or numbers facing the right crankcase cover "2".

INSTALLING THE IMPELLER SHAFT
1. Install:
   • Impeller shaft "1"
   • Washer "2"
   • Impeller "3"

• Take care so that the oil seal lip is not damaged or the spring does not slip off its position.
• When installing the impeller shaft, apply the engine oil on the oil seal lip, bearing and impeller shaft. And install the shaft while turning it.
• Hold the impeller shaft on its width across the flats "a" with spanners, etc. and install the impeller.

INSTALLING THE RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER
1. Install:
   • Dowel pin "1"
   • O-ring "2" [New]
   • Collar "3"
   • Gasket "4" [New]

TIP
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-ring.

Impeller: 14 Nm (1.4 m•kg, 10 ft•lb)

REMOVING THE OIL SEAL
1. Remove:
   • Bearing "1"
   • Oil seal "2"

TIP
It is not necessary to disassemble the water pump, unless there is an abnormality such as excessive change in coolant level, discoloration of coolant, or milky transmission oil.

CHECKING THE OIL SEAL
1. Inspect:
   • Oil seal "1"
     Wear/damage → Replace.

INSTALLING THE RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER
1. Install:
   • Dowel pin "1"
   • O-ring "2" [New]
   • Collar "3"
   • Gasket "4" [New]

TIP
Install the bearing by pressing its outer race parallel.
2. Install:
- Right crankcase cover "1"
- Bolt "2"

**TIP**
- Apply the engine oil on the impeller shaft end.
- When installing the crankcase cover onto the crankcase, be sure that the impeller shaft end "2" aligns with the balancer end slot "3".
- Tighten the bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

**Bolt:**
- 12 Nm (1.2 m•kg, 8.7 ft•lb)
- 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

**INSTALLING THE KICKSTARTER CRANK**
1. Install:
- Kickstarter crank "1"
- Washer
- Bolt (kickstarter crank)

**Bolt (kickstarter crank):**
- 33 Nm (3.3 m•kg, 24 ft•lb)

**TIP**
Install so that there is a clearance "a" of 8 mm (0.31 in) or more between the kickstarter and frame and that the kickstarter does not contact the crankcase cover when it is pulled.

2. Install:
- Oil tank breather hose "1"
- Clamp "2"

**Clamp:**
- 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)

**INSTALLING THE WATER PUMP HOUSING**
1. Install:
- Dowel pin "1"
- O-ring "2" **New**

**TIP**
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-ring.

2. Install:
- Water pump housing "1"
- Bolt (water pump housing) "2"

**Bolt (water pump housing):**
- 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

**Coolant drain bolt:**
- 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

**Bolt (coolant pipe):**
- 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

**TIP**
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-ring.

2. Install:
- Water pump housing "1"
- Bolt (water pump housing) "2"

**Bolt (water pump housing):**
- 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

**Coolant drain bolt:**
- 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

**Bolt (coolant pipe):**
- 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

**TIP**
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-ring.
## BALANCER

### REMOVING THE BALANCER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Primary driven gear</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to &quot;CLUTCH&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Right crankcase cover</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to &quot;OIL FILTER ELEMENT AND WATER PUMP&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stator</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to &quot;CDI MAGNETO&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Nut (balancer)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Nut (primary drive gear)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Nut (balancer shaft driven gear)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Lock washer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Balancer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Straight key</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Conical washer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Primary drive gear</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Balancer shaft drive gear</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Lock washer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Balancer shaft driven gear</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REMOVING THE BALANCER
1. Straighten the lock washer tab.
2. Loosen:
   • Nut (balancer) "1"
   • Nut (primary drive gear) "2"
   • Nut (balancer shaft driven gear) "3"

TIP
Place an aluminum plate "a" between the teeth of the balancer shaft drive gear "4" and driven gear "5".

CHECKING THE PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR, BALANCER SHAFT DRIVE GEAR AND BALANCER SHAFT DRIVEN GEAR
1. Inspect:
   • Primary drive gear "1"
   • Balancer shaft drive gear "2"
   • Balancer shaft driven gear "3"
   Wear/damage → Replace.

CHECKING THE BALANCER
1. Inspect:
   • Balancer
   Cracks/damage → Replace.

INSTALLING THE BALANCER
1. Install:
   • Balancer shaft driven gear "1"

TIP
Install the balancer shaft driven gear and balancer shaft with their lower splines "a" aligning with each other.

2. Install:
   • Balancer shaft driven gear "1"

TIP
• Align the punched mark "a" on the balancer shaft drive gear with the punched mark "b" on the balancer shaft driven gear.
• Install the balancer shaft driven gear and crankshaft with the lower splines "c" aligning with each other.

3. Install:
   • Lock washer "1"
   • Nut (balancer shaft driven gear) "2"

4. Bend the lock washer tab.

Nut (primary drive gear): 110 Nm (11.0 m•kg, 80 ft•lb)
Nut (balancer driven gear): 50 Nm (5.0 m•kg, 36 ft•lb)
Nut (primary drive gear): 110 Nm (11.0 m•kg, 80 ft•lb)
Nut (balancer): 45 Nm (4.5 m•kg, 33 ft•lb)
## OIL PUMP
### REMOVING THE OIL PUMP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Primary driven gear</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;CLUTCH&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Right crankcase cover</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;OIL FILTER ELEMENT AND WATER PUMP&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Circlip</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Washer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Oil pump drive gear</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Oil pump assembly</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Dowel pin</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Outer rotor 2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Circlip</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Inner rotor 2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Dowel pin</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Oil pump cover</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Outer rotor 1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Inner rotor 1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Dowel pin</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Washer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

2 Nm (0.2 m·kg, 1.4 ft·lb)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Oil pump drive shaft</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Rotor housing</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CHECKING THE OIL PUMP

1. Inspect:
   - Oil pump drive gear
   - Oil pump drive shaft
   - Rotor housing
   - Oil pump cover
     Cracks/wear/damage → Replace.

2. Measure:
   - Tip clearance "a"
     (between the inner rotor "1" and outer rotor "2")
   - Side clearance "b"
     (between the outer rotor "2" and rotor housing "3")
   - Housing and rotor clearance "c"
     (between the rotor housing "3" and rotors "1" "2")
     Out of specification → Replace the oil pump assembly.

3. Check:
   - Unsmooth → Repeat steps #1 and #2 or replace the defective parts.

INSTALLING THE OIL PUMP

1. Install:
   - Oil pump drive shaft "1"
   - Washer "2"
   - Dowel pin "3"
   - Inner rotor 1 "4"

   • Apply the engine oil on the oil pump drive shaft and inner rotor 1.
   • Fit the dowel pin into the groove in the inner rotor 1.

   TIP
   • Apply the engine oil on the outer rotor 1.

2. Install:
   - Outer rotor 1 "1"
   - Washer "2"
   - Dowel pin "3"
   - Inner rotor 1 "4"

   TIP
   • Apply the engine oil on the outer rotor 1.

3. Install:
   - Oil pump cover "1"
   - Screw (oil pump cover) "2"

   • Dowel pin "3"
   • Inner rotor 2 "4"
   • Circlip "5" New

   TIP
   • Apply the engine oil on the oil pump drive gear inner circumference.
   • Fit the dowel pin into the groove in the inner rotor 2.

4. Install:
   - Outer rotor 2 "1"
   - Dowel pin "2"
   - Oil pump assembly "3"
   - Bolt (oil pump assembly) "4"

   Bolt (oil pump assembly):
   10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

   TIP
   Apply the engine oil on the outer rotor 2.

5. Install:
   - Oil pump drive gear "1"
   - Washer "2"
   - Circlip "3" New

   TIP
   Apply the engine oil on the oil pump drive gear inner circumference.

Tip clearance "a":
0.12 mm or less (0.0047 in or less)
<Limit>: 0.20 mm (0.008 in)

Side clearance "b":
0.09–0.17 mm (0.0035–0.0067 in)
<Limit>: 0.24 mm (0.009 in)

Housing and rotor clearance "c":
0.03–0.10 mm (0.0012–0.0039 in)
<Limit>: 0.17 mm (0.0067 in)

Screw (oil pump cover):
2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)

TIP
• Apply the engine oil on the oil pump drive shaft end and inner rotor 2.
• Fit the dowel pin into the groove in the inner rotor 2.
KICK SHAFT AND SHIFT SHAFT

REMOVING THE KICK SHAFT AND SHIFT SHAFT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Kick idle gear</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Kick shaft assembly</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Spring guide</td>
<td>1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Torsion spring</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Ratchet wheel</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Kick gear</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Kick shaft</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Washer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Shift pedal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Shift shaft</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Collar</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Torsion spring</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Roller</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Shift guide</td>
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<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Shift lever assembly</td>
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<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
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<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Shift lever</td>
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<tr>
<td>Order</td>
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<td>Q'ty</td>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Pawl</td>
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<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Pawl pin</td>
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<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Bolt (stopper lever)</td>
<td>1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Stopper lever</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Torsion spring</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Segment</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
KICK SHAFT AND SHIFT SHAFT

REMOVING THE KICK SHAFT ASSEMBLY
1. Remove:
   • Kick shaft assembly "1"

**TIP**
Unhook the torsion spring "2" from the hole "a" in the crankcase.

REMOVING THE SHIFT GUIDE AND SHIFT LEVER ASSEMBLY
1. Remove:
   • Bolt (shift guide)
   • Shift guide "1"
   • Shift lever assembly "2"

**TIP**
The shift lever assembly is disassembled at the same time as the shift guide.

REMOVING THE SEGMENT
1. Remove:
   • Bolt (segment) "1"
   • Segment "2"

**TIP**
Turn the segment counterclockwise until it stops and loosen the bolt.

NOTICE
If the segment gets an impact, it may be damaged. Take care not to give an impact to the segment when removing the bolt.

CHECKING THE KICK SHAFT AND RATCHET WHEEL
1. Check:
   • Ratchet wheel "1" smooth movement
     Unsmooth movement → Replace.

CHECKING THE KICK SHAFT
• Kick shaft "2"
  Wear/damage → Replace.
• Spring "3"
  Broken → Replace.

CHECKING THE SHIFT SHAFT
1. Inspect:
   • Shift shaft "1"
     Bend/damage → Replace.
   • Spring "2"
     Broken → Replace.

CHECKING THE SHIFT GUIDE AND SHIFT LEVER ASSEMBLY
1. Inspect:
   • Shift guide "1"
   • Shift lever "2"
   • Pawl "3"
   • Pawl pin "4"
   • Spring "5"
     Wear/damage → Replace.

CHECKING THE STOPPER LEVER
1. Inspect:
   • Stopper lever "1"
     Wear/damage → Replace.
   • Torsion spring "2"
     Broken → Replace.

INSTALLING THE SEGMENT
1. Install:
   • Segment "1"
   • Bolt (segment)

**Bolt (segment):**
30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb)

**TIP**
Align the notch "a" on the segment with the pin "b" on the shift cam.

INSTALLING THE STOPPER LEVER
1. Install:
   • Torsion spring "1"
   • Washer "2"
   • Stopper lever "3"
   • Bolt (stopper lever) "4"

**Bolt (stopper lever):**
10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

**TIP**
Align the stopper lever roller with the slot on segment.

CHECKING THE STOPPER LEVER
1. Inspect:
   • Segment "1"
   • Bolt (segment)

Checking the shift guide and shift lever assembly.
### INSTALLING THE SHIFT GUIDE AND SHIFT LEVER ASSEMBLY

1. Install:
   - Spring "1"
   - Pawl pin "2"
   - Pawl "3"
   To shift lever "4".

   **TIP**
   Apply the engine oil on the spring, pawl pin and pawl.

2. Install:
   - Shift lever assembly "1"
   To shift guide "2".

3. Install:
   - Shift lever assembly "1"
   - Shift guide "2"
   The shift lever assembly is installed at the same time as the shift guide.
   - Apply the engine oil on the bolt (segment) shaft.

4. Install:
   - Bolt (shift guide) "1"

   **Bolt (shift guide):**
   10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

### INSTALLING THE SHIFT SHAFT

1. Install:
   - Roller "1"
   - Collar "2"
   - Torsion spring "3"
   - Washer "4"
   - Shift shaft "5"

   **TIP**
   Apply the engine oil on the roller and shift shaft.

2. Install:
   - Shift pedal
   Refer to "AC MAGNETO AND STARTER CLUTCH" section.

### INSTALLING THE KICK SHAFT ASSEMBLY

1. Install:
   - Kick gear "1"
   - Washer "2"
   - Circlip "3" New
   - Ratchet wheel "4"
   - Spring "5"
   - Washer "6"
   - Circlip "7" New
   To kick shaft "8".

   **TIP**
   - Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the inner circumferences of the kick gear and ratchet wheel.
   - Align the punch mark "a" on the ratchet wheel with the punch mark "b" on the kick shaft.

2. Install:
   - Torsion spring "1"
   - Washer "2"

   **TIP**
   - Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the contacting surfaces of the kick shaft stopper "a" and kick shaft ratchet wheel guide "3".
   - Apply the engine oil on the kick shaft.

3. Install:
   - Kick shaft assembly "1"
   - Washer "2"

   **TIP**
   - Slide the kick shaft assembly into the crankcase and make sure the kick shaft stopper "a" fits into the kick shaft ratchet wheel guide.

4. Install:
   - Torsion spring "1" New

   **TIP**
   Turn the torsion spring clockwise and hook into the proper hole "a" in the crankcase.

5. Hook:
   - Torsion spring "1" New

   **TIP**
   Make sure the stopper "a" of the torsion spring fits into the hole "b" on the kick shaft.
INSTALLING THE KICK IDLE GEAR

1. Install:
   • Kick idle gear "1"
   • Washer "2"
   • Circlip "3" [New]

TIP
   • Apply the engine oil on the kick idle gear inner circumference.
   • Install the kick idle gear with its depressed side "a" toward you.
AC MAGNETO AND STARTER CLUTCH

REMOVING THE AC MAGNETO AND STARTER CLUTCH

Drain the engine oil. Refer to "CHANGING THE ENGINE OIL" section in the CHAPTER 3.

Seat and fuel tank
Refer to "REMOVING THE SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section in the CHAPTER 3.

Disconnect the AC magneto lead.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q’ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Shift pedal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Cover (torque limiter)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Torque limiter</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Do not disassemble.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Crankcase cover (left)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Gasket</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Dowel pin</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Idle gear</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Bearing</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Shaft</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10*</td>
<td>Nut (rotor)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to TIP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Rotor</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Nut (rotor) refers to a specific bolt with a specified torque value.

Tightening torque values:
- 12 Nm (1.2 m·kg, 8.7 ft·lb)
- 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)
- 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)
- 65 Nm (6.5 m·kg, 47 ft·lb)
Tighten the rotor nut to 65 Nm (6.5 m•kg, 47 ft•lb), loosen and retighten the rotor nut to 65 Nm (6.5 m•kg, 47 ft•lb).
AC MAGNETO AND STARTER CLUTCH

REMOVING THE ROTOR

1. Remove:
   • Nut (rotor) "1"
   • Washer
   Use the sheave holder "2".

   Sheave holder:
   YS-1880-A/90890-01701

2. Remove:
   • Rotor "1"
   Use the rotor puller "2".

   Rotor puller:
   YM-04142/90890-04142

REMOVING THE STARTER CLUTCH

1. Remove:
   • Starter clutch assembly cover "1"

   TIP
   Insert a thin screwdriver or the like under the convexity "a" and remove the starter clutch assembly cover by prying it gently to void damage to the cover.

2. Remove:
   • Starter clutch "1"

   TIP
   Using a thin screwdriver or the like, remove the plate "a" while prying it upward little by little.

CHECKING THE AC MAGNETO

1. Inspect:
   • Rotor inner surface "a"
   • Stator outer surface "b"
   Damage → Inspect the crankshaft runout and crankshaft bearing. If necessary, replace AC magneto and/or stator.

CHECKING THE WOODRUFF KEY

1. Inspect:
   • Woodruff key "1"
   Damage → Replace.

CHECKING THE STARTER CLUTCH

1. Check:
   • Starter clutch
   Damage/wear → Replace.

2. Check:
   • Idle gear
   • Idle gear shaft
   • Starter clutch drive gear
   Pitting/burrs/chips/roughness/wear → Replace the defective parts.

3. Check:
   • Starter clutch operation

   a. Install the starter clutch drive gear "1" onto the starter clutch "2" and hold the starter clutch.
   b. When turning the starter clutch drive gear counterclockwise "B", the starter clutch and the starter clutch drive gear should engage. If the starter clutch drive gear and starter clutch do not engage, the starter clutch is faulty and must be replaced.
   c. When turning the starter clutch drive gear clockwise "A", it should turn freely. If the starter clutch drive gear does not turn freely, the starter clutch is faulty and must be replaced.

CHECKING THE TORQUE LIMITER

1. Check:
   • Torque limiter
   Damage/wear → Replace.

INSTALLING THE AC MAGNETO AND STARTER CLUTCH

1. Install:
   • Stator "1"
   • Bolt (stator) "2"

   Bolt (stator):
   7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)

   • Pickup coil "3"
   • Holder "4"
   • Bolt (pickup coil) "5"

   Bolt (pickup coil):
   10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)
TIP
• Pass the AC magneto lead “5” under the pickup coil.
• Pass the AC magneto lead “4” under the holder as shown.
• Take care not to catch the AC magneto lead between crankcase cover ribs.
• Tighten the bolt (stator) using the T25 bit.
• Apply the sealant to the grommet of the AC magneto lead.

2. Install:
• Starter clutch drive gear “1”

TIP
Apply the engine oil on the starter clutch drive gear inner circumference.

3. Install:
• Starter clutch “1”
  To rotor “2”.

TIP
• Install the starter clutch with its plate side upward.
• While installing the starter clutch, push in the projections "a" one by one on the clutch circumference.
• Push in the starter clutch until it hits the rotor.

4. Install:
• Starter clutch assembly cover “1”
  To rotor “2”.

TIP
Install the starter clutch assembly cover by fitting its pawls “a” into the groove “b” in the rotor.

5. Install:
• Woodruff key “1”
• Rotor “2”

TIP
• Degrease the contact surfaces of the tapered portions of the crankshaft and rotor.
• When installing the woodruff key, make sure that its flat surface "a" is in parallel with the crankshaft center line "b".
• When installing the rotor, align the keyway “c” of the rotor with the woodruff key.

6. Install:
• Washer (rotor)
• Nut (rotor) “1”

Nut (rotor):
65 Nm (6.5 m•kg, 47 ft•lb)

Use the sheave holder “2”

TIP
Tighten the rotor nut to 65 Nm (6.5 m•kg, 47 ft•lb), loosen and retighten the rotor nut to 65 Nm (6.5 m•kg, 47 ft•lb).

7. Install:
• Shaft “1”
• Bearing “2”
• Idle gear 2 “3”

TIP
Apply the engine oil on the shaft, bearing and idle gear inner circumference.

8. Install:
• Dowel pin
• Gasket [crankcase cover (left)]
• Crankcase cover (left) “1”
• Bolt [crankcase cover (left)]

Bolt [crankcase cover (left)]:
10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

TIP
Tighten the bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

9. Install:
• Washer “1”
• Torque limiter “2”
• Washer “3”

TIP
Apply the engine oil to the shaft and washers.
10. Install:
- Cover (idle gear 1) "1"
- Bolt "2"

**Bolt:**
10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

**TIP**
Install the cover (idle gear 1) with its mark "a" facing upward.

11. Connect:
- AC magneto lead
  Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.
12. Install:
- Shift pedal "1"
- Bolt (shift pedal) "2"

**Bolt (shift pedal):**
12 Nm (1.2 m•kg, 8.7 ft•lb)

**TIP**
When installing the shift pedal onto the shift shaft, be sure that the center of the shift pedal is about 5.1 mm (0.2 in) "a" above the top of the footrest.
**ENGINE REMOVAL**

**REMOVING THE ENGINE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the frame.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;HANDLING NOTE&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drain the engine oil.</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Refer to &quot;CHANGING THE ENGINE OIL&quot; section in the CHAPTER 3.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Seat and fuel tank</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Refer to &quot;REMOVING THE SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS&quot; section in the CHAPTER 3.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Radiator</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;RADIATOR&quot; section.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exhaust pipe and silencer</td>
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<td>Refer to &quot;REMOVING THE EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER&quot; section in the CHAPTER 3.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Air cut-off valve assembly</td>
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<td>Refer to &quot;AIR INDUCTION SYSTEM&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch cable and guide</td>
<td></td>
<td>Disconnect at the engine side.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shift pedal</td>
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<td>Refer to &quot;AC MAGNETO AND STARTER CLUTCH&quot; section.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rear shock absorber</td>
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<td>Refer to &quot;REAR SHOCK ABSORBER&quot; section in the CHAPTER 6.</td>
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<td>Carburetor</td>
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<td>Refer to &quot;CARBURETOR&quot; section.</td>
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<td>Cylinder head breather hose</td>
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<td>Refer to &quot;CAMSHAFTS&quot; section.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oil hose and oil tank breather hose</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;OIL PUMP&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## ENGINE REMOVAL

### Ignition coil
- Disconnect the AC magneto lead.

### Starter motor lead
- Disconnect at the engine side.

### Negative battery lead
- Disconnect at the engine side.

### 1 Engine guard
### 2 Neutral switch
### 3 Drive chain sprocket cover
### 4 Nut (drive sprocket)
### 5 Lock washer
### 6 Drive sprocket
### 7 Clip
### 8 Bolt (brake pedal)
### 9 Brake pedal
### 10 Upper engine bracket
### 11 Lower engine bracket
### 12 Engine mounting bolt
### 13 Pivot shaft
### 14 Engine

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Order</th>
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<td>Engine guard</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Neutral switch</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Drive chain sprocket cover</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Nut (drive sprocket)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Lock washer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Drive sprocket</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Clip</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Bolt (brake pedal)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Brake pedal</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>Upper engine bracket</td>
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<td>Lower engine bracket</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Engine mounting bolt</td>
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<td>13</td>
<td>Pivot shaft</td>
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<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Engine</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ENGINE REMOVAL

HANDLING NOTE

**WARNING**
Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

**REMOVING THE DRIVE SPROCKET**

1. Remove:
   - Nut (drive sprocket) "1"
   - Lock washer "2"

**TIP**
- Straighten the lock washer tab.
- Loosen the nut while applying the rear brake.

2. Remove:
   - Drive sprocket "1"
   - Drive chain "2"

**TIP**
Remove the drive sprocket together with the drive chain.

**REMOVING THE ENGINE**

1. Remove:
   - Pivot shaft "1"

**TIP**
If the pivot shaft is pulled all the way out, the swingarm will come loose. If possible, insert a shaft of similar diameter into the other side of the swingarm to support it.

2. Remove:
   - Engine "1" From right side.

**TIP**
Make sure that the couplers, hoses and cables are disconnected.

**INSTALLING THE ENGINE**

1. Install:
   - Engine "1" Install the engine from right side.
   - Pivot shaft "2"

2. Install:
   - Engine mounting bolt (lower) "3"
   - Lower engine bracket "4"
   - Bolt (lower engine bracket) "5"
   - Bolt (brake pedal) "4"

**Bolt (brake pedal):**
26 Nm (2.6 m•kg, 19 ft•lb)

**TIP**
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bolt, O-rings and brake pedal bracket.

**INSTALLING THE DRIVE SPROCKET**

1. Install:
   - Drive sprocket "1"
   - Drive chain "2"

2. Install:
   - Lock washer "1" New

**TIP**
Install the drive sprocket together with the drive chain.

**Pivot shaft:**
85 Nm (8.5 m•kg, 61 ft•lb)

**Engine mounting bolt (lower):**
53Nm (5.3 m•kg, 38 ft•lb)

**Engine mounting bolt (front):**
53 Nm (5.3 m•kg, 38 ft•lb)

**Bolt (upper engine bracket):**
55 Nm (5.5 m•kg, 40 ft•lb)

**Engine mounting bolt (upper):**
55 Nm (5.5 m•kg, 40 ft•lb)

**Bolt (lower engine bracket):**
34 Nm (3.4 m•kg, 24 ft•lb)

**Engine mounting bolt (front):**
34 Nm (3.4 m•kg, 24 ft•lb)

**Bolt (upper engine bracket):**
55 Nm (5.5 m•kg, 40 ft•lb)
ENGINE REMOVAL

**Nut (drive sprocket) "2"

| Nut (drive sprocket): | 75 Nm (7.5 m•kg, 54 ft•lb) |

**TIP**
Tighten the nut while applying the rear brake.

**NOTICE**
Make sure to tighten to specification; otherwise, it may damage the other part that is fastened together.

3. Bend the lock washer tab to lock the nut.

4. Install:
   - Drive chain sprocket guide
   - Drive chain sprocket cover "1"
   - Bolt (drive chain sprocket cover) "2"

**Bolt (drive chain sprocket cover):**
7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)

**INSTALLING THE NEUTRAL SWITCH**

1. Install:
   - Spring "1"
   - Pin "2"
   - O-ring "3"
   - Neutral switch "4"
   - Screw (neutral switch) "5"

**Screw (neutral switch):**
4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)

**TIP**
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-ring.
## CRANKCASE AND CRANKSHAFT

### REMOVING THE CRANKSHAFT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Timing chain guide (intake side)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to &quot;ENGINE REMOVAL&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Timing chain</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Bolt [L = 50 mm (1.97 in)]</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Bolt [L = 60 mm (2.36 in)]</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Bolt [L = 80 mm (3.15 in)]</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Hose guide</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Clutch cable holder</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Right crankcase</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engine**

- Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" section.

**Piston**

- Refer to "CYLINDER AND PISTON" section.

**Balancer**

- Refer to "BALANCER" section.

**Kick shaft assembly**

- Refer to "KICK SHAFT AND SHIFT SHAFT" section.

**Segment**

- Refer to "KICK SHAFT AND SHIFT SHAFT" section.

**Stator**

- Refer to "AC MAGNETO AND STARTER CLUTCH" section.

**12 Nm (1.2 m·kg, 8.7 ft·lb)**

**10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)**
CRANKCASE AND CRANKSHAFT

9 Left crankcase 1 Refer to removal section.
10 Oil strainer 1
11 Balancer shaft 1 Refer to removal section.
12 Crankshaft 1 Refer to removal section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Left crankcase</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Oil strainer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Balancer shaft</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Crankshaft</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CRANKCASE AND CRANKSHAFT

REMOVING THE CRANKCASE BEARING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Transmission</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND SHIFT FORK&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Shift cam and shift fork</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND SHIFT FORK&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Oil seal</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Bearing</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DISASSEMBLING THE CRANKCASE

1. Separate:
   • Right crankcase
   • Left crankcase

Separation steps:
   a. Remove the crankcase bolts, hose guide and clutch cable holder.
   b. Remove the right crankcase.
      • Place the crankcase with its left side downward and split it by inserting a screwdriver tip into the splitting slit "a" in the crankcase.
      • Lift the right crankcase horizontally while lightly patting the case splitting slit and engine mounting boss using a soft hammer, and leave the crankshaft and transmission with the left crankcase.
   c. Remove the dowel pins and O-ring.

REMOVING THE BALANCER SHAFT

1. Remove:
   • Balancer shaft "1"

TIP
Remove the balancer shaft with its flat side "a" facing the crankshaft.

REMOVING THE CRANKSHAFT

1. Remove:
   • Crankshaft "1"

TIP
Use the crankcase separating tool "2".

REMOVING THE CRANKCASE BEARING

1. Remove:
   • Bearing "1"

TIP
• Remove the bearing from the crankcase by pressing its inner race.
• Do not use the removed bearing.

CHECKING THE TIMING CHAIN AND TIMING CHAIN GUIDE

1. Inspect:
   • Timing chain
      Cracks/stiff → Replace the timing chain and camshaft sprocket as a set.

2. Inspect:
   • Timing chain guide
      Wear/damage → Replace.

CHECKING THE CRANKCASE

1. Inspect:
   • Contacting surface "a"
      Scratches → Replace.
   • Engine mounting boss "b", crankcase
      Cracks/damage → Replace.

2. Inspect:
   • Bearing
      Rotate inner race with a finger.
      Rough spot/seizure → Replace.

3. Inspect:
   • Oil seal
      Damage → Replace.
CRANKCASE AND CRANKSHAFT

CHECKING THE CRANKSHAFT
1. Measure:
   • Runout limit "a"
   • Small end free play limit "b"
   • Connecting rod big end side clearance "c"
   • Crank width "d"
   Out of specification → Replace. Use the dial gauge and a thickness gauge.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure wastage</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>&lt;Limit&gt;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Runout limit:</td>
<td>0.03 mm</td>
<td>0.05 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.0012 in)</td>
<td>(0.002 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small end free play:</td>
<td>0.4–1.0 mm</td>
<td>2.0 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.016–0.039 in)</td>
<td>(0.08 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Side clearance:</td>
<td>0.15–0.45 mm</td>
<td>0.50 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.0059–0.0177 in)</td>
<td>(0.02 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crack width:</td>
<td>61.95–62.00 mm</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2.439–2.441 in)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dial gauge and stand:
YU-3097/90890-01252

CHECKING THE OIL STRAINER
1. Inspect:
   • Oil strainer
   Damage → Replace.

INSTALLING THE CRANKCASE BEARING
1. Install:
   • Bearing [New]
   • Bearing stopper
   • Bolt (bearing stopper)

   **Bolt (bearing stopper):**
   10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

   **Screw (bearing stopper):**
   10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

   **Screw [bearing stopper (crankshaft)] “1”**

   **Screw [bearing stopper (crankshaft)]:**
   14 Nm (1.4 m•kg, 1.0 ft•lb)

   To left and right crankcase.

TIP
- Install the bearing by pressing its outer race parallel.
- To prevent the screw [bearing stopper (crankshaft)] from becoming loose, crush the screw head periphery "a" into the concave "b" using a punch etc. In so doing, take care not to damage the screwdriver receiving hole in the screw head.

INSTALLING THE CRANKSHAFT
1. Install:
   • Crankshaft "1"
   Use the crankshaft installing tool "2", "3", "4" and "5".

   **Crankshaft installing pot “2”**:
   YU-90050/90890-01274
   Crankshaft installing bolt "3”:
   YU-90050/90890-01275
   Adapter (M12) "4”:
   YU-90063/90890-01278
   Spacer (crankshaft installer) "5”:
   YM-91044/90890-04081

   **Bolt (oil strainer):**
   10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

   **Bolt (oil strainer) “2”**

   **Bolt (oil strainer) “2”**:

TIP
- Hold the connecting rod at top dead center with one hand while turning the nut of the installing tool with the other. Operate the installing tool until the crankshaft bottoms against the bearing.
- Before installing the crankshaft, clean the contacting surface of crankcase.

NOTICE
Do not use a hammer to drive in the crankshaft.

A. For USA and CDN
B. Except for USA and CDN

2. Check:
   • Shifter operation
   • Transmission operation
   Unsmooth operation → Repair.

3. Install:
   • Oil strainer “1”
   • Bolt (oil strainer) “2”
4. Apply:
• Sealant
  On the right crankcase.

TIP
YAMAHA Bond No. 1215
(ThreeBond® No.1215):
90890-85505

Clean the contacting surface of left and right crankcase before applying the sealant.

5. Install:
• Dowel pin “1”
• O-ring “2” New
• Right crankcase
  To left crankcase.

TIP
• Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-ring.
• Fit the right crankcase onto the left crankcase. Tap lightly on the case with soft hammer.
• When installing the crankcase, the connecting rod should be positioned at TDC (top dead center).

6. Tighten:
• Hose guide “1”
• Clutch cable holder “2”
• Bolt (clutch cable holder)

Bolt (clutch cable holder):
10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

• Bolt (crankcase)

Bolt (crankcase):
12 Nm (1.2 m•kg, 8.7 ft•lb)

7. Install:
• Timing chain
• Timing chain guide (intake side)
• Bolt (timing chain guide)

Bolt (timing chain guide):
10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

8. Remove:
• Sealant
  Forced out on the cylinder mating surface.

9. Apply:
• Engine oil
  To the crank pin, bearing and oil delivery hole.

10. Check:
• Crankshaft and transmission operation.
  Unsmooth operation → Repair.
## TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND SHIFT FORK

### REMOVING THE TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND SHIFT FORK

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine</td>
<td>Refer to &quot;ENGINE REMOVAL&quot; section.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Main axle</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Drive axle</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Shift cam</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Shift fork 3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Shift fork 2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Shift fork 1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Collar</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND SHIFT FORK

REMOVING THE TRANSMISSION
1. Remove:
   • Main axle “1”
   • Drive axle “2”
   • Shift cam
   • Shift fork 3
   • Shift fork 2
   • Shift fork 1

   • Remove assembly with the collar “3” installed to the crankcase.
   • Remove assembly carefully. Note the position of each part. Pay particular attention to the location and direction of shift forks.
   • Remove the main axle, drive axle, shift cam and shift fork all together by tapping lightly on the transmission drive axle with a soft hammer.

TIP
• Remove assembly with the collar “3” installed to the crankcase.
• Remove assembly carefully. Note the position of each part. Pay particular attention to the location and direction of shift forks.
• Remove the main axle, drive axle, shift cam and shift fork all together by tapping lightly on the transmission drive axle with a soft hammer.

CHECKING THE GEAR
1. Inspect:
   • Matching dog “a”
   • Gear teeth “b”
   • Shift fork groove “c”
   Wear/damage → Replace.

2. Inspect:
   • O-ring “1”
   Damage → Replace.

3. Check:
   • Gears movement
   Unsmooth movement → Repair or replace.

CHECKING THE BEARING
1. Inspect:
   • Bearing “1”
   Rotate inner race with a finger.
   Rough spot/seizure → Replace.

CHECKING THE SHIFT FORK, SHIFT CAM AND SEGMENT
1. Inspect:
   • Shift fork “1”
   Wear/damage/scratches → Replace.

2. Inspect:
   • Shift cam “1”
   • Segment “2”
   Wear/damage → Replace.

3. Check:
   • Shift fork movement
   Unsmooth operation → Replace shift fork.

TIP
For a malfunctioning shift fork, replace not only the shift fork itself but the two gears each adjacent to the shift fork.

INSTALLING THE TRANSMISSION
1. Install:
   • 5th pinion gear (25T) “1”
   • 3rd pinion gear (16T) “2”
   • Collar “3”
   • 4th pinion gear (20T) “4”
   • 2nd pinion gear (15T) “5”
   To main axle “6”.

TIP
Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the inner and end surface of the idler gear and on the inner surface of the sliding gear, then install.

2. Install:
   • Collar “1”
   • 2nd wheel gear (26T) “2”
   • 4th wheel gear (21T) “3”
   • 3rd wheel gear (21T) “4”
   • 5th wheel gear (21T) “5”
   • Collar “6”
   • 1st wheel gear (29T) “7”
   • O-ring “8” New
   To drive axle “9”.

TIP
• Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the inner and end surface of the idler gear and on the inner surface of the sliding gear, then install.
• Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-ring.
3. Install:
   • Washer “1”
   • Circlip “2” New

   **TIP**
   • Be sure the circlip sharp-edged corner “a” is positioned opposite side to the washer and gear “b”.
   • Install the circlip with its ends “c” settled evenly on the spline crests.

4. Install:
   • Collar “1”

   **TIP**
   • Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip.
   • When installing the collar into the crankcase, pay careful attention to the crankcase oil seal lip.

5. Install:
   • Shift fork 1 (L) “1”
   • Shift fork 2 (C) “2”
   • Shift fork 3 (R) “3”
   • Shift cam “4”
      To main axle and drive axle.

   **TIP**
   • Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the shift fork grooves.
   • Apply engine oil to the shift cam groove, bearing contact surface and shift fork shaft.
   • Mesh the shift fork #1 (L) with the 4th wheel gear “5” and #3 (R) with the 5th wheel gear “7” on the drive axle.
   • Mesh the shift fork #2 (C) with the 3rd pinion gear “6” on the main axle.

6. Install:
   • Transmission assembly “1”
      To left crankcase “2”.

   **TIP**
   Apply the engine oil on the bearings and guide bars.

7. Check:
   • Shifter operation
   • Transmission operation
   Unsmooth operation → Repair.
FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL

CHASSIS

TIP
This section is intended for those who have basic knowledge and skill concerning the servicing of Yamaha motorcycles (e.g., Yamaha dealers, service engineers, etc.) Those who have little knowledge and skill concerning servicing are requested not to undertake inspection, adjustment, disassembly, or reassembly only by reference to this manual. It may lead to servicing trouble and mechanical damage.

FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL
REMOVING THE FRONT WHEEL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Bolt (axle holder)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Only loosening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Nut (front wheel axle)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Front wheel axle</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Front wheel</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Speed sensor</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Collar</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Oil seal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Bearing</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Brake disc</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Order Part name Q'ty Remarks
Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine.
Refer to "HANDLING NOTE".

21 Nm (2.1 m · kg, 15 ft · lb)

21 Nm (2.1 m · kg, 15 ft · lb)

12 Nm (1.2 m · kg, 8.7 ft · lb)

90 Nm (9.0 m · kg, 65 ft · lb)
# FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL

## REMOVING THE REAR WHEEL

![Diagram of rear wheel removal](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Nut (rear wheel axle)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to &quot;HANDLING NOTE&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Rear wheel axle</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Drive chain puller</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Rear wheel</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Collar</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Rear wheel sprocket</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Oil seal</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Circlip</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Bearing</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Brake disc</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine.**
- **125 Nm (12.5 m·kg, 90 ft·lb)**
- **14 Nm (1.4 m·kg, 10 ft·lb)**
- **19 Nm (1.9 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)**
- **50 Nm (5.0 m·kg, 36 ft·lb)**
FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL

HANDLING NOTE

**WARNING**
Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

REMOVING THE REAR WHEEL
1. Remove:
   - Wheel "1"

**TIP**
Push the wheel forward and remove the drive chain "2".

REMOVING THE WHEEL BEARING
1. Remove:
   - Bearing "1"

**TIP**
Remove the bearing using a general bearing puller "2".

CHECKING THE WHEEL
1. Measure:
   - Wheel runout
     Out of limit → Repair/replace.

**Wheel runout limit:**
   - Radial "1": 2.0 mm (0.08 in)
   - Lateral "2": 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

2. Inspect:
   - Bearing
     Rotate inner race with a finger.
     Rough spot/seizure → Replace.

**TIP**
Replace the bearings, oil seal and wheel collar as a set.

CHECKING THE WHEEL AXLE
1. Measure:
   - Wheel axle bends
     Out of specification → Replace.
     Use the dial gauge "1".

**Wheel axle bending limit:**
0.5 mm (0.020 in)

**TIP**
The bending value is shown by one half of the dial gauge reading.

**WARNING**
Do not attempt to straighten a bent axle.

CHECKING THE BRAKE DISC
1. Measure:
   - Brake disc deflection (only rear brake disc)
     Use the dial gauge "1".
     Out of specification → Inspect wheel runout.
     If wheel runout is in good condition, replace the brake disc.

**Brake disc deflection limit:**
   - Rear:
     <Limit>: 0.15 mm (0.006 in)

2. Measure:
   - Brake disc thickness "a"
     Out of limit → Replace.

**Brake disc thickness:**
   - Front:
     3.0 mm (0.12 in)
     <Limit>: 2.5 mm (0.10 in)
   - Rear:
     4.0 mm (0.16 in)
     <Limit>: 3.5 mm (0.14 in)

INSTALLING THE FRONT WHEEL
1. Install:
   - Bearing (left) "1"
   - Spacer "2"
   - Bearing (right) "3"
   - Oil seal "4"

**TIP**
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing and oil seal lip when installing.
- Use a socket that matches the outside diameter of the race of the bearing.
- Left side of bearing shall be installed first.
- Install the oil seal with its manufacturer's marks or numbers facing outward.

**NOTICE**
Do not strike the inner race of the bearing. Contact should be made only with the outer race.
2. Install:
   - Brake disc "1"
   - Bolt (brake disc) "2"

   **TIP**
   Tighten the bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

3. Install:
   - Collar "1"

   **TIP**
   Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip.

4. Install:
   - Speed sensor "1"

   **TIP**
   - Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip of the speed sensor.
   - Make sure the two projections "a" in the wheel hub are meshed with the two slots "b" in the speed sensor.

5. Install:
   - Wheel

   **TIP**
   - Install the brake disc "1" between the brake pads "2" correctly.
   - Make sure that the projections "a" in the speed sensor fits over the stopper "b" on the front fork inner tube.

6. Install:
   - Wheel axle "1"

   **TIP**
   - Apply the lithium soap base grease on the wheel axle.

7. Install:
   - Nut (wheel axle) "1"

   **TIP**
   - Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing and oil seal lip when installing.
   - Install the bearing with seal facing outward.
   - Use a socket that matches the outside diameter of the race of the bearing.
   - Right side of bearing shall be installed first.
   - Install the oil seal with its manufacturer's marks or numbers facing outward.

8. Tighten:
   - Bolt (axle holder) "1"

   **TIP**
   Before tightening the bolt, fit the wheel axle to the axle holder by stroking the front fork several times with the front brake applied.

---

**Bolt (brake disc):**

12 Nm (1.2 m•kg, 8.7 ft•lb)

**Nut (wheel axle):**

90 Nm (9.0 m•kg, 65 ft•lb)

**Bolt (axle holder):**

21 Nm (2.1 m•kg, 15 ft•lb)

---

**INSTALLING THE REAR WHEEL**

1. Install:
   - Bearing (right) "1"
   - Circlip "2"
   - Spacer "3"
   - Bearing (left) "4"
   - Oil seal "5"

   **TIP**
   - Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing and oil seal lip when installing.
   - Install the bearing with seal facing outward.
   - Use a socket that matches the outside diameter of the race of the bearing.
   - Right side of bearing shall be installed first.
   - Install the oil seal with its manufacturer's marks or numbers facing outward.

   **NOTICE**
   Do not strike the inner race of the bearing. Contact should be made only with the outer race.
FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL

2. Install:
• Brake disc "1"
• Bolt (brake disc) "2"

Bolt (brake disc):
14 Nm (1.4 m·kg, 10 ft·lb)

TIP
Tighten the bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

3. Install:
• Rear wheel sprocket "1"
• Bolt (rear wheel sprocket) "2"
• Washer (rear wheel sprocket) "3"
• Nut (rear wheel sprocket) "4"

Nut (rear wheel sprocket):
50 Nm (5.0 m·kg, 36 ft·lb)

TIP
Tighten the nuts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

4. Install:
• Collar "1"

TIP
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip.

5. Install:
• Wheel

TIP
Install the brake disc "1" between the brake pads "2" correctly.

6. Install:
• Drive chain "1"

TIP
Push the wheel "2" forward and install the drive chain.

7. Install:
• Left drive chain puller "1"
• Wheel axle "2"

TIP
• Install the left drive chain puller, and insert the wheel axle from left side.
• Apply the lithium soap base grease on the wheel axle.

8. Install:
• Right drive chain puller "1"
• Washer "2"
• Nut (wheel axle) "3"

TIP
Temporarily tighten the nut (wheel axle) at this point.

9. Adjust:
• Drive chain slack "a"

Drive chain slack:
48–58 mm (1.9–2.3 in)

Refer to "ADJUSTING THE DRIVE CHAIN SLACK" section in the CHAPTER 3.

10. Tighten:
• Nut (wheel axle) "1"

Nut (wheel axle):
125 Nm (12.5 m·kg, 90 ft·lb)

• Locknut "2"

Locknut:
19 Nm (1.9 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)
# FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE
## REMOVING THE FRONT BRAKE

![Brake Diagram]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;HANDLING NOTE&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>under the engine.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Drain the brake fluid.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Brake hose holder (protector)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Brake hose holder (brake caliper)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Union bolt</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Brake hose</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Pad pin plug</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Remove when loosening the pad pin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Pad pin</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Loosen when disassembling the brake caliper.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Brake caliper</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Brake lever</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Brake master cylinder bracket</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Brake master cylinder</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Torque Values</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Range</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3 Nm (0.3 m·kg, 2.2 ft·lb)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 Nm (0.9 m·kg, 6.5 ft·lb)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REMOVING THE REAR BRAKE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hold</td>
<td>machine by placing the suitable stand</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to “HANDLING NOTE”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refer</td>
<td>under the engine.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drain</td>
<td>the brake fluid.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to “FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL” section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Brake pedal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Brake master cylinder</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Brake hose holder</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Union bolt</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Brake hose</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Remove when loosening the pad pin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Pad pin plug</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Loosen when disassembling the brake caliper.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Pad pin</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Brake caliper</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE

DISASSEMBLING THE BRAKE CALIPER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Pad pin</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Brake pad</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Pad support</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Brake caliper piston</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Brake caliper piston dust seal</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Brake caliper piston seal</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Torque Specifications**

- 3 Nm (0.3 m·kg, 2.2 ft·lb)
- 6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)
- 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)
## Disassembling the Brake Master Cylinder

### Parts List

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Brake master cylinder cap</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>A. Front</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Diaphragm</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>B. Rear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Reservoir float</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Brake master cylinder boot</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Circlip</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Use a long nose circlip pliers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Washer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Push rod</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Brake master cylinder kit</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE**

**HANDLING NOTE**

⚠️ **WARNING**
Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

**DRAINING THE BRAKE FLUID**

1. Remove:
   - Brake master cylinder cap "1"
   - Protector (rear brake)

**TIP**
Do not remove the diaphragm.

2. Connect the transparent hose "2" to the bleed screw "1" and place a suitable container under its end.

3. Loosen the bleed screw and drain the brake fluid while pulling the lever in or pushing down on the pedal.

⚠️ **WARNING**
- Do not reuse the drained brake fluid.
- Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

**REMOVING THE BRAKE CALIPER PISTON**

1. Remove:
   - Brake caliper piston
     Use compressed air and proceed carefully.

⚠️ **WARNING**
- Cover piston with rag and use extreme caution when expelling piston from cylinder.
- Never attempt to pry out piston.

Caliper piston removal steps:
- Insert a piece of rag into the brake caliper to lock one brake caliper.
- Carefully force the piston out of the brake caliper cylinder with compressed air.

**REMOVING THE BRAKE CALIPER PISTON SEAL KIT**

1. Remove:
   - Brake caliper piston dust seal "1"
   - Brake caliper piston seal "2"

Remove the brake caliper piston seals and brake caliper piston dust seals by pushing them with a finger.

**TIP**

Never attempt to pry out brake caliper piston seals and brake caliper piston dust seals.

**CHECKING THE BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER**

1. Inspect:
   - Brake master cylinder inner surface "a"
     Wear/scratches → Replace master cylinder assembly.
     Stains → Clean.

2. Inspect:
   - Diaphragm "1"
     Crack/damage → Replace.

**NOTICE**

Never attempt to pry out brake caliper piston seals and brake caliper piston dust seals whenever a caliper is disassembled.
3. Inspect: (front brake only)
   • Reservoir float "1"
     Damage → Replace.

4. Inspect:
   • Brake master cylinder piston "1"
   • Brake master cylinder cup "2"
     Wear/damage/score marks → Replace brake master cylinder kit.

CHECKING THE BRAKE CALIPER
1. Inspect:
   • Brake caliper cylinder inner surface "a"
     Wear/score marks → Replace brake caliper assembly.

2. Inspect:
   • Brake caliper piston "1"
     Wear/score marks → Replace brake caliper assembly.

   WARNING
   Replace the brake caliper piston seals and brake caliper piston dust seals "2" whenever a caliper is disassembled.

CHECKING THE BRAKE HOSE
1. Inspect:
   • Brake hose "1"
     Crack/damage → Replace.

HANDLING NOTE
   • All internal parts should be cleaned in new brake fluid only.
   • Internal parts should be lubricated with brake fluid when installed.
   • Replace the brake caliper piston seals and brake caliper piston dust seals whenever a caliper is disassembled.

INSTALLING THE BRAKE CALIPER PISTON
1. Clean:
   • Brake caliper
   • Brake caliper piston seal
   • Brake caliper piston dust seal
   • Brake caliper piston
   Clean them with brake fluid.

2. Install:
   • Brake caliper piston seal "1"
   • Brake caliper piston dust seal "2"

   WARNING
   Always use new brake caliper piston seals and brake caliper piston dust seals.

TIP
   • Apply the brake fluid on the brake caliper piston seal.
   • Apply the silicone grease on the brake caliper piston dust seal.
   • Fit the brake caliper piston seals and brake caliper piston dust seals onto the slot on brake caliper correctly.

INSTALLING THE FRONT BRAKE CALIPER
1. Install:
   • Pad support "1"
   • Brake pad "2"
   • Pad pin "3"
   Install the brake pads with their projections "a" into the brake caliper recesses "b".
   • Temporarily tighten the pad pin at this point.

A. Front
B. Rear
2. Install:
   • Brake caliper “1”
   • Bolt (brake caliper) “2”

   Bolt (brake caliper):
   23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 17 ft•lb)

3. Tighten:
   • Pad pin “3”

   Pad pin:
   18 Nm (1.8 m•kg, 13 ft•lb)

4. Install:
   • Pad pin plug “4”

   Pad pin plug:
   3 Nm (0.3 m•kg, 2.2 ft•lb)

INSTALLING THE REAR BRAKE CALIPER
1. Install:
   • Pad support “1”
   • Brake pad “2”
   • Pad pin “3”

TIP
   • Install the brake pads with their projections “a” into the brake caliper recesses “b”.
   • Temporarily tighten the pad pin at this point.

2. Install:
   • Brake disc cover “1”
   • Bolt (brake disc cover) “2”

   Bolt (brake disc cover):
   10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

3. Install:
   • Brake caliper “1”
   • Bolt (brake caliper) “2”
   • Rear wheel “2”

   Refer to “FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL” section.

4. Tighten:
   • Pad pin “3”

   Pad pin:
   18 Nm (1.8 m•kg, 13 ft•lb)

5. Install:
   • Pad pin plug “4”

   Pad pin plug:
   3 Nm (0.3 m•kg, 2.2 ft•lb)

INSTALLING THE BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER KIT
1. Clean:
   • Brake master cylinder
   • Brake master cylinder kit

   Clean them with brake fluid.

2. Install:
   • Brake master cylinder cup (primary) “1”
   • Brake master cylinder cup (secondary) “2”
   • Brake master cylinder piston “3”
   • Brake master cylinder boot “4”

   To brake master cylinder.

TIP
   • Apply the brake fluid on the brake master cylinder cup.

A. Front
B. Rear

4. Install:
   • Brake master cylinder kit “1”
   • Washer (front brake) “2”
   • Push rod (rear brake) “2”
   • Circlip “3”
   • Brake master cylinder boot “4”

   To brake master cylinder.

TIP
   • Apply the brake fluid on the brake master cylinder kit.
   • Apply the silicone grease on the tip of the push rod.
   • When installing the circlip, use a long nose circlip pliers.

WARNING
After installing, cylinder cup should be installed as shown direction. Wrong installation cause improper brake performance.
INSTALLING THE FRONT BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER
1. Install:
   - Brake master cylinder "1"
   - Brake master cylinder bracket "2"
   - Bolt (brake master cylinder bracket) "3"

   Bolt (brake master cylinder bracket):
   9 Nm (0.9 m•kg, 6.5 ft•lb)

TIP
- Install the bracket so that the arrow mark "a" face upward.
- First tighten the bolts on the upper side of the brake master cylinder bracket, and then tighten the bolts on the lower side.

2. Install:
   - Brake lever "1"
   - Bolt (brake lever) "2"
   - Nut (brake lever) "3"

   Apply the silicone grease on the brake lever sliding surface, bolt and contacting surface of the brake master cylinder piston.

Bolt (brake lever):
6 Nm (0.6 m•kg, 4.3 ft•lb)

TIP
Apply the silicone grease on the brake lever sliding surface, bolt and contacting surface of the brake master cylinder piston.

INSTALLING THE REAR BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER
1. Install:
   - Copper washer "1"
   - Brake hose "2"
   - Union bolt "3"

   Union bolt:
   30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb)

   WARNING
Always use new copper washers.

2. Install:
   - Brake master cylinder "1"
   - Bolt (brake master cylinder) "2"

   Bolt (brake master cylinder):
   10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

TIP
After installing, check the brake pedal height. Refer to "ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE" section in the CHAPTER 3.

3. Install:
   - Spring "1"
   - Brake pedal "2"
   - O-ring "3"
   - Bolt (brake pedal) "4"

   Bolt (brake pedal):
   26 Nm (2.6 m•kg, 19 ft•lb)

   - Clip "5"

   NOTICE
Install the brake hose so that its pipe portion "a" directs as shown and lightly touches the projection "b" on the brake master cylinder.

INSTALLING THE FRONT BRAKE HOSE
1. Install:
   - Copper washer "1"
   - Brake hose "2"
   - Union bolt "3"

   Always use new copper washers.

   Bolt (brake master cylinder):
   10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

   Bolt (brake master cylinder bracket):
   9 Nm (0.9 m•kg, 6.5 ft•lb)

   Union bolt:
   30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb)

   TIP
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bolt, O-ring and brake pedal bracket.

4. Install:
   - Pin "1"
   - Washer "2"
   - Cotter pin "3"

   TIP
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bolt, O-ring and brake pedal bracket.

   Bolt (brake pedal):
   26 Nm (2.6 m•kg, 19 ft•lb)

   Bolt (brake pedal):
   26 Nm (2.6 m•kg, 19 ft•lb)

   TIP
After installing, check the brake pedal height. Refer to "ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE" section in the CHAPTER 3.
2. Install:
• Brake hose holder "1"
• Bolt (brake hose holder) "2"

**Bolt (brake hose holder):**
10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

**WARNING**
Always use new copper washers.

3. Install:
• Brake hose holder "1"
• Nut (brake hose holder) "2"

**Nut (brake hose holder):**
7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)

**TIP**
Align the top "a" of the brake hose holder with the paint "b" of the brake hose.

4. Pass the brake hose through the front brake hose guides "1".

5. Install:
• Copper washer "1" *New*
• Brake hose "2"
• Union bolt "3"

**Union bolt:**
30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb)

**WARNING**
Always use new copper washers.

**INSTALLING THE REAR BRAKE HOSE**
1. Install:
• Copper washer "1" *New*
• Brake hose "2"
• Union bolt "3"

**Union bolt:**
30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb)

**WARNING**
Always use new copper washers.

**NOTICE**
Install the brake hose so that its pipe portion "a" directs as shown and lightly touches the projection "b" on the brake caliper.

**NOTICE**
Install the brake hose so that it contacts the brake master cylinder projection "a" and that its bent portion "b" faces downward.

**NOTICE**
After installing the brake hose holders, make sure the brake hose does not contact the spring (rear shock absorber). If it does, correct its twist.

**FILLING THE BRAKE FLUID**
1. Fill:
• Brake fluid

Until the fluid level reaches "LOWER" level line "a".

**Recommended brake fluid:**
DOT #4

**WARNING**
• Use only the designated quality brake fluid; otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
• Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
• Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.

**NOTICE**
Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

**Bolt (brake hose holder):**
10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

**Screw (brake hose holder):**
2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)
FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE

2. Air bleed:
   • Brake system
     Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" section in the CHAPTER 3.

3. Inspect:
   • Brake fluid level
     Fluid at lower level → Fill up.
     Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL" section in the CHAPTER 3.

4. Install:
   • Reservoir float (front brake)
   • Diaphragm
   • Brake master cylinder cap "1"
   • Screw (bolt) {brake master cylinder cap} "2"

   **WARNING**
   After installation, while pulling the brake lever in or pushing down on the brake pedal, check whether there is any brake fluid leaking where the union bolts are installed respectively at the brake master cylinder and brake caliper.

   **Screw (bolt) (brake master cylinder cap):**
   2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)

   **Bolt (protector):**
   7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)
REMOVING THE FRONT FORK

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Protector</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Pinch bolt (upper bracket)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Only loosening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Cap bolt</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Loosen when disassembling the front fork.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Pinch bolt (lower bracket)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Only loosening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Front fork</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine. Refer to "HANDLING NOTE".

Front wheel

Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL" section.

Front brake caliper

Refer to "FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE" section.

Headlight

Refer to "HANDLEBAR" section.

- Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine. Refer to "HANDLING NOTE".
- Front wheel
  - Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL" section.
- Front brake caliper
  - Refer to "FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE" section.
- Headlight
  - Refer to "HANDLEBAR" section.
## DISASSEMBLING THE FRONT FORK

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Front fork cap bolt</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Fork spring</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Drain the fork oil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Dust seal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Stopper ring</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Inner tube</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Outer tube</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Piston metal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Slide metal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Oil seal washer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Oil seal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Spring guide</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Base valve</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Damper rod</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**HANDLING NOTE**

**WARNING**
Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

**TIP**
The front fork requires careful attention. So it is recommended that the front fork be maintained at the dealers.

**NOTICE**
To prevent an accidental explosion of air, the following instructions should be observed:
- The front fork with a built-in piston rod has a very sophisticated internal construction and is particularly sensitive to foreign material. Use enough care not to allow any foreign material to come in when the oil is replaced or when the front fork is disassembled and reassembled.
- Before removing the cap bolts or front forks, be sure to extract the air from the air chamber completely.

**REMOVING THE FRONT FORK CAP BOLT**

1. Remove:
   - Front fork cap bolt "1"
     From the outer tube.

**TIP**
Before removing the front fork from the machine, loosen the front fork cap bolt.

2. Remove:
   - Front fork cap bolt "1"

**TIP**
Hold the locknut "2" and remove the front fork cap bolt.

**REMOVING THE INNER TUBE**

1. Remove:
   - Dust seal "1"
   - Stopper ring "2"
   Using slotted-head screwdriver.

**NOTICE**
Take care not to scratch the inner tube.

2. Remove:
   - Inner tube "1"

** commodities**
Oil seal removal steps:
- Push in slowly "a" the inner tube just before it bottoms out and then pull it back quickly "b".
- Repeat this step until the inner tube can be pulled out from the outer tube.

**REMOVING THE DAMPER ROD**

1. Remove:
   - Base valve "1"
   - Damper rod "2"

**TIP**
Use a damper rod holder "3" to lock the damper rod.

**CHECKING THE BASE VALVE**

1. Inspect:
   - Valve assembly "1"
     Wear/damage → Replace.
   - O-ring "2"
     Damage → Replace.

**CHECKING THE FORK SPRING**

1. Measure:
   - Fork spring free length "a"
     Out of specification → Replace.

** Fork spring free length:**
- 460 mm (18.1 in)
- <Limit>: 455 mm (17.9 in)

** CHECKING THE INNER TUBE**

1. Inspect:
   - Inner tube surface "a"
     Score marks → Repair or replace.
     Use #1,000 grit wet sandpaper.
     Damaged oil lock piece → Replace.
   - Inner tube bends
     Out of specification → Replace.
     Use the dial gauge "1".

**Inner tube bending limit:**
- 0.2 mm (0.008 in)
TIP
The bending value is shown by one half of the dial gauge reading.

WARNING
Do not attempt to straighten a bent inner tube as this may dangerously weaken the tube.

CHECKING THE OUTER TUBE
1. Inspect:
   • Outer tube "1"
     Score marks/wear/damage → Replace.

CHECKING THE FRONT FORK CAP BOLT
1. Inspect:
   • Front fork cap bolt "1"
     O-ring "2"
     Air bleed screw "3"
     Wear/damage → Replace.

ASSEMBLING THE FRONT FORK
1. Wash the all parts in a clean solvent.
2. Install:
   • Damper rod "1"
     To inner tube "2".

NOTICE
To install the damper rod into the inner tube, hold the inner tube aslant. If the inner tube is held vertically, the damper rod may fall into it, damaging the valve inside.

3. Install:
   • Copper washer "1" New
   • O-ring "2" New
   • Base valve "3" New
     To inner tube "4".

4. Tighten:
   • Base valve "1" New

Base valve:
55 Nm (5.5 m•kg, 40 ft•lb)

TIP
Use a damper rod holder "2" to lock the damper rod "3".
Apply the LOCTITE® on the base valve thread.

TIP holder:
YM-01494/90890-01494

5. Install:
   • Spring guide "1"
   • Locknut "2"
     To damper rod "3".

TIP
Install the spring guide with its smaller dia.end "a" facing downward.
With its thread "b" facing upward, fully finger tighten the locknut onto the damper rod.

6. Install:
   • Dust seal "1" New
   • Stopper ring "2" New
   • Oil seal "3" New
   • Oil seal washer "4" New
   • Slide metal "5" New
     To inner tube "6".

TIP
• Apply the fork oil on the inner tube.
• When installing the oil seal, use vinyl seat "a" with fork oil applied to protect the oil seal lip.
• Install the oil seal with its manufacturer's marks or number facing the axle holder side.
• Install the oil seal washer with its projections "b" facing upward.

7. Install:
   • Piston metal "1" New

TIP
Install the piston metal onto the slot on inner tube.
8. Install:
   • Outer tube "1"
     To inner tube "2".

9. Install:
   • Slide metal "1"
   • Oil seal washer "2"
     To outer tube slot.

TIP
Press the slide metal into the outer tube with fork seal driver "3".

10. Install:
   • Oil seal "1"

TIP
Press the oil seal into the outer tube with fork seal driver "2".

11. Install:
   • Stopper ring "1"

TIP
Fit the stopper ring correctly in the groove in the outer tube.

12. Install:
   • Dust seal "1"

TIP
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the inner tube.

13. Check:
   • Inner tube smooth movement
     Tightness/binding/rough spots
     Repeat the steps 2 to 12.

14. Compress the front fork fully.

15. Fill:
   • Front fork oil
     Until outer tube top surface with recommended fork oil "1".

TIP
Be careful not to excessive full stroke. A stroke of 200 mm (7.9 in) or more will cause air to enter. In this case, repeat the steps 15 to 18.

16. After filling, pump the damper rod "1" slowly up and down more than 10 times to distribute the fork oil.

17. Fill:
   • Front fork oil
     Until outer tube top surface with recommended fork oil once more.

18. After filling, pump the outer tube "1" slowly up and down (about 200 mm (7.9 in) stroke) to distribute the fork oil once more.

TIP
Be careful not to excessive full stroke. A stroke of 200 mm (7.9 in) or more will cause air to enter. In this case, repeat the steps 15 to 18.

19. Wait ten minutes until the air bubbles have been removed from the front fork, and the oil has dispense evenly in system before setting recommended oil level.

TIP
Fill with the fork oil up to the top end of the outer tube, or the fork oil will not spread over to every part of the front forks, thus making it impossible to obtain the correct level.

Be sure to fill with the fork oil up to the top of the outer tube and bleed the front forks.

Notice
• Be sure to use recommended fork oil. If other oils are used, they may have an excessively adverse effect on the front fork performance.
• Never allow foreign materials to enter the front fork.
20. Measure:
- Oil level (left and right) "a"
  Out of specification → Adjust.

- Standard oil level:
  132 mm (5.20 in)
  *125 mm (4.92 in)
- Extent of adjustment:
  95–150 mm (3.74–5.91 in)
- From top of outer tube with inner tube and damper rod "1" fully compressed without spring.

- For AUS, NZ, ZA and EUROPE

**TIP**
Be sure to install the spring guide "2" when checking the oil level.

**WARNING**
Never fail to make the oil level adjustment between the maximum and minimum level and always adjust each front fork to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.

21. Measure:
- Distance "a"
  Out of specification → Turn into the locknut.

- Distance "a":
  18 mm (0.71 in) or more
  Between damper rod "1" top and locknut "2" top.

22. Loosen:
- Rebound damping adjuster "1"

**TIP**
- Loosen the rebound damping adjuster finger tight.
- Record the set position of the adjuster (the amount of turning out the fully turned in position).

23. Install:
- Push rod "1"
- Fork spring "2"

**TIP**
- Install the fork spring with the damper rod "3" pulled up.
- After installing the fork spring, hold the damper rod end so that it will not go down.

24. Install:
- Spring seat "1"
- Front fork cap bolt "2"

**TIP**
- Fully finger tighten the front fork cap bolt onto the damper rod.

25. Tighten:
- Front fork cap bolt (locknut) "1"

- Front fork cap bolt (locknut):
  29 Nm (2.9 m•kg, 21 ft•lb)

**TIP**
Hold the locknut "2" and tighten the front fork cap bolt with specified torque.

26. Install:
- Front fork cap bolt "1"
  To outer tube.

**TIP**
Temporarily tighten the cap bolt.

27. Install:
- Protector guide "1"

**TIP**
Install the protector guide with its wider side "a" facing downward.
INSTALLING THE FRONT FORK

1. Install:
   • Front fork "1"

   **TIP**
   • Temporarily tighten the pinch bolts (lower bracket).
   • Do not tighten the pinch bolts (upper bracket) yet.

2. Tighten:
   • Front fork cap bolt

   Front fork cap bolt:
   30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb)

3. Adjust:
   • Front fork top end "a"

   Front fork top end (standard) "a":
   Zero mm (Zero in)

4. Tighten:
   • Pinch bolt (upper bracket) "1"

   Pinch bolt (upper bracket):
   21 Nm (2.1 m•kg, 15 ft•lb)
   • Pinch bolt (lower bracket) "2"

   Pinch bolt (lower bracket):
   21 Nm (2.1 m•kg, 15 ft•lb)

5. Install:
   • Speed sensor lead "1"
   • Plate 1 "2"
   • Bolt (plate 1) "3"

   Bolt (plate 1):
   4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)

   To right protector "4".

   **TIP**
   Install the speed sensor lead so that its paint "a" directs as shown and align the bottom "b" of the plate 1 with the same paint.

6. Install:
   • Speed sensor lead "1"
   • Plate 2 "2"
   • Screw (plate 2) "3"

   Screw (plate 2):
   0.5 Nm (0.05 m•kg, 0.36 ft•lb)

   To right protector "4".

   **TIP**
   Install the plate 2 in the direction as shown.

7. Install:
   • Protector "1"
   • Bolt (protector) "2"

   Bolt (protector):
   7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)

8. Adjust:
   • Rebound damping force

   **TIP**
   Turn in the damping adjuster "1" finger-tight and then turn out to the originally set position.

**WARNING**

Tighten the lower bracket to specified torque. If torqued too much, it may cause the front fork to malfunction.
## HANDLEBAR
### REMOVING THE HANDLEBAR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Headlight</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Hot starter cable</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Disconnect at the lever side.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Hot starter lever holder</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Clutch cable</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Disconnect at the lever side.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Clutch lever holder</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Disconnect the clutch switch lead.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Engine stop switch</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Disconnect the engine stop switch lead.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Brake master cylinder</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Start switch</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Disconnect the start switch lead.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Throttle cable #1 (pulled)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Disconnect at the throttle side.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Throttle cable #2 (pushed)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Disconnect at the throttle side.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Right grip</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Tube guide</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Left grip</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Handlebar upper holder</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Handlebar</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Handlebar lower holder</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REMOVING THE BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER
1. Remove:
   • Brake master cylinder bracket “1”
   • Brake master cylinder “2”

**NOTICE**
- Do not let the brake master cylinder hang on the brake hose.
- Keep the brake master cylinder cap side horizontal to prevent air from coming in.

REMOVING THE GRIP
1. Remove:
   • Grip “1”

**TIP**
Blow in air between the handlebar or tube guide and the grip. Then remove the grip which has become loose.

CHECKING THE HANDLEBAR
1. Inspect:
   • Handlebar “1”
   Bends/cracks/damage → Replace.

**WARNING**
Do not attempt to straighten a bent handlebar as this may dangerously weaken the handlebar.

INSTALLING THE HANDLEBAR
1. Install:
   • Handlebar lower holder “1”
   • Washer “2”
   • Nut (handlebar lower holder) “3”

2. Install:
   • Handlebar “1”
   • Handlebar upper holder “2”
   • Bolt (handlebar upper holder) “3”

**TIP**
- Install the handlebar lower holder with its side having the greater distance “a” from the mounting bolt center facing forward.
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the thread of the handlebar lower holder.
- Installing the handlebar lower holder in the reverse direction allows the front-to-rear offset amount of the handlebar position to be changed.
- Do not tighten the nut yet.

3. Tighten:
   • Nut (handlebar lower holder) “1”

**Bolt (handlebar upper holder):**
28 Nm (2.8 m•kg, 20 ft•lb)

**Nut (handlebar lower holder):**
34 Nm (3.4 m•kg, 24 ft•lb)

4. Install:
   • Left grip “1”
   Apply the adhesive to the handlebar “2”.

**TIP**
- Before applying the adhesive, wipe off grease or oil on the handlebar surface “a” with a lacquer thinner.
- Install the left grip to the handlebar so that the line “b” between the two arrow marks faces straight upward.
5. Install:
  • Right grip "1"
  • Collar "2"
  Apply the adhesive on the tube guide "3".

**TIP**
  • Before applying the adhesive, wipe off grease or oil on the tube guide surface "a" with a lacquer thinner.
  • Install the grip to the tube guide so that the grip match mark "b" and tube guide slot "c" form the angle as shown.

6. Install:
  • Grip cap cover "1"
  • Throttle grip "2"

**TIP**
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the throttle grip sliding surface.

7. Install:
  • Throttle cables "1"
  To tube guide "2".

**TIP**
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the throttle cable end and tube guide cable winding portion.

8. Install:
  • Throttle cable cap "1"
  • Screw (throttle cable cap) "2"

**Screw (throttle cable cap):**
4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)

**WARNING**
After tightening the screws, check that the throttle grip "3" moves smoothly. If it does not, retighten the bolts for adjustment.

9. Install:
  • Grip cap cover "1"
  • Cover (throttle cable cap) "2"

10. Install:
  • Start switch "1"
  • Brake master cylinder "2"
  • Brake master cylinder bracket "3"
  • Bolt (brake master cylinder bracket) "4"

**Bolt (brake master cylinder bracket):**
9 Nm (0.9 m•kg, 6.5 ft•lb)

**TIP**
  • The start switch and brake master cylinder bracket should be installed according to the dimensions shown.
  • Install the bracket so that the arrow mark "a" faces upward.

11. Install:
  • Engine stop switch "1"
  • Clutch lever holder "2"
  • Bolt (clutch lever holder) "3"

**Bolt (clutch lever holder):**
4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)

**TIP**
The engine stop switch, clutch lever holder and clamp should be installed according to the dimensions shown.

**TIP**
Pass the engine stop switch lead in the middle of the clutch lever holder.

**Bolt (hot starter lever holder):**
4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)

**TIP**
  • Clamp "6"
12. Install:
• Clutch cable “1”
• Hot starter cable “2”

**TIP**
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the clutch cable end and hot starter cable end.

13. Adjust:
• Clutch lever free play
  Refer to “ADJUSTING THE CLUTCH CABLE FREE PLAY” section in the CHAPTER 3.
• Hot starter lever free play
  Refer to “ADJUSTING THE HOT STARTER LEVER FREE PLAY” section in the CHAPTER 3.
STEERING

REMOVING THE STEERING

Order | Part name | Q'ty | Remarks
--- | --- | --- | ---
A. | For CDN | 1 | TIGHTENING STEPS:
  • Tighten ring nut. 38 Nm (3.8 m•kg, 27 ft•lb)
  • Loosen it one turn.
  • Retighten it. 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)

Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine.

Refer to "HANDLING NOTE".

Headlight
Handlebar
Front brake hose guide
Front fender
1 | Multi-function display | 1 |
2 | Multi-function display bracket | 1 |
3 | Main switch | 1 | Disconnect the main switch lead.
4 | Steering stem nut | 1 |
5 | Front fork | 2 | Refer to "FRONT FORK" section.
6 | Upper bracket | 1 |
7 | Steering ring nut | 1 | Refer to removal section.

TIGHTENING STEPS:
• Tighten ring nut. 38 Nm (3.8 m•kg, 27 ft•lb)
• Loosen it one turn.
• Retighten it. 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)
TIGHTENING STEPS:
- Tighten ring nut.
  38 Nm (3.8 m - kg, 27 ft - lb)
- Loosen it one turn.
- Retighten it.
  7 Nm (0.7 m - kg, 5.1 ft - lb)

Order | Part name          | Q'ty | Remarks
------|--------------------|------|------------------
 8     | Lower bracket      | 1    |                  
 9     | Bearing race cover | 1    |                  
10    | Upper bearing      | 1    |                  
11    | Lower bearing      | 1    | Refer to removal section. 
12    | Bearing race       | 2    | Refer to removal section. 

4 Nm (0.4 m - kg, 2.9 ft - lb)
21 Nm (2.1 m - kg, 15 ft - lb)
145 Nm (14.5 m - kg, 105 ft - lb)
**HANDLING NOTE**

**WARNING**
Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

**REMOVING THE STEERING RING NUT**

1. Remove:
   - Steering ring nut "1"
   - Use the steering nut wrench "2".

   **Steering nut wrench:**
   YU-33975/90890-01403

**WARNING**
Support the steering stem so that it may not fall down.

**REMOVING THE LOWER BEARING**

1. Remove:
   - Lower bearing "1"
   - Use the floor chisel "2".

**NOTICE**
Take care not to damage the steering shaft thread.

**REMOVING THE BEARING RACE**

1. Remove:
   - Bearing race "1"
   - Remove the bearing race using long rod "2" and the hammer.

**CHECKING THE STEERING STEM**

1. Inspect:
   - Steering stem "1"
     - Bend/damage → Replace.

**CHECKING THE BEARING AND BEARING RACE**

1. Wash the bearings and bearing races with a solvent.
2. Inspect:
   - Bearing "1"
   - Bearing race
     - Pitting/damage → Replace bearings and bearing races as a set.
     - Install the bearing in the bearing races. Spin the bearings by hand.
     - If the bearings hang up or are not smooth in their operation in the bearing races, replace bearings and bearing races as a set.

**INSTALLING THE LOWER BRACKET**

1. Install:
   - Lower bearing "1"

   **Applies the lithium soap base grease on the dust seal lip and bearing inner circumference.**

2. Install:
   - Bearing race
   - Upper bearing "1"
   - Bearing race cover "2"

   **TIP**
   Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing and bearing race cover lip.

3. Install:
   - Lower bracket "1"

4. Install:
   - Steering ring nut "1"

   **Steering ring nut:**
   - 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)

5. Check the steering stem by turning it lock to lock. If there is any binding, remove the steering stem assembly and inspect the steering bearings.
6. Install:
- Washer "1"

7. Install:
- Front fork "1"
- Upper bracket "2"
- Main switch "3"
- Front brake hose guide bracket "4"
- Front reflector (For CDN) "5"
- Nut (front reflector) (For CDN) "6"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nut (front reflector) (For CDN)</th>
<th>4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Front reflector bracket (For CDN) &quot;7&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TIP**
- Temporarily tighten the pinch bolts (lower bracket).
- Do not tighten the pinch bolts (upper bracket) yet.

8. Install:
- Guide (speed sensor lead) "1"

**TIP**
After installing the guide as shown, pass the speed sensor lead through the guide.

9. Install:
- Washer "1"
- Steering stem nut "2"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Steering stem nut:</th>
<th>145 Nm (14.5 m•kg, 105 ft•lb)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

10. After tightening the nut, check the steering for smooth movement. If not, adjust the steering by loosening the steering ring nut little by little.

11. Adjust:
- Front fork top end "a"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Front fork top end (standard) &quot;a&quot;:</th>
<th>Zero mm (Zero in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

12. Tighten:
- Pinch bolt (upper bracket) "1"
- Pinch bolt (lower bracket) "2"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pinch bolt (upper bracket):</th>
<th>21 Nm (2.1 m•kg, 15 ft•lb)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pinch bolt (lower bracket):</td>
<td>21 Nm (2.1 m•kg, 15 ft•lb)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING**
Tighten the lower bracket to specified torque. If torqued too much, it may cause the front fork to malfunction.

13. Install:
- Multi-function display bracket "1"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Multi-function display bracket:</th>
<th>7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

14. Install:
- Holder "1"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Holder:</th>
<th>13 Nm (1.3 m•kg, 9.4 ft•lb)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**TIP**
- Install so that the marking "a" on the speed sensor lead aligns with the holder edge.
- Fasten the speed sensor lead to the holder with the clamp.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clamp:</th>
<th>7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**TIP**
Pass the throttle cables "3", clutch cable "4" and hot starter cable "5" between the multi-function display bracket and upper bracket.
## SWINGARM
### REMOVING THE SWINGARM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to &quot;HANDLING NOTE&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>under the engine.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Brake hose holder</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to &quot;FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Rear brake caliper</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to &quot;FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE&quot; section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Bolt (brake pedal)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Shift the brake pedal backward.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Drive chain</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Lower chain tensioner</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Bolt (rear shock absorber-relay arm)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Hold the swingarm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Bolt (connecting rod)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Pivot shaft</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Swingarm</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Torque Specifications**

- 53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb)
- 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)
- 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)
- 85 Nm (8.5 m·kg, 61 ft·lb)
- 80 Nm (8.0 m·kg, 58 ft·lb)
## DISASSEMBLING THE SWINGARM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Cap</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Relay arm</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Connecting rod</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Collar</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Oil seal</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Thrust bearing</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Bushing</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Oil seal</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Bearing</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **70 Nm (7.0 m·kg, 50 ft·lb)**
- **2 Nm (0.2 m·kg, 1.4 ft·lb)**
- **6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)**
- **80 Nm (8.0 m·kg, 58 ft·lb)**
**HANDLING NOTE**

**WARNING**
Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

**REMOVING THE CAP**
1. Remove:
   - Left cap "1"

**TIP**
Remove with a slotted-head screwdriver inserted under the mark "a" on the left cap.

**REMOVING THE BEARING**
1. Remove:
   - Bearing "1"

**TIP**
Remove the bearing by pressing its outer race.

**CHECKING THE SWINGARM**
1. Inspect:
   - Bearing "1"
   - Bushing "2"
   - Free play exists/unsmooth revolution/rust → Replace bearing and bushing as a set.
2. Inspect:
   - Oil seal "3"
   - Damage → Replace.

**INSTALLING THE BEARING AND OIL SEAL**
1. Install:
   - Bearing "1"
   - Oil seal "2"
   - To swingarm.

**TIP**
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bearing when installing.
- Install the bearing by pressing it on the side having the manufacturer's marks or numbers.
- First install the outer and then the inner bearings to a specified depth from inside.

**INSTALLED DEPTH OF BEARINGS**
- Outer "a": Zero mm (Zero in)
- Inner "b": 6.5 mm (0.26 in)

**CHECKING THE CONNECTING ROD**
1. Inspect:
   - Bearing "1"
   - Collar "2"
   - Free play exists/unsmooth revolution/rust → Replace bearing and collar as a set.
2. Inspect:
   - Oil seal "3"
   - Damage → Replace.

**TIP**
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bearing when installing.

**INSTALLING THE BEARING AND OIL SEAL**
2. Install:
   - Bearing "1"
   - Washer "2"
   - Oil seal "3"
   - To relay arm.

**TIP**
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bearing when installing.

**CHECKING THE RELAY ARM**
1. Inspect:
   - Bearing "1"
   - Collar "2"
   - Free play exists/unsmooth revolution/rust → Replace bearing and collar as a set.

**TIP**
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bearing when installing.
- Install the bearing by pressing it on the side having the manufacturer's marks or numbers.

**INSTALLED DEPTH OF BEARINGS**
- Outer "a": Zero mm (Zero in)
INSTALLING THE SWINGARM

1. Install:
   • Bushing "1"
   • Thrust bearing "2"
   • Oil seal "3"
   • Collar "4"
   To swingarm "5"

   **TIP**
   Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bushings, thrust bearings, oil seal lips and contact surfaces of the collar and thrust bearing.

2. Install:
   • Collar "1"
   • Washer "2"
   To relay arm "3".

   **TIP**
   Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the collars and oil seal lips.

3. Install:
   • Collar "1"
   To connecting rod "2".

   **TIP**
   Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the collar and oil seal lips.

4. Install:
   • Connecting rod "1"
   • Bolt (connecting rod) "2"
   • Washer "3"
   • Nut (connecting rod) "4"

   **TIP**
   Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.

   **Nut (connecting rod):**
   80 Nm (8.0 m•kg, 58 ft•lb)

   To relay arm "5".

5. Install:
   • Relay arm "1"
   • Bolt (relay arm) "2"
   • Washer "3"
   • Nut (relay arm) "4"
   To swingarm.

   **TIP**
   Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt circumference and threaded portion.
   • Do not tighten the nut yet.

6. Install:
   • Swingarm "1"
   • Pivot shaft "2"

   **TIP**
   Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the pivot shaft.
   • Insert the pivot shaft from right side.

   **Pivot shaft:**
   85 Nm (8.5 m•kg, 61 ft•lb)

7. Check:
   • Swingarm side play "a"
     Free play exists → Replace thrust bearing.
   • Swingarm up and down movement "b"
     Unsmooth movement/binding/rough spots → Grease or replace bearings, bushings and collars.

8. Install:
   • Bolt (connecting rod) "1"
   • Washer "2"
   • Nut (connecting rod) "3"

   **TIP**
   • Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.
   • Do not tighten the nut yet.

9. Install:
   • Bolt (rear shock absorber-relay arm) "1"
   • Nut (rear shock absorber-relay arm) "2"

   **Nut (rear shock absorber-relay arm):**
   53 Nm (5.3 m•kg, 38 ft•lb)

   **TIP**
   Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.
10. Tighten:
- Nut (connecting rod) "1"

Nut (connecting rod): 80 Nm (8.0 m•kg, 58 ft•lb)

11. Tighten:
- Nut (relay arm) "1"

Nut (relay arm): 70 Nm (7.0 m•kg, 50 ft•lb)

12. Install:
- Cap "1"

**TIP**
Install the right cap with its mark "a" facing forward.

13. Install:
- Bolt (lower chain tensioner) "1"
- Washer "2"
- Collar "3"
- Lower chain tensioner "4"
- Nut (lower chain tensioner) "5"

Nut (lower chain tensioner): 16 Nm (1.6 m•kg, 11 ft•lb)

14. Install:
- Drive chain support "1"
- Drive chain support cover "2"
- Bolt (drive chain support [L = 50 mm (1.97 in)]) "3"
- Nut (drive chain support) "4"

Nut (drive chain support):
- 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)

- Bolt (drive chain support cover [L = 10 mm (0.39 in)]) "5"

Bolt (drive chain support cover):
- 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)
## REAR SHOCK ABSORBER
### REMOVING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

**Diagram:**
- **Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine.**
- **Seat and side cover:** Refer to "REMOVING THE SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- **Silencer:** Refer to "REMOVING THE EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- **Drain the coolant:** Refer to "CHANGING THE COOLANT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- **Catch tank breather hose:** Disconnect at the catch tank side.
- **Catch tank hose:** Disconnect at the catch tank side.
- **Air induction hose (air cut-off valve-air filter case):** Disconnect at the air filter case side.
- **Cylinder head breather hose:** Disconnect at the air filter case side.
- **Battery:** Refer to "CHECKING AND CHARGING THE BATTERY" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- **Disconnect the starter relay coupler:**
- **Starter motor lead:** Disconnect at the starter relay side.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Locking tie</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- **56 Nm (5.6 m·kg, 40 ft·lb)**
- **53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb)**
- **32 Nm (3.2 m·kg, 23 ft·lb)**
- **3 Nm (0.3 m·kg, 2.2 ft·lb)**
- **38 Nm (3.8 m·kg, 27 ft·lb)**
## REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Q'ty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Taillight coupler</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>CDI unit coupler</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Plastic band</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Clamp (air filter joint)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Only loosening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Rear frame</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Bolt (rear shock absorber-relay arm)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Hold the swingarm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Bolt (rear shock absorber-frame)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Rear shock absorber</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Locknut</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Only loosening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Adjuster</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Only loosening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Lower spring guide</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Upper spring guide</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Spring (rear shock absorber)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Bearing</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Refer to removal section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

HANDLING NOTE

**WARNING**

- Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.
- This rear shock absorber is provided with a separate type tank filled with high-pressure nitrogen gas. To prevent the danger of explosion, read and understand the following information before handling the shock absorber. The manufacturer cannot be held responsible for property damage or personal injury that may result from improper handling.
- Never tamper or attempt to disassemble the cylinder or the tank.
- Never throw the rear shock absorber into an open flame or other high heat. The rear shock absorber may explode as a result of nitrogen gas expansion and/or damage to the hose.
- Be careful not to damage any part of the gas tank. A damaged gas tank will impair the damping performance or cause a malfunction.
- Take care not to scratch the contact surface of the piston rod with the cylinder; or oil could leak out.
- Never attempt to remove the plug at the bottom of the nitrogen gas tank. It is very dangerous to remove the plug.
- When scrapping the rear shock absorber, follow the instructions on disposal.

**NOTES ON DISPOSAL (YAMAHA DEALERS ONLY)**

Before disposing the rear shock absorber, be sure to extract the nitrogen gas from valve “1”. Wear eye protection to prevent eye damage from escaping gas and/or metal chips.

**WARNING**

To dispose of a damaged or worn-out rear shock absorber, take the unit to your Yamaha dealer for this disposal procedure.

REMOVING THE BEARING

1. Remove:
   - Stopper ring (upper bearing) “1”

TIP

Press in the bearing while pressing its outer race and remove the stopper ring.

2. Remove:
   - Upper bearing “1”

TIP

Remove the bearing by pressing its outer race.

3. Remove:
   - Lower bearing “1”

TIP

Remove the bearing by pressing its outer race.

CHECKING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

1. Inspect:
   - Damper rod “1”
     Bends/damage → Replace rear shock absorber assembly.
   - Shock absorber “2”
     Oil leaks → Replace rear shock absorber assembly.
     Gas leaks → Replace rear shock absorber assembly.
   - Spring “3”
     Damage → Replace spring.
     Fatigue → Replace spring.
     Move spring up and down.
   - Spring guide “4”
     Wear/damage → Replace spring guide.
   - Bearing “5”
     Free play exists/unsmooth revolution/rust → Replace.

INSTALLING THE BEARING

1. Install:
   - Upper bearing “1”

TIP

Install the bearing parallel until the stopper ring groove appears by pressing its outer race.

**NOTICE**

Do not apply the grease on the bearing outer race because it will wear the rear shock absorber surface on which the bearing is press fitted.
2. Install:
• Stopper ring (upper bearing) "1"

**TIP**
After installing the stopper ring, push back the bearing until it contacts the stopper ring.

3. Install:
• Lower bearing "1"

**TIP**
Install the bearing by pressing it on the side having the manufacturer's marks or numbers.

**INSTALLED DEPTH OF THE BEARING "a":**
4 mm (0.16 in)

**INSTALLING THE SPRING (REAR SHOCK ABSORBER)**
1. Install:
• Spring "1"
• Upper spring guide "2"
• Lower spring guide "3"

2. Tighten:
• Adjuster "1"

**INSTALLING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER**
1. Install:
• Dust seal "1"
• O-ring "2"
• Collar "3"

**TIP**
• Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the dust seal lips and collars.
• Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-rings.

2. Install:
• Bushing "1"
• Collar "2"
• Dust seal "3"

**TIP**
• Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bearing and dust seal lips.
• Install the dust seals with their lips facing inward.

3. Install:
• Rear shock absorber

**TIGHTEN:**
• Adjuster "1"

**4. Install:**
• Bolt (rear shock absorber-frame) "1"
• Washer "2"
• Nut (rear shock absorber-frame) "3"

**NUT (REAR SHOCK ABSORBER-FRAME):**
56 Nm (5.6 m•kg, 40 ft•lb)

**TIP**
Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.

5. Install:
• Bolt (rear shock absorber-relay arm) "1"
• Nut (rear shock absorber-relay arm) "2"

**NUT (REAR SHOCK ABSORBER-RELAY ARM):**
53 Nm (5.3 m•kg, 38 ft•lb)

**TIP**
Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.

6. Install:
• Rear frame "1"
• Bolt [rear frame (upper)] "2"

**BOLT [REAR FRAME (UPPER)]:**
38 Nm (3.8 m•kg, 27 ft•lb)

• Bolt [rear frame (lower)] "3"

**BOLT [REAR FRAME (LOWER)]:**
32 Nm (3.2 m•kg, 23 ft•lb)

**INSTALLED DEPTH OF THE BEARING "a":**
4 mm (0.16 in)

**INSTALLED DEPTH OF THE BEARING "a":**
4 mm (0.16 in)
7. Tighten:
   • Screw (air filter joint) "1"

**Screw (air filter joint):**
3 Nm (0.3 m•kg, 2.2 ft•lb)

8. Install:
   • Plastic band
   • Taillight coupler
   • Locking tie
This section is intended for those who have basic knowledge and skill concerning the servicing of Yamaha motorcycles (e.g., Yamaha dealers, service engineers, etc.) Those who have little knowledge and skill concerning servicing are requested not to undertake inspection, adjustment, disassembly, or reassembly only by reference to this manual. It may lead to servicing trouble and mechanical damage.

**ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS AND WIRING DIAGRAM**

**ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS**

1. Headlight
2. Multi-function display
3. Engine stop switch
4. Clutch switch
5. Diode
6. Starter relay diode
7. Throttle position sensor
8. Starter relay
9. Fuse
10. Starting circuit cut-off relay
11. CDI unit
12. Taillight
13. Neutral switch
14. Starter motor
15. AC magneto
16. Rectifier/regulator
17. Ignition coil
18. Spark plug
19. Start switch
20. Main switch
21. Speed sensor
22. Battery
1. Headlight
2. Multi-function display
3. Engine stop switch
4. Clutch switch
5. Diode
6. Starter relay diode
7. Throttle position sensor
8. Starter relay
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15. AC magneto
16. Rectifier/regulator
17. Ignition coil
18. Spark plug
19. Start switch
20. Main switch
21. Speed sensor
22. Battery

*1: For USA, CDN and EUROPE
*2: For AUS, NZ and ZA

COLOR CODE
- B Black
- Br Brown
- Ch Chocolate
- Dg Dark green
- G Green
- Gy Gray
- L Blue
- O Orange
- R Red
- Sb Sky blue
- W White
- Y Yellow
- B/L Black/Blue
- B/W Black/White
- L/B Blue/Black
- L/R Blue/Red
- L/Y Blue/Yellow
- L/W Blue/White
- R/B Red/Black
- R/W Red/White
**IGNITION SYSTEM**

**INSPECTION STEPS**

Use the following steps for checking the possibility of the malfunctioning engine being attributable to ignition system failure and for checking the spark plug which will not spark.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Check fuse.</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Replace fuse and check wire harness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Check battery.</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Recharge or replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Spark gap test</td>
<td>No spark</td>
<td>Clean or replace spark plug.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Check entire ignition system for connection. (couplers, leads and ignition coil)</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Repair or replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Check engine stop switch.</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Check main switch.</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Check ignition coil. (primary coil and secondary coil)</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Check AC magneto. (pickup coil)</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Check neutral switch.</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Repair or replace.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1 marked: Refer to "CHECKING THE FUSE" section in the CHAPTER 3.
*2 marked: Refer to "CHECKING AND CHARGING THE BATTERY" section in the CHAPTER 3.
*3 marked: Only when the ignition checker is used.

**TIP**

- Remove the following parts before inspection.
  1. Seat
  2. Fuel tank
- Use the following special tools in this inspection.
  - Dynamic spark tester: YM-34487
  - Ignition checker: 90890-06754
  - Pocket tester: YU-3112-C/90890-03112
IGNITION SYSTEM

SPARK GAP TEST
1. Disconnect the ignition coil from spark plug.
2. Remove the ignition coil cap.
3. Connect the dynamic spark tester "1" (ignition checker "2") as shown.
   • Ignition coil "3"
   • Spark plug "4"

CHECKING THE ENGINE STOP SWITCH
1. Inspect:
   • Engine stop switch conduction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tester (+) lead → Black lead &quot;1&quot;</th>
<th>Tester (-) lead → Black lead &quot;2&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>Conductive (while the engine stop switch is pushed)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A. For USA and CDN
B. Except for USA and CDN

4. Kick the kickstarter crank.
5. Check the ignition spark gap.
6. Start engine, and increase spark gap until misfire occurs. (for USA and CDN only)

CHECKING THE COUPLERS, LEADS AND IGNITION COIL CONNECTION
1. Check:
   • Couplers and leads connection
     Rust/dust/looseness/short-circuit → Repair or replace.
   • Ignition coil and spark plug as they are fitted
     Push in the ignition coil until it closely contacts the spark plug hole in the cylinder head cover.

CHECKING THE MAIN SWITCH
1. Inspect:
   • Main switch conduction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tester (+) lead → Red lead &quot;1&quot;</th>
<th>Tester (-) lead → Brown lead &quot;2&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>Conductive (while the main switch is moved to &quot;ON&quot;)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Minimum spark gap: 6.0 mm (0.24 in)

CHECKING THE IGNITION COIL
1. Remove the ignition coil cap.
2. Inspect:
   • Main switch indicator light
     Use 12 V battery.

   | Battery (+) lead → Red/Black lead "1" | Battery (-) lead → Black lead "2" |

   Indicator light does not come on → Replace.

3. Inspect:
   • Rubber part "a"
     Tears/damage → Replace.

CHECKING THE ENGINE STOP SWITCH
2. Inspect:
   • Main switch indicator light

   | Battery (+) lead → Red/Black lead "1" |

3. Inspect:
   • Rubber part "a"

   | Tester (+) lead → Orange lead "1" |

4. Inspect:
   • Primary coil resistance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary coil resistance</th>
<th>Tester selector position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ω x 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   | Battery (+) lead → Red/Black lead "1" |

   | Battery (-) lead → Black lead "2" |

   Not conductive while the main switch is moved to "ON" → Replace.
   Conductive while the main switch is moved to "OFF" → Replace.

   | Tester (+) lead → Orange lead "1" |

   | Tester (-) lead → Black lead "2" |

   Result

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary coil resistance</th>
<th>Tester selector position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.08–0.10 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
<td>Ω x 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   | Battery (+) lead → Red/Black lead "1" |

   | Battery (-) lead → Black lead "2" |

   Not conductive while the main switch is moved to "ON" → Replace.
   Conductive while the main switch is moved to "OFF" → Replace.

   | Tester (+) lead → Orange lead "1" |

   | Tester (-) lead → Black lead "2" |

   Result

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary coil resistance</th>
<th>Tester selector position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.08–0.10 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
<td>Ω x 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   | Battery (+) lead → Red/Black lead "1" |

   | Battery (-) lead → Black lead "2" |

   Not conductive while the main switch is moved to "ON" → Replace.
   Conductive while the main switch is moved to "OFF" → Replace.

   | Tester (+) lead → Orange lead "1" |

   | Tester (-) lead → Black lead "2" |

   Result

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary coil resistance</th>
<th>Tester selector position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.08–0.10 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
<td>Ω x 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   | Battery (+) lead → Red/Black lead "1" |

   | Battery (-) lead → Black lead "2" |

   Not conductive while the main switch is moved to "ON" → Replace.
   Conductive while the main switch is moved to "OFF" → Replace.

   | Tester (+) lead → Orange lead "1" |

   | Tester (-) lead → Black lead "2" |

   Result

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary coil resistance</th>
<th>Tester selector position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.08–0.10 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
<td>Ω x 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   | Battery (+) lead → Red/Black lead "1" |

   | Battery (-) lead → Black lead "2" |
ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM

3. Inspect:
   • Secondary coil resistance
     Out of specification → Replace.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Secondary coil resistance</th>
<th>Tester selector position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.6–6.8 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
<td>kΩ x 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHECKING THE NEUTRAL SWITCH
1. Inspect:
   • Neutral switch conduction

   | Tester (+) lead → Orange lead "1" |
   | Tester (-) lead → Spark plug terminal "2" |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not conductive while it is in neutral → Replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conductive while it is engaged → Replace.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   TIP
   Set the tester selection position to "Ω x 1".

CHECKING THE AC MAGNETO
1. Inspect:
   • Pickup coil resistance
     Out of specification → Replace.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pickup coil resistance</th>
<th>Tester selector position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>248–372 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
<td>Ω x 100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHECKING THE CDI UNIT
Check all electrical components. If no fault is found, replace the CDI unit.
Then check the electrical components again.

ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM

STARTING CIRCUIT CUT-OFF SYSTEM OPERATION
If the main switch is set to "ON", the starter motor can only operate if at least one of the following conditions is met:
• The transmission is in neutral (the neutral switch is closed).
• The clutch lever is pulled to the handlebar (the clutch switch is closed).

The starting circuit cut-off relay prevents the starter motor from operating when neither of these conditions has been met. In this instance, the starting circuit cut-off relay is open so current cannot reach the starter motor. When at least one of the above conditions has been met the starting circuit cut-off relay is closed and the engine can be started by pressing the start switch.

WHEN THE TRANSMISSION IS IN NEUTRAL

WHEN THE CLUTCH LEVER IS PULLED TO THE HANDLEBAR

1. Battery
2. Main fuse
3. Main switch
4. Starting circuit cut-off relay
5. Start switch
6. Diode
7. Clutch switch
8. Neutral switch
9. Starter relay
10. Starter motor
INSPECTION STEPS
If the starter motor will not operate, use the following inspection steps.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>*1 Check fuse.</th>
<th>No good → Replace fuse and check wire harness.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OK ↓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>*2 Check battery.</th>
<th>No good → Recharge or replace.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OK ↓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Check each coupler and wire connection.</th>
<th>No good → Repair or replace.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OK ↓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>*3 Check main switch.</th>
<th>No good → Replace.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OK ↓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Check starter motor operation.</th>
<th>No good → Repair or replace.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OK ↓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Check starting circuit cut-off relay.</th>
<th>No good → Replace.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OK ↓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Check starter relay.</th>
<th>No good → Replace.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OK ↓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>*4 Check neutral switch.</th>
<th>No good → Replace.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OK ↓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Check clutch switch.</th>
<th>No good → Replace.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OK ↓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Check diode.</th>
<th>No good → Replace.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OK ↓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Check start switch.</th>
<th>No good → Replace.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OK ↓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1 marked: Refer to "CHECKING THE FUSE" section in the CHAPTER 3.
*2 marked: Refer to "CHECKING AND CHARGING THE BATTERY" section in the CHAPTER 3.
*3 marked: Refer to "CHECKING THE MAIN SWITCH" section.
*4 marked: Refer to "CHECKING THE NEUTRAL SWITCH" section.

TIP
• Remove the following parts before inspection.
  1. Seat
  2. Rear fender
• Use 12 V battery in this inspection.
• Use the following special tools in this inspection.

Pocket tester:
YU-3112-C/90890-03112
CHECKING THE COUPLERS AND LEADS CONNECTION
1. Check:
- Couplers and leads connection
  Rust/dust/looseness/short-circuit → Repair or replace.
CHECKING THE STARTER MOTOR OPERATION
1. Connect the positive battery terminal "1" and starter motor lead "2" with a jumper lead "3". Not operate → Repair or replace the starter motor.

**WARNING**
- A wire that is used as a jumper lead must have at least the same capacity or more as that of the battery lead, otherwise the jumper lead may burn.
- This check is likely to produce sparks, therefore make sure nothing flammable is in the vicinity.

CHECKING THE STARTING CIRCUIT CUT-OFF RELAY
1. Remove:
- Starting circuit cut-off relay
2. Inspect:
- Starting circuit cut-off relay conduction
  Use 12 V battery.
  Not conductive while the battery is connected → Replace. Conductive while the battery is not connected → Replace.
  **TIP**
  Set the tester selection position to "Ω × 1".

CHECKING THE STARTER RELAY
1. Remove:
- Starter relay
2. Inspect:
- Starter relay conduction
  Use 12 V battery.
  Battery (+) lead → Starter relay terminal "1"
  Battery (-) lead → Starter relay terminal "2"
  Tester (+) lead → Starter relay terminal "3"
  Tester (-) lead → Starter relay terminal "4"

**Result**
Conductive (while the battery is connected)
Not conductive while the battery is connected → Replace. Conductive while the battery is not connected → Replace.

**TIP**
Set the tester selection position to "Ω × 1".

CHECKING THE DIODE
1. Remove the diode from wire harness.
2. Inspect:
- Diode continuity
  Use pocket tester (tester selection position Ω × 1)

**TIP**
Set the tester selection position to "Ω × 1".

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tester (+) lead</th>
<th>Black lead &quot;1&quot;</th>
<th>Continous</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tester (-) lead</td>
<td>Black lead &quot;2&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tester (+) lead</td>
<td>Blue/Red terminal &quot;1&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tester (-) lead</td>
<td>Blue/Red terminal &quot;2&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tester (+) lead</td>
<td>Sky blue terminal &quot;1&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tester (-) lead</td>
<td>Sky blue terminal &quot;2&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tester (+) lead</td>
<td>Blue/Yellow terminal &quot;3&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tester (-) lead</td>
<td>Blue/Yellow terminal &quot;4&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tester (+) lead</td>
<td>Blue/Red terminal &quot;3&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tester (-) lead</td>
<td>Blue/Red terminal &quot;4&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Incorrect continuity → Replace.

CHECKING THE CLUTCH SWITCH
1. Inspect:
- Clutch switch conduction
  Tester (+) lead → Black lead "1"
  Tester (-) lead → Black lead "2"

**Result**
Conductive (while the clutch lever is pulled)
Not conductive while it is pulled → Replace. Conductive while it is freed → Replace.

**TIP**
Set the tester selection position to "Ω × 1".
CHECKING THE START SWITCH

1. Inspect:
   • Start switch conduction

| Tester (+) lead → Black lead “1” |
| Tester (-) lead → Black lead “2” |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Conductive (while the start switch is pushed)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Not conductive while it is pushed → Replace.
Conductive while it is freed → Replace.

**TIP**
Set the tester selection position to “Ω x 1”.

2. Inspect:
   • Rubber part “a”
     Tears/damage → Replace.
### REMOVING THE STARTER MOTOR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exhaust pipe</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Refer to &quot;REMOVING THE EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER&quot; section in the CHAPTER 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Starter motor</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## DISASSEMBLING THE STARTER MOTOR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Part name</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Starter motor front cover</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Washer (starter motor front cover)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Washer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Circlip</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>O-ring</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Starter motor yoke</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Armature assembly</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Starter motor rear cover</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Brush</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Brush spring</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM

CHECKING AND REPAIRING THE STARTER MOTOR

1. Check:
   • Commutator
     Dirt → Clean with 600 grit sandpaper.

2. Measure:
   • Commutator diameter "a"
     Out of specification → Replace the starter motor.

   **Min. commutator diameter:**
   16.6 mm (0.65 in)

3. Measure:
   • Mica undercut "a"
     Out of specification → Scrape the mica to the proper measurement with a hacksaw blade which has been grounded to fit the commutator.

   **Mica undercut:**
   1.5 mm (0.06 in)

**TIP**
The mica must be undercut to ensure proper operation of the commutator.

4. Measure:
   • Armature assembly resistances (commutator and insulation)
     Out of specification → Replace the starter motor.

   **Armature assembly:**
   Commutator resistance "1":
   0.0117–0.0143 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)

   Insulation resistance "2":
   Above 1 MΩ at 20 °C (68 °F)

5. Measure:
   • Brush length "a"
     Out of specification → Replace the brushes as a set.

   **Min. brush length:**
   3.5 mm (0.14 in)

6. Measure:
   • Brush spring force
     Out of specification → Replace the brush springs as a set.

   **Brush spring force:**
   3.92–5.88 N (400–600 gf, 14.1–21.2 oz)

ASSEMBLING THE STARTER MOTOR

1. Install:
   • Brush spring "1"
   • Brush "2"

2. Install:
   • Armature assembly "1"
     Install while holding down the brush using a thin screwdriver.

**NOTICE**
Be careful not to damage the brush during installation.

3. Install:
   • O-ring "1" **New**
   • Starter motor yoke "2"

**TIP**
• Align the match mark "a" on the starter motor yoke with the match mark "b" on the starter motor rear cover.
• Install the starter motor yoke with its groove "c" facing rear cover.
4. Install:
- O-ring “1” 
- Circlip
- Plain washer “2”
- Washer (starter motor front cover) “3”
- Starter motor front cover “4”

**TIP**
- For installation, align the projections on the washer with the slots in the front cover.
- Align the match mark “a” on the starter motor yoke with the match mark “b” on the starter motor front cover.

5. Install:
- Bolt “1”
- O-ring “2” 

**TIP**
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-ring.
CHARGING SYSTEM

INSPECTION STEPS
If the battery is not charged, use the following inspection steps.

*1 Check fuse.
   OK ↓
   No good → Replace fuse and check wire harness.

*2 Check battery.
   OK ↓
   No good → Recharge or replace.

Check each coupler and wire connection.
   OK ↓
   No good → Repair or replace.

Check charging voltage.
   OK → Charging system is good.
   No good ↓
   Check AC magneto. (Charging coil)
   OK ↓
   No good → Replace.

Replace rectifier/regulator.

*1 marked: Refer to "CHECKING THE FUSE" section in the CHAPTER 3.
*2 marked: Refer to "CHECKING AND CHARGING THE BATTERY" section in the CHAPTER 3.

TIP
- Remove the following parts before inspection.
  1. Seat
  2. Fuel tank
- Use the following special tools in this inspection.

Pocket tester:
YU-3112-C/90890-03112
CHECKING THE COUPLERS AND LEADS CONNECTION
1. Check:
   - Couplers and leads connection
     Rust/dust/looseness/short-circuit
     → Repair or replace.

CHECKING THE CHARGING VOLTAGE
1. Start the engine.
2. Inspect:
   - Charging voltage
     Out of specification → If no failure is found in checking the source coil resistance, replace the rectifier/regulator.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tester (+) lead → Red lead &quot;1&quot;</th>
<th>Tester (-) lead → Black lead &quot;2&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Charging voltage</strong></td>
<td><strong>Tester selector position</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.0–15.0 V</td>
<td>DCV-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>at 5,000 r/min</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Inspect:
   - Charging coil resistance
     Out of specification → Replace.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tester (+) lead → White lead &quot;1&quot;</th>
<th>Tester (-) lead → Ground &quot;2&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Charging coil resistance</strong></td>
<td><strong>Tester selector position</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.288–0.432 Ω</td>
<td>Ω × 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tester (+) lead → Tester (-) lead
### THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR SYSTEM

#### INSPECTION STEPS

If the throttle position sensor will not operate, use the following inspection steps.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Check entire ignition system for connection.</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Repair or replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check throttle position sensor. (Throttle position sensor coil)</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check CDI unit. (Throttle position sensor input voltage)</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TIP**

Use the following special tools in this inspection.

- **Pocket tester:**
  - YU-3112-C/90890-03112
HANDLING NOTE

**NOTICE**

Do not loosen the screw (throttle position sensor) "1" except when changing the throttle position sensor due to failure because it will cause a drop in engine performance.

CHECKING THE COUPLERS AND LEADS CONNECTION

1. Check:
   - Couplers and leads connection
     Rust/dust/looseness/short-circuit → Repair or replace.

CHECKING THE THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR COIL

1. Inspect:
   - Throttle position sensor coil resistance
     Out of specification → Replace.

| Tester (+) lead → Yellow lead "1" | Tester (-) lead → Black lead "2"
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Throttle position sensor coil variable resistance</strong></td>
<td><strong>Tester selector position</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full closed</td>
<td>Full opened</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zero –2 kΩ at 20°C (68 °F)</td>
<td>4–6 kΩ at 20°C (68 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kΩ x 1</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHANGING AND ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

1. Remove:
   - Throttle position sensor coupler
   - Carburetor
2. Remove:
   - Screw (throttle position sensor) "1"
   - Throttle position sensor "2"

**TIP**
Loosen the screw (throttle position sensor) using the T25 bit.

| Tester (+) lead → Yellow lead "3" | Tester (-) lead → Black lead "4"
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Throttle position sensor coil resistance</strong></td>
<td><strong>Tester selector position</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4–6 kΩ at 20°C (68 °F)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kΩ x 1</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TIP

Turn out the throttle stop screw until the throttle shaft is in the full close position.

3. Replace:
   - Throttle position sensor

4. Install:
   - Throttle position sensor "1"
   - Screw (throttle position sensor) "2"

TIP

- Align the slot "a" in the throttle position sensor with the projection "b" on the carburetor.
- Temporarily tighten the screw (throttle position sensor).

5. Install:
   - Carburetor
   - Throttle position sensor coupler

6. Adjust:
   - Engine idling speed
     Refer to "ADJUSTING THE ENGINE IDLING SPEED" section in the CHAPTER 3.

7. Insert the thin electric conductors "2" (lead) into the throttle position sensor coupler "1", as shown, and connect the tester to them.

8. Start the engine.

**NOTICE**

- Do not insert the electric conductors more than required because it may reduce the waterproof function of the coupler.
- Make sure that a short-circuit does not develop between the terminals because it may cause damage to electrical components.
9. Adjust:
   • Throttle position sensor output voltage

Adjustment steps:
a. Adjust the installation angle of the throttle position sensor “1” to obtain the specified output voltage.

TIP
Measure the output voltage accurately with a digital electronic voltmeter that gives an easy reading of a small voltage.

10. Put the aligning marks “a” on the throttle position sensor and carburetor.

11. Stop the engine.
12. Remove the carburetor.

13. Tighten:
   • Screw (throttle position sensor) “1”

TIP
Tighten the screw (throttle position sensor) using the T25 bit.


CHECKING THE THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR INPUT VOLTAGE

1. Disconnect the throttle position sensor coupler.
2. Start the engine.
3. Inspect:
   • Throttle position sensor input voltage

   Out of specification → Replace the CDI unit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tester (+) lead → Blue lead “1”</th>
<th>Tester (-) lead → Black/Blue lead “2”</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Throttle position sensor input voltage</td>
<td>4–6 V DCV-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tester selector position</td>
<td>0.58–0.78 V DCV</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Throttle position sensing system.
# LIGHTING SYSTEM

## INSPECTION STEPS
Refer to the following flow chart when inspecting the lighting system for possible problems.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Action if No Good</th>
<th>Action if OK</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Check the bulb and bulb socket.</td>
<td>Replace the bulb and/or bulb socket.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Check the taillight (LEDs).</td>
<td>Replace the taillight assembly.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Check the AC magneto. (Lighting coil)</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Check the entire lighting system proper for connections.</td>
<td>Repair or replace.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Check the rectifier/regulator. (Out-put voltage)</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### TIP
- Remove the following parts before inspection.
  1. Seat
  2. Fuel tank
  3. Left side cover
- Use the following special tools in this inspection.

Pocket tester:
YU-3112-C/90890-03112

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LIGHTING SYSTEM

CHECKING THE TAILLIGHT (LEDs)
1. Disconnect the taillight coupler.
2. Connect two jumper leads "1" from the battery terminals to the respective coupler terminal as shown.

   Battery (+) terminal → Blue lead “2”
   Battery (-) terminal → Black lead “3”

3. Check:
   • LED (for proper operation)
     - Does not light → Replace the tail-light assembly.

   • A wire that is used as a jumper lead must have at least the same capacity of the battery lead, otherwise the jumper lead may burn.
   • This check is likely to produce sparks, therefore, make sure no flammable gas or fluid is in the vicinity.

CHECKING THE AC MAGNETO
1. Inspect:
   • Lighting coil resistance
     - Out of specification → Replace.

   Tester (+) lead → Yellow lead “1”
   Tester (-) lead → Ground “2”

CHECKING THE RECTIFIER/REGULATOR
1. Connect the battery leads.
2. Start the engine.
3. Turn on the headlight and taillight by turning on the light switch.
4. Inspect:
   • Out-put voltage
     - Out of specification → Replace rectifier/rectifier.

<p>| Tester (+) lead → Yellow lead “1” |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tester (-) lead → Black lead “2”</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Out-put voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.5–13.5 V at 5,000 r/min</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lighting coil resistance</th>
<th>Tester selector position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.224–0.336 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
<td>Ω x 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---
SIGNALING SYSTEM

INSPECTION STEPS
If the speedometer will not operate, use the following inspection steps.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>*1 Check battery.</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Recharge or replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check each coupler and wire connection.</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Repair or replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check multi-function display. (Input voltage)</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Replace wire harness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check multi-function display. (Output voltage)</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Replace multi-function display.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check speed sensor.</td>
<td>No good</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1 marked: Refer to "CHECKING AND CHARGING THE BATTERY" section in the CHAPTER 3.

TIP
- Remove the following parts before inspection.
  1. Headlight
- Use the following special tools in this inspection.

Pocket tester:
YU-3112-C/90890-03112
CHECKING THE COUPLERS AND LEADS CONNECTION
1. Check:
   • Couplers and leads connection
     Rust/dust/looseness/short-circuit → Repair or replace.

CHECKING THE MULTI-FUNCTION DISPLAY INPUT VOLTAGE
1. Disconnect the multi-function display coupler.
2. Set the main switch to "ON".
3. Measure:
   • Multi-function display input voltage
     Out of specification → Replace wire harness.

   NOTICE
   Make sure that a short-circuit does not develop between the terminals because it may cause damage to electrical components.

CHECKING THE MULTI-FUNCTION DISPLAY OUTPUT VOLTAGE
1. Disconnect the multi-function display coupler.
2. Set the main switch to "ON".
3. Measure:
   • Multi-function display output voltage
     Out of specification → Replace multi-function display.

   NOTICE
   • Do not insert the electric conductors more than required because it may reduce the waterproof function of the coupler.
   • Make sure that a short-circuit does not develop between the terminals because it may cause damage to electrical components.

   Tester (+) lead → Brown lead "1"
   Tester (-) lead → Black lead "2"

   Multi-function display input voltage | Tester selector position
   --------------------------------- | ----------------------
   10 V or more                      | DCV-20

   NOTICE
   Make sure that a short-circuit does not develop between the terminals because it may cause damage to electrical components.

CHECKING THE SPEED SENSOR OUTPUT VOLTAGE
1. Insert the thin electric conductors "1" (lead) into the speed sensor coupler "2", as shown, and connect the tester to them.

   Tester (+) lead → White lead "3"
   Tester (-) lead → Black lead "4"

   NOTICE
   • Do not insert the electric conductors more than required because it may reduce the waterproof function of the coupler.
   • Make sure that a short-circuit does not develop between the terminals because it may cause damage to electrical components.

   Measurement steps:
   a. Elevate the front wheel and slowly rotate it.
   b. Measure the voltage (DCV) of white lead and black lead. With each full rotation of the front wheel, the voltage reading should cycle from 0.6 V to 4.8 V to 0.6 V to 4.8 V.

   Tester (+) lead → Red lead "1"
   Tester (-) lead → Black/White lead "2"

   Multi-function display output voltage | Tester selector position
   --------------------------------- | ----------------------
   4.5 V or more                      | DCV-20

   NOTICE
   Make sure that a short-circuit does not develop between the terminals because it may cause damage to electrical components.